# precisely

# Spectrum Technology Platform

Installation Guide

Version 2019.1.0



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# 1 - Upgrading your installation

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# Path structure and log name changes

As of release 2019.1, we have flattened the folder structure at the platform level. We have also changed the path to and names of some log files.

#### Path structure

We have removed the <code>server/app</code> and <code>server/app/repository</code> folders. Ensure that you make the necessary changes to configure the Spectrum Technology Platform server. The new folder hierarchy is shown here:

```
..|index
            ** index location
|-- logs
            ** log files for technical support
..|repository
|-- logs
..|server
            ** repository location
           ** log files for technical support
            ** primary server folder
name
|-- bin
SPDs
    |-- error
   |-- license-keys ** backup of imported license keys
```

# Log file location

Spectrum Technology Platform now directs all log files to SpectrumDirectory/server/logs.

## wrapper.log file name change

The wrapper.log file is now the spectrum-server.log file.

# Moving transactional data - upgrades only

As of release 2019.1, we are moving transactional audit log and flow history data from Neo4j to Elasticsearch to improve the maintenance of and access to this data.

**Note:** New installations are not affected by this change.

If you are performing an upgrade from a previous version of Spectrum, the upgrade process will export **all** of this data into two \*.zip files:

- Archive Upgrade 18.2 history.zip
- Archive Upgrade 18.2 audit.zip

The more data you have, the larger the \*.zip files.

**Important:** To avoid building large export files, we suggest that you purge or archive the data before you begin the upgrade process.

If you have a **standard installation** (server and database installed together on a machine), the upgrade process exports files into a directory (SpectrumDirectory/server/import). From this directory, Spectrum imports the files automatically on the first startup of Spectrum. Standard installations require no manual steps to accomplish this task.

If you have a **separate installation**, where the database was installed separately from the server, following the upgrade process, you must manually move the files from the database machine ((SpectrumDirectory/server/import) to the server machine (SpectrumDirectory/server/import). Once you move the files to the server machine, Spectrum imports those files automatically on the first startup of the server.

Depending on how much data you are moving, you can expect the first startup to be considerably slower than usual while this data is imported back into the system and into the Elasticsearch repository. Once Spectrum imports all the data successfully, it deletes the \*.zip files from the server machine automatically.

# Migrating your search indexes

If you are upgrading to release 2019.1 from release 2018.2, your Elasticsearch search indexes will migrate to release 2019.1 during the upgrade process.

**Important:** Your server must be up and running to migrate your search indexes.

If you are upgrading to release 2019.1 from version 12.2.1 or earlier, you have to perform a separate, manual process as part of the upgrade to migrate your Elasticsearch indexes to release 2019.1. This process will maintain your compatibility with the latest version of Elasticsearch. We provide scripts to do this:

- export
- · delete-all-indexes
- import

**Note:** You do not need to perform these steps if you are from upgrading from release 2018.2 to 2019.1. Indexes from 2018.2 will convey to 2019.1 as part of the upgrade.

Using the command parameters outlined below, perform these steps.

**Table 1: Index command parameters** 

Command parameter	Description	Default value
-b value	Optional - Number of records in one batch	import = 1_000 export = 25_000
-e path	Full path to where the Spectrum indexes will be exported to or imported from	
-f value	Optional - Number of records in each file	100_000
-h value	Optional - Number of concurrent threads	4
-o operation	Operation: exp, imp, or del	
-p filename	Optional – Override properties file containing default override index connection properties	
-r value	Optional – Batch size for profiling index report	500

Command parameter	Description	Default value
-s path	Full path to the Spectrum installation location: Directory that includes the /server, /index, and /repository directories	
-t value	Optional – Timeout for export connection, in minutes	5

You can perform the import/export from a script (\*.bat or \*.sh) or by using the upgrade-index.jar file.

- If you use the script method to import/export, the −o parameter is implied and does not have to be specified.
- If you are not importing/exporting from the script, specify: javaLocation -jar
  upgrade-index.jar
- 1. Export your indexes before upgrading to 2019.1.

```
export.bat -e backuplocation -s spectruminstalllocation
```

2. Delete your indexes.

```
delete-all-indexes.bat -e backuplocation -s spectruminstalllocation
```

- 3. Upgrade to release 2019.1 of Spectrum Technology Platform.
- 4. Import your indexes to 2019.1 after the upgrade.

```
import.bat -e backuplocation -s spectruminstalllocation
```

# If you have changed default Elasticsearch certificate connection properties

Most Spectrum users will run with the default set of connection properties. However, if you did change any connection properties, you will have to pass into Spectrum the properties file with your unique settings using the –p command, described in the previous section.

**Note:** This section applies only to sites that have changed the default configuration for Elasticsearch.

Review the valid properties, below. You can ignore/omit properties that do not apply.

#### Index properties for 2019.1

```
spectrum.index.connect.timeout=
spectrum.index.encryption.keystore=
spectrum.index.encryption.keystoreAlias=
spectrum.index.encryption.keystorePassword=
```

```
spectrum.index.encryption.keystoreType=
spectrum.index.encryption.selfSignedCerts=
spectrum.index.encryption.trustAllHosts=
spectrum.index.encryption.truststore=
spectrum.index.encryption.truststorePassword=
spectrum.index.encryption.truststoreType=

Index properties for versions before 2019.1

spectrum.index.upgrade.certType=
spectrum.index.upgrade.keystore.password=
spectrum.index.upgrade.keystore.path=
spectrum.index.upgrade.truststore.password=
spectrum.index.upgrade.truststore.path=
spectrum.index.upgrade.truststore.path=
spectrum.index.upgrade.truststore.path=
```

# 2 - Planning Your Installation

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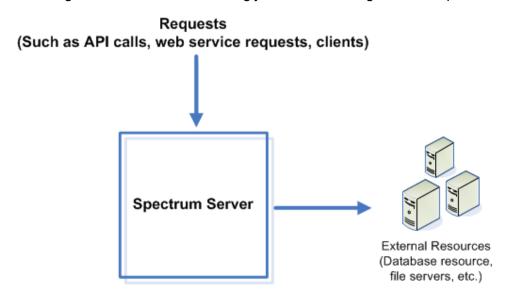


# Installation Scenarios

Spectrum Technology Platform supports a variety of installation scenarios that scale to fit the needs of your organization.

#### Standard

The standard scenario is the simplest installation scenario. You install Spectrum Technology Platform on a single server. All activity is handled by this one server, including designing dataflows, storage of configuration information, running jobs, and handling service requests.

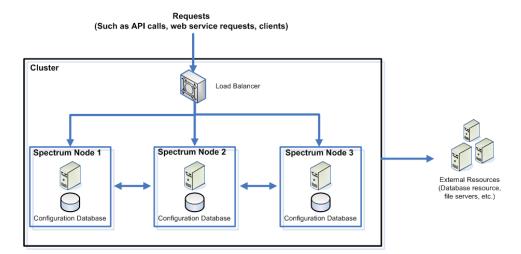


#### Cluster

In a clustered environment, processing is shared among two or more instances of the server. All communication with Spectrum Technology Platform goes through a load balancer. Instead of using the URL and port of the Spectrum Technology Platform server, you use the URL and port of the load balancer. Consider using this approach if you require failover redundancy and high-volume, high-performance processing.

**Important:** As part of your cluster setup and machine preparation, ensure that all system times are synchronized across all nodes in the cluster.

This diagram illustrates the cluster architecture:



This approach has the following advantages:

- Processing is automatically distributed among the nodes in the cluster for optimal performance.
- Configuration settings are automatically synchronized across nodes.
- Uptime can be improved since if a node goes down the other nodes remain available to handle processing requests.
- · Adding a new node is easy.

# Cluster with Separated Configuration Database

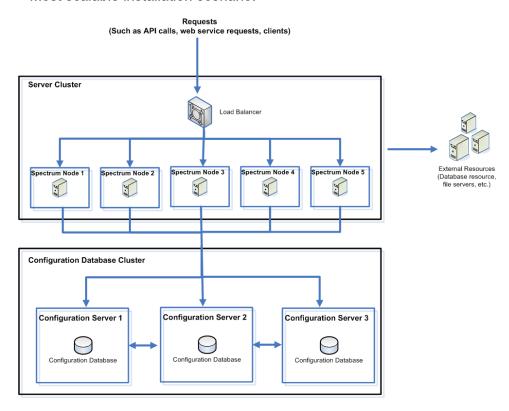
When you install the Spectrum Technology Platform server you are installing two things: server software and a configuration database. The server handles the execution of jobs and service requests, reporting, and logging. The configuration database stores data such as users and roles, data connections, dataflows, and the audit log.

For clusters consisting of only a few nodes, installing the server and configuration database together on the same server provides acceptable performance. However, a cluster that consists of a large number of nodes may have its performance negatively affected by having a copy of the configuration database on each node. This is because an increasing number of nodes results in increased data replication between nodes during synchronization. Performance may also suffer if users are accessing the configuration database frequently through activities such as editing dataflows or job schedules. These activities require processing power, resulting in less CPU capacity available for running jobs and responding to service requests.

If you have an implementation with four or more nodes, you should consider installing the configuration database to separate servers. This is the most scalable installation scenario because you can add nodes without necessarily adding another instance of the configuration database. For example, say you have five nodes and three configuration database servers. You could add another five nodes, bringing the total number of nodes to 10, while still using just the three configuration databases to support all 10 nodes.

Installing the configuration database to a separate server has the following advantages:

- More CPU is available to the server for running jobs, process flows, and service requests because reading and writing to the configuration database is handled by a separate server.
- Reduced network traffic due to reduced configuration data replicated between nodes. For example, you could have five Spectrum Technology Platform servers for handling execution while having only three repositories. With just three repositories instead of five, data only needs to replicate between three servers rather than five.
- · Most scalable installation scenario.



# Before You Begin

# Before Installing on Windows

#### Java JDK Version

You must have the Java 8 JDK (64-bit) installed to run Spectrum Technology Platform. If you do not have the Java 8 JDK version installed, you can download it from the vendor sites based on the platform. Follow the links to download and install the Java 8 JDK (64-bit).

# Install the JDK and Set the JAVA\_Home Environment Variable

Regardless of the operating system, you must have the Java 8 JDK (64-bit) installed to run Spectrum Technology Platform.

The following table lists Java distributions that have been tested with the Spectrum Technology Platform.

Operating System	Vendor-supplied	Azul	Oracle
AIX	Yes		
CentOS		Yes	Yes
HP-UX	Yes		
Oracle Linux		Yes	Yes
Red Hat Enterprise Linux		Yes	Yes
Solaris		Yes	Yes
SUSE Enterprise Linux Server		Yes	Yes

Operating System	Vendor-supplied	Azul	Oracle
Ubuntu		Yes	Yes
Windows Server		Yes	Yes

Set the JAVA HOME environment variable.

Setting the JAVA\_Home Environment Variable on Windows on page 15

**Note:** To change the Java installation on a system that is currently running the Spectrum Technology Platform, you must stop Spectrum before performing changes to the Java installation. Restart Spectrum only after you complete the changes.

# Setting the JAVA\_Home Environment Variable on Windows

Before you begin the installation process, you must configure environment variables that specify the location for your installation of 64-bit Java.

Set the JAVA\_HOME variable to point to the Java application folder on your system, and add the path to the Java bin folder to the system Path variable.

**Note:** The environment variable settings described here may already be configured if you ran a setup application to install Java.

- 1. Open the Windows **Environment Variables** settings dialog box.
  - a) In Windows Control Panel, click System.
  - b) In Computer name, domain, and workgroup settings, click Change settings.
  - c) In the **System Properties** dialog box, click the **Advanced** tab, and then click **Environment Variables**.

**Note:** Variable settings defined in the **User variables** box apply only for the current user login or profile. Variable settings defined in the **System variables** box apply for any user account that logs into Windows. The user variable setting is used when it has the same name as a system variable. On the other hand, the effective Path is the user Path variable appended to the system Path variable, so the order of entries are system entries followed by user entries.

- 2. Add JAVA HOME as a new Windows environment variable to specify the Java application folder.
  - a) For System variables, click New if the JAVA HOME variable does not already exist.
  - b) For Variable name enter JAVA HOME.
  - c) For **Variable value** enter the full path to the Java application folder. For example, C:\Program Files\Java\zulu-8.

- d) Click OK.
- 3. Add %JAVA\_HOME%\bin to the Path variable.
  - a) In **System variables**, click the **Path** variable.
  - b) Click Edit.
  - c) Double-click the first blank entry in the box.
  - d) Enter %JAVA\_HOME%\bin.
  - e) Click OK

# System Requirements

# Server

# **Operating Systems**

Supported Operating System	Notes
AIX 7.1	
AIX 7.2	
CentOS 6.x	
CentOS 7.x	Requires the following:
	libstdc++.so.5
	<pre>installed as follows: yum install compat-libstdc++-33</pre>
	MrSID raster images require libpng12.so on this operating system.
HP-UX 11.31 (Itanium)	
Oracle Linux 6.x	
Oracle Linux 7.x	

Supported Operating System	Notes
Red Hat Enterprise Linux 6.x	
Red Hat Enterprise Linux 7.x	
Solaris 11 (SPARC only)	
SUSE Enterprise Linux Server 11.x	Requires the following: glibc-2.9 or glibc-2.11 installed as follows: zypper install libstdc++33-32bit zlib-32bit
SUSE Enterprise Linux Server 12.x	Requires the following:
	glibc-2.9 or glibc-2.11 installed as follows:
	zypper install libstdc++33-32bit zlib-32bit
Ubuntu 16.04 LTS	Requires these runtime libraries installed as follows:  apt-get install libstdc++5:i386 zlib1g:i386  MrSID raster images require libpng12.deb and libjpeg62 on this operating system.
Ubuntu 18.04 LTS	Requires these runtime libraries installed as follows:  apt-get install libstdc++5:i386 zlib1g:i386  MrSID raster images require libpng12.deb and libjpeg62 on this operating system.
Windows Server 2012	
Windows Server 2012 R2	
Windows Server 2016	
Windows Server 2019	

# Unsupported Operating Systems by Module

All modules support the Windows operating systems listed in the previous section.

The following table shows the UNIX/Linux operating systems that are not supported for specific modules.

Module	Not Supported
Analytics Scoring Module	AIX 7.1, 7.2
	HP-UX 11.31 (Itanium)
	Solaris 11 (SPARC only)
Data Hub Module	Data Hub is not supported on HP.
Enterprise Geocoding Module (U.S.)	SUSE Enterprise Linux Server 12.x
	Ubuntu 14.04 LTS
Enterprise Tax Module	Solaris 11 (SPARC only)
	SUSE Enterprise Linux Server 12.x
	Ubuntu 14.04 LTS
GeoConfidence Module	HP-UX 11.31 (Itanium)
GeoEnrichment Module	SUSE Enterprise Linux Server 12.x
	Ubuntu 14.04 LTS
Global Geocoding Module	SUSE Enterprise Linux Server 12.x (not supported for U.S. geocoder)
	Ubuntu 14.04 LTS
Machine Learning Module	AIX 7.1, 7.2
	HP-UX 11.31 (Itanium)
	Solaris 11 (SPARC only)
Microsoft Dynamics CRM Module	Ubuntu 14.04 LTS, 16.04 LTS

Module	Not Supported
SAP Module	Ubuntu 14.04 LTS, 16.04 LTS
SugarCRM Module	Ubuntu 14.04 LTS, 16.04 LTS
Universal Addressing Module	Ubuntu 14.04 LTS
Universal Addressing Module - Validate Address Global	Ubuntu 16.04 LTS HP-UX 11.31 (Itanium)

## Disk Space

# New Installation Upgrade

- The disk where you are installing Spectrum Technology Platform must have 4 GB of free space to install all modules, less if installing fewer modules.
- The disk where the temp folder is located must have at least 10 GB of free space for the installation to extract the files it needs. You may need more depending on the options you are installing. If necessary, modify your TEMP environment variable (Windows) or IATEMPDIR environment variable (Unix and Linux) to point to a location with enough space.
- Upgrade memory requirement You must have a minimum of 8GB of RAM to run the upgrade to release 2019.1.
- The disk where you are installing Spectrum Technology
  Platform must have free disk space equal to three times
  the size of your current installation. To determine the size
  of your current installation, look at the size of the folder
  where you installed Spectrum Technology Platform.
  - If you are adding modules as part of your upgrade, you will need 3 GB to install all modules, less if installing fewer modules.
  - The disk where the temp folder is located must have 10 GB of free space plus four times the size of your current installation. For example, if your current installation is 5 GB, you would need 30 GB of temp space: (4 x 5 GB) + 10 GB = 30 GB. If necessary, modify your TEMP environment variable (Windows) or IATEMPDIR environment variable (Unix and Linux) to point to a location with enough space.

**Note:** If you are installing a module that uses a reference database, such as a postal database, geocoding database, or data normalization tables, you will need space for this data. The total disk space varies, depending on which modules and databases you are installing.

## Memory

- **Upgrade memory requirement -** You must have a minimum of 8GB of RAM to run the upgrade to release 2019.1.
- Basic memory requirement: 16 GB
- The Data Normalization Module and Universal Name Module require additional memory if you use these name databases:
  - Arabic Plus Pack: 5.5 GB
  - Asian Plus Pack Chinese: 32 MB
    Asian Plus Pack Japanese: 1.6 GB
    Asian Plus Pack Korean: 8 MB
  - Core Names: 1.1 GB
- The memory allocation for the Machine Learning Module should be three to four times the size of
  the input file used in jobs where models are created. We recommend that the minimum memory
  setting should be at least 1 GB. After installation of this release, configure minimum and maximum
  memory settings for the Machine Learning Module on the Configuration Settings tab of the
  Machine Learning Model Management application.

# Additional Requirements

- Windows administrator rights are required to install.
- In order to use the enhanced system tray notification application the server must have .NET Framework 3.5 SP1 (also known as 3.5.1) or higher. Current versions of Windows Server come with the required version of .NET Framework.

## System Requirements for Enterprise Geocoding and Global Geocoding modules

- The Enterprise Geocoding Module and Global Geocoding Module system requirements:
  - minimum: 16 GB RAM, 4 CPU, 100 GB storage
  - recommended 32 GB RAM, 8 CPU, 200 GB storage, sufficient for all datasets.

The amount of RAM will depend on how many users are on the system and how many datasets are loaded.

#### Requirements for the Big Data Integration Module

For the stages using Hadoop, which are **Read from Hive File**, **Read from Hadoop Sequence**, **Write to Hadoop Sequence**, and **Write to Hive File**, and for the activities **Run Hadoop MapReduce Job** and **Run Hadoop Pig**:

· Hadoop version 2.6 and above

For the activities using Spark, which are **Submit Spark Job** and **Spark Sorter**:

• Spark 2.0.1 and above.

# File locations

This topic shows where files are located in the folder hierarchy of the Spectrum Technology Platform server application folder.

# The default location for the Spectrum Technology Platform

SpectrumFolder\repository\data\databases is C:\Program Files\Pitney Bowes\Spectrum, but you can specify a different location when you install the server.

```
..|index
                                 ** index location
  |-- logs
                                 ** log files for technical support
..|repository
|-- logs
..|server
                                ** repository location
                              ** log files for technical support
** primary server folder
  |-- archive
                                ** archive files: resource bundles, reports
        name
  |-- bin
                                ** startup scripts, wrapper
                      ** startup scripts, wrapper
** configuration files

** car and war files; consoles

** read me file(s)

** jdbc drivers

** exported: Enterprise Designer, others

** imported: license keys, flows, reports,
  |-- conf
|-- deploy
|-- doc
   |-- drivers
   |-- exports
   |-- import
SPDs
            error ** import item error store |-- dataflows ** dataflow import errors
                               ** import item error storage
        |-- error
            |-- license-keys ** backup of imported license keys
                                 ** platform jar files
   |-- lib
   |-- logs
|-- modules
|-- ref-data
                               ** log files
                             ** product modules
** reference data file archive
                                ** temporary folder
   |-- tmp
                                 ** types jar files
   |-- types
```

# **Network Ports**

The Spectrum Technology Platform server uses several network ports for communication. Network port conflicts can result in module components failing to start. One indication that a component has failed to start is if it does not appear in Management Console. To troubleshoot the problem, look in

the Spectrum Technology Platform log. This log shows which port is causing the problem. Open the following file to view the Spectrum Technology Platform server log:

SpectrumFolder\server\logs\spectrum-server.log

Server port settings defined in the spectrum-container properties file

You can modify network ports by modifying properties settings in the following file:

SpectrumFolder\server\conf\spectrum-container.properties

Restart the server after you make changes to the property settings.

**Note:** In a clustered environment you must modify the spectrum-container.properties file on each node in the cluster.

Port	Description
5001	This port is used by the Spectrum Technology Platform configuration database.
	To use a different port in a non-clustered environment, configure settings in the SpectrumFolder/repository/neo4j.template file.
	To use a different port in a clustered environment, configure the <b>spectrum.repository.server.seeds</b> property to specify the seed nodes for the configuration database.
5701	This port is used by Hazelcast for managing distributed processing between Spectrum Technology Platform servers in a cluster.
	To use a different port in a non-clustered environment, modify this property:
	spectrum.cluster.port
	To use a different port in a clustered environment:
	<ul> <li>Specify the port you want to use instead of 5701 in spectrum.cluster.port.</li> <li>Include the Hazelcast port number after each IP address specified in spectrum.cluster.seeds. For example, if spectrum.cluster.port is set to 5702 and the IP address of a seed node is 1.2.3.4.5, you would specify 1.2.3.4.5:5702 in spectrum.cluster.seeds.</li> </ul>
6362	This port is used if you enable backups of the Spectrum Technology Platform configuration database. To use a different port, modify this property:
	spectrum.repository.backup.port
7474	This port is used by the Spectrum Technology Platform configuration database. To use a different port, configure settings in the <code>SpectrumFolder/repository/neo4j.template</code> file.

Port	Description
7687	This port is used by the Spectrum Technology Platform configuration database. To use a different port, configure the <b>spectrum.repository.port</b> property.
8080	The port used for communication between the server and Enterprise Designer and Management Console. This port is also used by web services. To use a different port, modify this property: spectrum.http.port
9200	This port is used by the index server. To use a different port, modify this property: spectrum.index.http.port
9300	This port is used by the search index engine used by the Advanced Matching Module, configured using spectrum.index.tcp.port.
10119	This port is used for API calls made to services. To use a different port, modify this property: spectrum.socketgateway.port
32751	This port is used for ODBC connections model stores which are created in Metadata Insights.  To use a different port, modify this property: spectrum.metadata.odbc.port

# Data Hub port settings defined in the neo4j.properties file

You can modify Data Hub ports by modifying the properties in this file and restarting the server:

• SpectrumFolder\server\modules\hub\db\neo4j.properties

Port	Description
6044-6299	These ports are used by the Data Hub module. This is specified by the following property: ha.host.data.port
6372-6627	These ports are used by the Data Hub module. This is specified by the following property: dbms.backup.address
7001	This port is used by the Data Hub module. This is specified by the following property:  ha.host.coordination.base_port

## Machine Learning Module

Ports documented in this section are required for the Machine Learning module.

Port	Description
15431	Port 15431 is required for the Machine Learning module.

# **Enterprise Designer**

Enterprise Designer can connect to a Spectrum Technology Platform server on any currently supported platform.

System requirements:

- Operating system: Microsoft Windows 10
- 86 MB of disk space to install Enterprise Designer without any modules. Each module you install requires additional disk space.
- Microsoft .NET Framework 4.6 (available from the Spectrum Technology Platform Welcome Page, http://spectrumServerName:8080)
- A monitor with at least 1024 x 768 resolution
- Maximum DPI setting: 150%
- Adobe Reader 7 or later (for viewing and saving reports)

# Web Browsers

We recommend that you disable browser pop-up window blocking when using Spectrum Web-based applications.

- Microsoft Internet Explorer 11
- · Google Chrome 77.0 or later
- Mozilla Firefox 69.0 or later
- To use the Data Hub Relationship Analysis Client, use Microsoft Internet Explorer 11. See Get Microsoft Silverlight (www.microsoft.com/getsilverlight).

There is no longer support for Microsoft Silverlight on Chrome, Firefox, or any browser using the Mac operating system. For more information, see Silverlight End of Support.

**Note:** Metadata Insights now provides functionality previously found in Relationship Analysis Client for creating and editing Data Hub models.

# Command Line Tools

Job Executor and Process Flow Executor

The Job Executor and Process Flow Executor command line tools require Java 8.

# User Interface Languages

Spectrum Technology Platform user interfaces such as Management Console, Enterprise Designer, and web applications are localized for these languages:

- English
- French
- German
- Japanese
- Spanish

# Client SDK

The Client SDK provides API access to Spectrum Technology Platform services. To use the Client SDK your computer must meet the following requirements:

- 1.25 GB disk space
- JDK 8 is required to install the Client SDK. Be sure that JDK 8 is in the PATH environment variable.

# Supported Compilers

The Spectrum Technology Platform Client SDK is supported with the following compiler and runtime minimum versions.

Java

Client SDK Package Directory: clientSDK/platforms/java

Client SDK requires Java version 8. This is not installed with the Client SDK.

**Note:** Oracle Java and Azul are supported.

#### Windows 64-bit

• JDK: version 8

C Compiler: MSVC 2005, MSVC 2008C++ Compiler: MSVC 2005, MSVC 2008

#### **HP-UX RISC**

• JDK: version 8

C Compiler: cc: HP92453-01 A.11.01.21 HP C (Bundled) Compiler

• C++ Compiler: aCC: HP aC++ B3910B A.03.30 HP aC++ B3910B A.03.27

The clientSDK 64-bit lib is linked to these libraries:

- libpthread.1
- libnsl.1
- librt.2
- libdl.1
- libc.2
- libxti.2
- libdl.1

#### HP-UX Itanium

- JDK: version 8
- C Compiler: cc: HP aC++/ANSI C B3910B A.06.05
- C++ Compiler: aCC: HP aC++/ANSI C B3910B A.06.05

The clientSDK 64-bit lib is linked to the following libraries:

- libpthread.so.1
- · libnsl.so.1
- librt.so.1
- · libxti.so.1
- · libdl.so.1

#### Red Hat (64-bit)

- Operating System: Red Hat Linux version 2.6.9-34.0.2.ELsmp
- C Compiler: gcc version 3.4.5
- C++ Compiler: g++ version 3.4.5

The clientSDK lib is linked to the following libraries:

- libstdc++.so.6
- · libm.so.6

- · libgcc\_s.so.1
- · libpthread.so.0
- · libc.so.6
- Id-linux-x86-64.so.2

#### SuSE

- Operating System: SuSE SLES 11 and 12 (powered by UnitedLinux 1.0) (i586)\nKernel 2.4.21-295-smp (0).
- C Compiler: gcc version 3.2.2C++ Compiler: g++ version 3.2.2

#### Solaris

- Operating System: Solaris 5.11
- C Compiler: cc: Forte Developer 7 C 5.4 2002/03/09
- C++ Compiler: CC: Forte Developer 7 C++ 5.4 Patch 111715-16 2005/04/28

The clientSDK 64-bit lib is linked to the following libraries:

- · libpthread.so.1
- · libsocket.so.1
- · libnsl.so.1
- librt.so.1
- libc.so.1
- libmp.so.2
- libmd5.so.1
- · libscf.so.1
- · libaio.so.1
- · libdoor.so.1
- libuutil.so.1
- · libm.so.2
- libc\_psr.so.1
- libmd5\_psr.so.1

#### AIX

- · Operating System: AIX version 7.x
- C Compiler: xlc 6.0 Visual Age C 6.0
- C++ Compiler: xIC 6.0 Visual Age C++ 6.0

The clientSDK 64-bit lib are linked to the following libraries:

· libC.a

- libc r.a
- · libpthread.a
- librtl.a

# Spatial Module Support

#### **Databases**

The Spatial Module, which includes routing, supports the following spatial databases for use with the spatial services, data, and resources:

- Oracle 11GR2 and Oracle 12CR2
- SQL Server 2016 and SQL Server 2017
- PostgreSQL 11.5 (with PostGIS 2.5) and PostgreSQL 12.0 (with PostGIS 3.0)

**Note:** Spectrum Spatial requires the PostGIS extension for PostGreSQL data source provider even if spatial capability will be not needed or used.

GeoPackage (Windows and CentOS)

#### Data Formats

The Spatial Module supports the following data formats for use with the spatial services:

- Generic JDBC (with XY)
- TAB (native, native extended, raster, grid, seamless, DBF)
- · ESRI shapefile

#### Raster Formats

In order to use rasters and grids as a map layer, there must be an associated .TAB file containing georeference information about the image, including the bounds, coordinate system, and registration points.

The Spatial Module supports the following raster and grid formats (64-bit only):

#### **Raster Formats**

Format	File Extension
ADRG	.gen
ASRP	.gen
ВМР	.bmp, .wbmp
CADRG	.gen

CIB	various
ECW (SDK v5)	.ecw
GeoTiff	.geotif
GIF	.gif
JPEG	.jpg/.jpeg
MrSID (SDK v9)	.sid
Note: Supports MG4 (MrSID Generation 4).	
NITF	.ntf
PNG	.png
TIFF	.tif
<b>Note:</b> TIFF files used by the Feature Service and Mapping Service cannot exceed 2GB.	

# **Grid Formats**

Format	File Extension
Defense Digital Terrain Elevation Data (DTED)	.dt0, .dt1, .dt2, .dt3
MapInfo Grid	.mig
MRR (Multi-Resolution Raster)	.mrr
Note: This support is provided on Windows.	
Vertical Mapper Classified Grid	.grc
Vertical Mapper Continuous Grid	.grd

# **Utilities**

The Spatial Module utilities (Tile Generator, WMTS Tile Generator, and the Geometry Validator) require, at a minimum, Java 8.

# .NET Samples

The .NET samples require at a minimum Visual Studio 2013 and Microsoft .NET Framework 4.5.

## MapInfo Professional Compatibility

The Map Uploader provided by the Spatial Module is compatible with MapInfo Professional 16.x or higher. For more information about the interoperability of the two products, see the section titled *MapInfo Pro* under *Getting Started* and *Tools* in the *Spectrum Spatial Guide*.

# Internet Explorer

To use Internet Explorer 11, uncheck **Display intranet sites in Compatibility View** in the Compatibility View settings.

#### WebDAV

When communicating to the server over HTTPS to map a drive to the repository, a WebDAV client is required to use the TLS v1.2 protocol.

# Deprecating

## **Centrus Support**

To work with Centrus, you must install a 32-bit JDK.

Centrus users have an additional step after installing or upgrading the Spectrum Technology Platform and the Spatial Module. To work with Centrus, you must update the Spectrum properties file jdks.properties to work with your 32-bit JDK installation.

- 1. In a text editor, open the jdks.properties file.
  - On Windows, this file is located under \Spectrum\server\conf where the Spectrum Technology Platform is installed (the default install path is C:\Program Files\Pitney Bowes\).
- 2. Add a second property to the file, named jdk.java.exe.32 that points to the 32-bit JDK (Java) installation. Your file will have two entries, one set to the 64-bit JDK and a second set to the 32-bit JDK. As an example:

```
jdk.java.exe.64=C:/Java/Zulu/zulu-8-202/64/bin/java
jdk.java.exe.32=C:/Java/Zulu/zulu-8-202/32/bin/java
```

Paths must include forward slashes (/) not backslashes.

- 3. Restart the Spectrum Technology Platform server.
  - To start the server on Windows, right-click the Spectrum Technology Platform icon in the Windows system tray and select **Start Spectrum**<sup>™</sup>. Alternatively, you can use the Windows Services control panel to start the Pitney Bowes Spectrum Technology Platform service.

# 3 - Standard Installation

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Installing a License Key	
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# Installing a New Server

#### Prerequisites:

- Before installing Spectrum Technology Platform, be sure to read the Release Notes. The Release Notes contains important compatibility information as well as release-specific installation notes.
- Apply all the latest updates available for your operating system, especially those that resolve issues with Java.
- You may encounter installation problems on Windows if the data execution prevention (DEP) setting
  is not set correctly. The DEP setting must be set to **Turn on DEP for essential Windows programs**and services only. For instructions on how to change your DEP setting, see the Windows
  documentation.

#### To install a new server:

- Download Spectrum Technology Platform using the download instructions contained in your welcome letter.
- 2. Extract the downloaded file to a temporary location on the server where you want to install Spectrum Technology Platform.
- 3. Double-click install.exe.
- 4. The installer guides you through the installation process. Note the following:
  - If you are setting up an environment where the configuration database is installed on a separate server choose **Server only**. Otherwise choose **Standard installation**.
  - When prompted, select the modules that you want to install.
    - Make sure that Spectrum Technology Platform is selected.
    - If you are installing the SAP Module you must install Advanced Matching Module. The
      Enterprise Tax Module is optional. The Universal Addressing Module is only required if
      you will be using the SAP module service SAPValidateAddressWithCandidates.
    - If you are installing the Screener module, you must also install these modules: Business Steward Module, Data Integration Module, Data Hub Module, Universal Addressing Module, Universal Name Module, Data Normalization Module, and Advanced Matching Module
  - When prompted, enter the HTTP port that you want to use then press **Enter**. The default is 8080. For a complete listing of ports used by Spectrum Technology Platform see **Network** Ports on page 21.
- 5. Unless you are installing a cluster and you cleared the check box to start the server after installation, the Spectrum Technology Platform server starts when the installation is complete. Wait for the server to start.
  - By default, the Windows Server will not auto start. If you want to enable auto start, click the check box to do so. If you are installing in a clustered environment, you ensure that the check box is

NOT selected, or the installation will be invalid. You can see when the server has fully started by opening the log file <code>SpectrumDirectory\server\logs\spectrum-server.log</code> and looking for this message:

INFO [Server] Pitney Bowes Spectrum(TM) Technology Platform (Version version build) Started

**Important:** Do not attempt to stop the server until after it has fully started for the first time. Stopping the server before it performs an initial startup can cause your installation to become unusable.

- 6. Install your license key. For more information, see **Installing a License Key** on page 38.
- 7. Apply all the updates for the platform and any modules you have installed. For a listing of updates, see the **Update Summary** on the Pitney Bowes support website.

**Note:** Further module-level configurations might be required in some cases, such as Spectrum Screener <sup>™</sup>. See these details in the Installation section of the respective module guides.

# Related concepts

Moving transactional data - upgrades only on page 6

As of release 2019.1, we are moving transactional audit log and flow history data from Neo4j to Elasticsearch to improve the maintenance of and access to this data.

#### Related tasks

Migrating your search indexes on page 7

If you are upgrading to release 2019.1 from release 2018.2, your Elasticsearch search indexes will migrate to release 2019.1 during the upgrade process.

#### Related reference

If you have changed default Elasticsearch certificate connection properties on page 8 Most Spectrum users will run with the default set of connection properties. However, if you did change any connection properties, you will have to pass into Spectrum the properties file with your unique settings using the –p command, described in the previous section.

# Upgrading a Server

- Before upgrading, be sure to read the release notes for the new version. The release notes contain a list of known issues, important compatibility information, supported upgrade paths, and module-specific data backup recommendations.
- Apply all the latest updates available for your operating system, especially those that resolve issues with Java.
- **Important:** We recommend that you create a backup before upgrading so that you can recover your flows, security settings, and other settings, if an error occurs during the upgrade process.

This procedure is for upgrading a single Spectrum Technology Platform server. Follow this procedure when upgrading a standard installation or when upgrading a node in a cluster. If you are upgrading a cluster, be sure to follow the cluster upgrade process. For more information, see **Upgrading a Cluster** on page 58.

If you upgrade the main server and start it before upgrading and starting the nodes, you will need to recreate your connections in Management console after upgrading.

- 1. Download the updated version of Spectrum Technology Platform using the download instructions contained in the release announcement email.
- 2. Unzip the downloaded installer to a temporary folder on the server you want to upgrade.
- 3. Back up the server. For instructions on creating a backup, see the Administration Guide.
- 4. Back up module-specific data for any of these modules if you have them installed.

**Note:** For the Screener module, see the section **Upgrading Screener** in the Screener guide.

Module	Items to Back Up
Advanced Matching Module, Data Normalization Module, and Universal Name Module	Back up the contents of these subfolders located in SpectrumDirectory/server/modules:
	<ul><li>cdqdb</li><li>lucene</li><li>matcher</li><li>parser</li><li>searchindex</li><li>tables</li></ul>
Data Hub Module	Open the Relationship Analysis Client and click <b>Manage</b> . Select the model you want to back up then click <b>Backup</b> . In addition to backing up your models, back up these two
	property files:  • SpectrumFolder\server\modules\hub\hub.properties  • SpectrumFolder\server\modules\hub\db\neo4j.properties

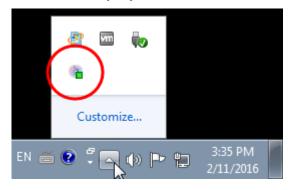
Module	Items to Back Up
Spatial Module	Back up your named resources, data, and configuration files.

 (Optional) You can reduce the time it takes to upgrade your system by purging old records from the execution history. Consider purging the execution history if it contains over 100,000 entries. You can view your execution history in Enterprise Designer under View > Execution History.

If you are upgrading from 10.0 SP1, delete old history records manually using Management Console.

If you are upgrading from version 12.0 SP1, 12.0 SP2, 12.0 SP2.1 and 18.2, use the JMX console to delete old history records. This process is faster than manually deleting records in Management Console, and is available on versions 12.0 SP1, 12.0 SP2, 12.0 SP2.1 and 18.2. For more information, see Purging Execution History on page 36.

6. Stop the Spectrum Technology Platform server. To stop the server, right-click the Spectrum Technology Platform icon in the Windows system tray and select **Stop Spectrum**<sup>™</sup>. Alternatively, right-click the Spectrum Technology Platform icon in the Windows system tray (shown below) and select **Stop Spectrum**<sup>™</sup>.



7. Wait for the server to finish the shutdown process before proceeding.

**Important:** If you have the Data Hub Module installed, make sure that all models are stopped. Models that do not shut down properly will not open successfully after upgrading.

- 8. If you have the Global Sentry Module installed, stop the Global Sentry database server by going to the Windows services control panel and stopping the Global Sentry Database Server service.
- 9. Run the Spectrum Technology Platform installer to upgrade your system.
- 10. Apply all the updates for the platform and any modules you have installed. For a listing of updates, see the **Update Summary** on the Pitney Bowes support website.

**Note:** Any job or subflow stored in the system during a server upgrade is marked as exposed to provide the same behavior for those jobs and subflows as before the upgrade. Any job or subflow that is exported prior to the upgrade will not be exposed. Therefore, when importing

these jobs or subflows back into the system, you must manually expose the imported job or subflow.

Some modules have post-upgrade steps you need to perform.

Data Hub Module	Open this file in a text editor:  server/modules/hub/db/neo4j.properties and set this property to true: dbms.allow_upgrade=true. This property protects against unintentional and irreversible store upgrades. Setting this property to "true" indicates that you understand the ramifications of proceeding with an upgrade and have taken the necessary precautions before proceeding.
	Restart the Spectrum Technology Platform server. The server will upgrade each model. Examine the file server/logs/spectrum-server.log for errors or warning messages. Once all models have been upgraded, edit the neo4j.properties file again and comment out the dbms.allow_upgrade property.
Spatial Module	During an upgrade, the pool size is reset to 4 if set to a lower value. A pool size setting of 4 or more is unaffected. To change the <b>Remote Component Pool Size</b> value after upgrading, open the Management Console and select <b>Resources &gt; Spatial</b> . Change the pool size value and click <b>Save</b> . For details, see <i>Modifying the Pool Size</i> in the <i>Spectrum Spatial Guide</i> .
Spectrum Screener ™	See the <b>Upgrading Screener</b> section of the Screener guide for details.

# Purging Execution History

If you have many flows, or services that are used frequently, the execution history in Management Console can become quite large. This procedure describes how to remove old records from the execution history. You may want to purge old records to reduce the size of the configuration database. Purging records before upgrading to a new version can help reduce the time it takes to upgrade Spectrum Technology Platform.

There are two purge methods:

• Purge records: com.pb.spectrum.platform.configuration:manager=ArchiveTransactionManager

· Purge records and provide archive status:

com.pb.spectrum.platform.transaction:manager=archiveTransactionManager

The steps below demonstrate the "purge records" (non-archive status) request.

**Note:** To purge execution history for all nodes on a cluster, perform the purge on each node individually.

1. Open a web browser and go to http://server:port/jmx-console

Where:

- server is the IP address or host name of your Spectrum Technology Platform server.
- port is the HTTP port used by Spectrum Technology Platform. The default is 8080.
- 2. Under **Domain: com.pb.spectrum.platform.configuration**, click **com.pb.spectrum.platform.configuration:manager=ArchiveConfigurationManager**.
- 3. Optional: If you want to save an archive of the history that you are going to purge, specify the path where you want to save the archive in the **ArchiveDirectory** field, then click **set**. Then, set **ArchiveEnabled** to **true** and click **set**.
- 4. In the **ArchiveRetain** field, specify how many days of records you want to keep in the history then click **set**.
  - For example, if you enter 45 then history records that are 45 days old or newer will be retained, and records 46 days old and older will be purged. To determine how many days of records you can retain, look at the job and process flow history in Enterprise Designer and identify the point in time where the number of records exceeds 100.000.
- 5. Optional: If you want to schedule a purge to occur on a regular schedule, enter the schedule in the **CronExpression** field using a Cron expression.

A cron expression consists of six space-separated values, with an optional seventh value:

Seconds

Minutes

Hours

Day of the month

Month

Day of the week

Year (Optional)

For example, this expression would purge the execution history at midnight every Sunday:

```
0 0 0 ? * SUN
```

For more information about cron expressions, see quartz-scheduler.org/documentation.

After specifying a cron expression, click the **set** button next to the **CronExpression** field, set **PurgeEnabled** to **true**, and click the **set** button next to the **PurgeEnabled** field.

**Note:** You do not need to schedule purges if you want to purge the history only one time for the purposes of speeding up the upgrade process.

6. Optional: If you want to set a maximum number of records to remain in the history after the purge, specify the maximum number of records in the **MaxHistoryRecordCount** field.

This is useful if you have a large number of history records each day, and even after purging old records based on the value in the **ArchiveRetain** field, the size of the execution history is still larger than you want. After purging the old records based on the value in the **ArchiveRetain** field, additional records will be purged until the number of records that remains is equal to the number in the **MaxHistoryRecordCount** field. If you do not want to specify a maximum number of history records, specify -1.

**Note:** The limit you specify in **MaxHistoryRecordCount** sets the limits for process flows and jobs separately. For example, if you specify 5000, the maximum number of process flow history records will be 5,000, and the maximum number of job history records will be 5,000, for a total maximum number of 10,000 records.

- 7. In the **PurgeOperation** field, leave the value set to ALL.
- 8. Select **All MBeans** to return to the main JMX Console screen.
- Under Domain: com.pb.spectrum.platform.configuration, select com.pb.spectrum.platform.transaction:manager=ArchiveTransactionManager.
- 10. To run the purge, click **Invoke**.

This purges the execution history so that you now have a smaller configuration database.

### Installing a License Key

The license key provides access to software pursuant to the terms of your license. It is an encrypted XML file with a file name ending in . key.

**Note:** When you upgrade an existing Spectrum Technology Platform installation, you may continue to use your existing license key. You do not need to get a new one.

To install a license key:

- 1. Locate the email containing your license key that you received from Precisely.
  - **Important:** You must install the license key within 45 days of receiving it. If you do not you will need to contact Precisely for another license key.
- 2. Copy the . key file to this directory:

SpectrumPlatformLocation\server\import

The license key is applied to your system. There is no need to restart your server.

If there was a problem installing the license key, check the log file in:

```
SpectrumDirectory\server\logs
```

Depending on whether the key was processed successfully or there was an error processing the key, the processed key goes into one of these folders:

- SpectrumDirectory\server\archive\license-keys>
- SpectrumDirectory\import\error\license-keys

### Installing the Server with a Silent Installer

The silent install process for the server allows you to pre-configure the server installation process so that it runs without user intervention. Instead of responding to prompts for information such as the installation location and which modules to install, you specify these responses in a properties file which the installer uses instead of user prompts.

- 1. In the Spectrum Technology Platform installer, go to the folder SilentInstaller.
- 2. Open the file installer.properties in a text editor.
- 3. Edit installer.properties as necessary to specify the installation settings you want to use. See the comments in installer.properties for additional information.
- 4. To run the installer in silent mode, place installer.properties in the same directory as install.exe. When the installer runs it will detect installer.properties and automatically run in silent mode.

Alternatively, you can place installer.properties in different directory and give the absolute path to the property in the command prompt using the -f argument, as follows:

```
install.exe -f PathOfPropertyFile\installer.properties
```

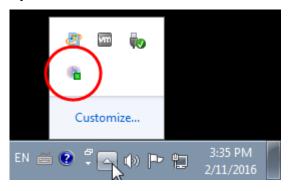
### Adding Modules

Spectrum Technology Platform is designed so that modules can be added as you grow your system over time. For example, you may have one Spectrum Technology Platform module, then license another module a few months later. The second product may be built on a newer version of Spectrum Technology Platform. This will require you to upgrade your version of Spectrum Technology Platform. In another case, the second product is compatible with the installed version. In both cases, the install

program recognizes if it needs to upgrade Spectrum Technology Platform and will do so without prompting. If an upgrade is not required, the installer will skip the Spectrum Technology Platform install steps and install the new module.

The process for adding a module is similar to that of a new installation. In both cases you start the installation process by running the Spectrum Technology Platform installer. Note that Spectrum Technology Platform modules do not have their own installer. Instead, you use the Spectrum Technology Platform installer to add modules.

 If the Spectrum Technology Platform server is running, stop it. To stop the server, right-click the Spectrum Technology Platform icon in the Windows system tray (shown below) and select **Stop** Spectrum<sup>™</sup>.



- 2. Launch the Spectrum Technology Platform installer by double-clicking Install.exe. The installer guides you through the installation process. When prompted, select the modules that you want to install. Your currently installed modules are selected.
- 3. Install any necessary databases for the new product. For more information about installing databases, see **Spectrum Databases** on page 90.
- After you install the necessary databases (if any), start Spectrum Technology Platform by right-clicking the Spectrum Technology Platform icon in the Windows system tray and selecting Start Spectrum<sup>™</sup>.
- 5. Install the license key for the module. For more information, see **Installing a License Key** on page 38.

### Removing the Server

Before uninstalling any product, back up any files you may need in the future. Uninstalling Spectrum Technology Platform will remove all jobs and settings.

Stop the Spectrum Technology Platform.
 To stop the server, right-click the Spectrum Technology Platform icon in the Windows system tray (shown below) and select Stop Spectrum<sup>™</sup>.

2. Go to Start > Programs > Pitney Bowes > Spectrum Technology Platform > Server and select Uninstall Pitney Bowes Spectrum Technology Platform.

**Note:** Some Java files will not be removed because the uninstall process itself uses them.

Typically, the uninstaller program and the uninstall log remain after you complete this procedure. The repository folder may also remain if background processes were running during the installation. You can manually remove the <code>SpectrumDirectory</code> and any remaining files and folders that you do not want to keep.

# 4 - Cluster

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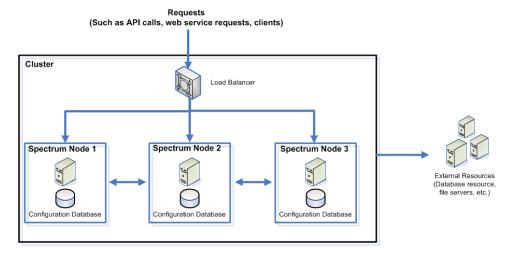


### Clustered Architecture

In a clustered environment, processing is shared among two or more instances of the server. All communication with Spectrum Technology Platform goes through a load balancer. Instead of using the URL and port of the Spectrum Technology Platform server, you use the URL and port of the load balancer. Consider using this approach if you require failover redundancy and high-volume, high-performance processing.

**Important:** As part of your cluster setup and machine preparation, ensure that all system times are synchronized across all nodes in the cluster.

This diagram illustrates the cluster architecture:



#### Load Balancer

As requests come into the cluster, the load balancer identifies the best available Spectrum Technology Platform node to handle the request. The request is then passed to a Spectrum Technology Platform node.

From the user's perspective, the distributed architecture is handled automatically behind the scenes. The user sends a request to the load balancer URL and port for Spectrum Technology Platform (typically port 80 for a distributed environment) as if it were a single Spectrum Technology Platform server.

#### Nodes

A node is a Spectrum Technology Platform server installation. Each node has a copy of the configuration database. Each copy is continuously synchronized. This enables each node to share the same settings, such as license information, dataflows, and database resources.

To configure the cluster, simply point Management Console or Enterprise Designer to the load balancer URL and port for Spectrum Technology Platform (typically port 80 for a distributed environment).

#### External Resources

The definitions for external resources such as database resources (postal databases and geocoding databases for example), JDBC connections, and file servers, reside in the configuration database. The resources themselves (databases, files, web services) can reside anywhere you choose. Database resources can be installed either on each node in the cluster or on a shared network location.

Because the database resources themselves reside outside the cluster, multiple clusters can share the same database resources. You must create the resource definitions in each cluster using Management Console. For example if you want multiple clusters to share the same geocoding database, you can install the geocoding database on a server accessible from each cluster, then in Management Console point each cluster to the geocoding database.

#### Installing a Cluster

See **Installing a Cluster** on page 48 for more information.

#### Clustered Architecture for the Data Hub Module

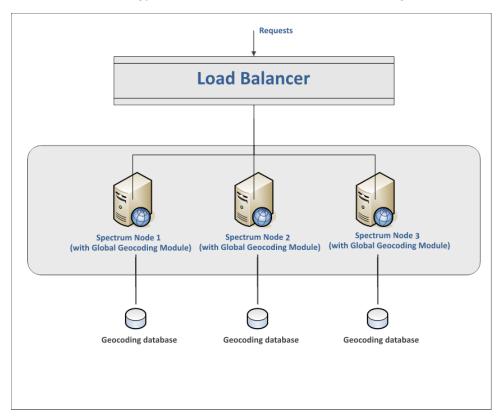
In a clustered environment, Data Hub Module graph databases are replicated to each Spectrum Technology Platform server in the cluster. The server that receives the first request to open a model is the master. All other servers maintain a replicated mirror of that master. If different servers receive requests to open different models, the masters for the models are on different servers. All writes to the database are synchronized with the master. Any server can process read requests.

We recommend that clusters have a minimum of three servers in order to achieve a level of fault tolerance. Also, an odd number of servers provides better individual server resiliency than an even-numbered cluster. We make these recommendations because once the model is running, the system will continue running as long as more than half the servers are in communication. For example, in a cluster of six servers, four must stay in communication; for a cluster of three servers, two must stay in communication, and for a cluster of two servers, all servers must be in communication. Both a three-server cluster and a four-server cluster can tolerate a maximum of one lost server.

All servers in the cluster must be available in order to open or create a model. If any server is unavailable, the server will wait for all servers to join the cluster. If this number of servers do not join within the timeout period, the operation fails.

### Clustered Architecture for the Global Geocoding Module

In a clustered environment, processing is shared among two or more instances of the server. The diagram below illustrates the deployment architecture of such a configuration. Load balancing can be used to support high availability and scaling. The deployment architecture includes a load balancer, Spectrum Technology Platform nodes with Global Geocoding Modules and Geocoding databases.



**Note:** Each Geocoding database MUST be installed in the same location on all of the nodes for the cluster to work properly. For example, if the Geocoding database for "Spectrum Node 1" is installed on C:\data\, then the other Spectrum nodes' Geocoding database must also reside on C:\data\.

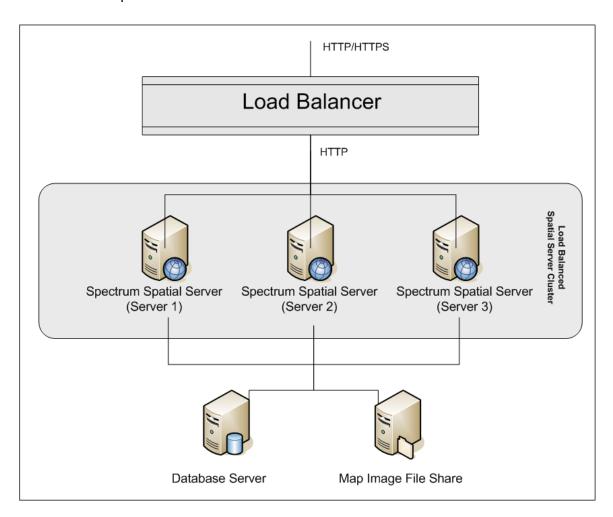
### Clustered Architecture for the Spatial Module

In a clustered environment, processing is shared among two or more instances of the server. The diagram below illustrates the deployment architecture of such a configuration. Load balancing can be used to support high availability and scaling. The deployment architecture includes a load balancer,

a Spectrum Spatial cluster, a database, and a file share. With this approach it is possible to scale both horizontally and vertically. You can cluster the Spatial Module with or without platform clustering.

**Note:** Setting up both a Spectrum Technology Platform cluster and a Spatial Module cluster is recommended and has several benefits:

- Security (ACL) synchronization happens automatically for named resources.
- Dataflows, users, and roles created on one node will automatically synchronize to all nodes.
- All Spatial Module demo pages and utilities (such as Spectrum Spatial Manager) can and should point to the load balancer.



#### Load Balancer

The load balancer spreads requests between the Spectrum Spatial instances. Any load balancer that supports load balancing HTTP/HTTPS requests can be used.

#### Spectrum Spatial Cluster

The cluster is a collection of Spectrum instances with the Spatial Module sharing administration, named resources, geographical metadata content and configuration settings. Additional nodes can be added to the cluster for resilience or to deliver support for greater loads. Each node can be scaled vertically through additional hardware resources and/or additional instances should this be required for hardware with massive resources. Spectrum can be configured to use restricted numbers of CPUs.

#### Database

Spectrum stores named resources (maps, layers, tables and styles), geographic metadata and configuration in a repository. In the default single server installation an embedded database is used to store these resources on the local server. To create a resilient scalable solution this embedded database should be replaced with a resilient independent database. Oracle, PostGreSQL/PostGIS and Microsoft SQL Server are the supported repository databases.

In the load balanced configuration, Spectrum nodes cache these resources in a local cache and search index in each node in the cluster. When a Spectrum node receives a request it uses the local cache and index to find resources. Named resources can be added through any node in the cluster. Each node keeps its cache current by checking for differences between its local cache and the central database. This check occurs every 2 seconds by default. Time frequency can be configured. This architecture ensures the server delivers high performance transactions and the load on the repository database is kept to a minimum. If a new Spectrum node is added to the cluster the cache and index are created automatically. Such a scenario can occur to remedy a node failure or grow the capability of the deployment.

#### File Share

The file share provides a folder to hold map images generated by Spectrum. When maps are rendered using the web services the server supports the map images being returned through URLs or returned as a base 64 encoded image. When a URL is returned the map image is stored as a file and served on request of the URL. To ensure any Spectrum node can return the map image a file share is used to store the images.

### Requirements

- · A cluster should consist of at least three nodes.
- All servers that host a node must have their system clocks synchronized in order for the cluster to function. Verify that all systems point to the same time service to synchronize their clocks.

- All nodes in a cluster must be the same version of Spectrum Technology Platform so be sure that the version you install is the same as the existing nodes.
- All nodes in a cluster must have the same modules installed.

### Installing a Cluster

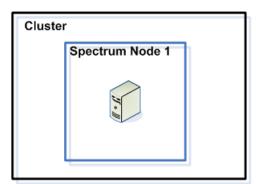
Installing a cluster involves setting up one Spectrum Technology Platform server at a time.

Each time you add a server you need to point it to an existing server which will act as a seed node. A *seed node* is a server that has a copy of the Spectrum configuration data that it can copy to a new node so that the new node's configuration is synchronized with the other nodes in the cluster.

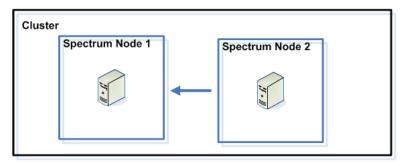
**Note:** All similar nodes should contain all seed addresses. In a combined installation, where the product server and repository are located on the same physical or virtual machine, the seeds would be identical. However, in a separated installation, where the product server and repository server are on separate physical or virtual machines, the server nodes would contain only server seeds and the repository would contain only repository seeds.

The following diagrams illustrate this process.

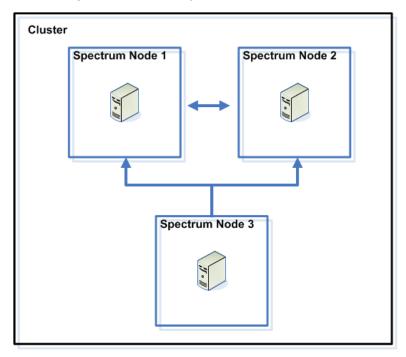
After installing the first node you will, in effect, have a cluster with only one node:



When you install the second node it must point to the first node as a seed node. This will enable the second node to receive a copy of the first node's configuration database, resulting in a cluster with two nodes with synchronized configuration information.



As you add additional nodes, the new nodes can point to any of the existing nodes as a seed node. You must also configure the first node to point to at least one other node in the cluster so that if it is ever brought down it can rejoin the cluster.



Before you begin, install an appropriate load balancer. Follow the procedures described in the load balancer's documentation when installing.

**Note:** The load balancer must be configured to allow encoded forward slashes. If the load balancer does not allow encoded forward slashes you may get HTTP 404 errors while using the cluster. For example, if you are using an Apache load balancer, you can configure it to allow encoded forward slashes by opening the httpd.conf file and specifying this property: AllowEncodedSlashes On. For other types of load balancers, refer to the load balancer's documentation.

Once you have your load balancer installed, follow these steps to install nodes in the cluster.

1. Install Spectrum Technology Platform on a server where you want to host a node. For instructions, see **Installing a New Server** on page 32.

**Important:** The installer will provide the option to auto start Spectrum Technology Platform server. By default this option is not selected. Do not enable this option if installing a clustered environment.

- Configure the properties files.
  - a) Edit the properties in file server/conf/spectrum-container.properties, as described in Cluster Properties on page 52.
  - b) Save and close the spectrum-container.properties file.

c) Some modules have module-specific settings that you must configure to enable the module to work in a cluster.

#### Module

#### **Cluster Configuration Settings**

#### Advanced Matching Module

These settings configure clustering for full-text search indexes. If you do not use full-text search indexes you do not need to configure these settings.

Open this file in a text editor:

..\server\modules\searchindex\es-container.properties

Configure these properties:

copies you want created for each search index. This number should be the number of nodes in your cluster minus 1. For example, if your cluster has five nodes, you would enter "4" in this property.

Enter the number of shards you want your index to have in the distributed environment. The more nodes that are in your cluster, the higher this number should be.

Save and close

es-container.properties when you are done editing these properties.

**Note:** Search indexes created prior Spectrum Technology Platform 10.0 do not support clustering. To enable clustering for indexes created prior to the 10.0 release, you must recreate the search index using the 10.0 API after modifying the es-container.properties file.

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#### Cluster Configuration Settings

#### Data Hub Module

#### Open this file in a text editor:

..\server\modules\hub\hub.properties

#### Configure these properties:

#### hub.models.path.base

Specifies the folder where models are stored. By default, each model is placed in a subdirectory under the ..\server\modules\hub\db folder. If you want to store models in a different location, uncomment this property and specify the folder where you want to store models.

hub.neo4j.database.type Change the value of this property to ha. The default value embedded is for non-clustered installations.

hub.servers.per.cluster Uncomment this line. Set the value of

this property to the number of Spectrum Technology Platform servers in the cluster.

Save and close hub.properties when you are done editing these properties.

The ..\server\modules\hub\db\neo4j.properties controls how the graph databases are configured, using Neo4j Enterprise. This file is used as a template for each model. If needed, each model can be configured separately by placing a copy of the neo4j.properties file into the store directory for that model.

- 3. Start the server. To start the server, right-click the Spectrum Technology Platform icon in the Windows task bar and select Start Server.
- 4. Repeat this procedure to install additional nodes in the cluster.
- 5. After installing all the nodes, go back to the first node and add the other nodes as seed nodes.
  - a) On the first node you installed, open the properties file server/conf/spectrum-container.properties.
  - b) In the property spectrum.cluster.seeds, add the host name or IP address of the other nodes in the cluster, separating each with a comma: ipaddress1, ipaddress2,...,ipaddressn
  - c) Save and close the spectrum-container.properties file. You do not need to restart the server.

### Cluster Properties

The spectrum-container.properties file contains the properties that configure a cluster. This table describes how to set the cluster properties for a cluster where the server and configuration database are installed together on each node, and for nodes in the server cluster in a separated configuration database installation. If you are setting up a configuration database cluster, see Cluster Properties for a Configuration Database Cluster on page 75.

Property	Description
spectrum.cluster.enabled	Indicates whether a clustered configuration is used. Set this to true.
spectrum.cluster.name	If this is the first node in the cluster, set this to the name you want to give to the cluster.
	If this is not the first node in the cluster, set this to the name of the cluster that you want this node to join. If you are unsure of the cluster name, check the spectrum.cluster.name property on another node in the cluster.
spectrum.cluster.seeds	List the IP address and host name for all seeds of the cluster. For example, if your configuration includes three nodes, list Node1IPorHostName, Node2IPorHostName, Node3IPorHostName.
spectrum.cluster.nodeID	Set this to an integer value to use as the ID for this node. The ID must be an integer and must be unique among all nodes in the cluster.
	<b>Tip:</b> We recommend that the first node you install have a node ID of 1, the second one 2, and so on.
spectrum.runtime.hostname	Un-comment this property and set this property to the load balancer host name.
spectrum.runtime.port	Un-comment this property and set this property to the port on which you have configured the load balancer to listen.

Property	Description
spectrum.repository.addresses	<b>Note:</b> This property can be commented out, unless a distributed installation is used. For distributed installations, this property must point to all repository nodes.
	In distributed clustered configurations, with separate clusters of servers and repositories, on different machines, specify the IP addresses of each node in the configuration database cluster. Separate each IP address with a comma. For example, in a three-node database cluster, you would

### Installing a Cluster for the Spatial Module

To set up a cluster for the Spatial Module, you must first configure a common repository (depending on the type of database you have) then configure your system to prepare it for clustering.

Note: Setting up both a Spectrum Technology Platform cluster and a Spatial Module cluster is recommended and has several benefits:

specify:

spectrum.repository.addresses-dNatel-Daddress,dNatel-Daddress,dNatel-Daddress

- Security (ACL) synchronization happens automatically for named resources.
- Dataflows, users, and roles created on one node will automatically synchronize to all nodes.
- All Spatial Module demo pages and utilities (such as Spectrum Spatial Manager) can and should point to the load balancer.

#### Related tasks

Installing a Cluster on the Platform on page 48

Installing a cluster involves setting up one Spectrum Technology Platform server at a time.

### Setting Up a Common Repository Database

You must configure the Spatial Module to use a common repository database for the cluster. This ensures that named resources, geographic metadata and configuration settings are managed across the cluster.

The repository is installed with a set of named resources, geographic metadata and configuration files. To migrate these resources to the common database repository the resources need to be

exported from the default internal repository database and reimported into the new shared repository database.

For bulk export and import of repository content, use the limrepo import and limrepo export commands in the Administration Utility. These commands give you the option of preserving permissions (see the Administration section of the *Spectrum Spatial Guide* for instructions.)

These steps describe how to set up your repository on a common database, either PostgreSQL, Oracle, or Microsoft SQL Server:

- 1. Export all repository resources to a local folder using the limrepo export command in the Administration Utility (see the Administration section of the *Spectrum Spatial Guide* for instructions).
  - The contents of the installed repository must be exported. This step only needs to be performed once, as the contents of the repository should be the same at this point for all instances of Spectrum Technology Platform.
- Stop the Spectrum Technology Platform server on all nodes (for instructions, see Stopping a Cluster on page 67.)
- 3. On all nodes of the Spectrum Technology Platform modify the configuration to specify the common database.
  - a) Copy the contents of repository. <databaseType>.xml to repository.xml located
     under the server/modules/spatial/jackrabbit folder where <databaseType> is
     the appropriate type for your database (postgres, oracle, or mssql).
  - b) In repository.xml:
    - Modify the DataSource section with the server host name, port, database, user, and password.
    - Modify the Cluster section to assign a distinct cluster ID, like Node1. Ensure unique IDs are assigned to every subsequent node in the cluster (for example, Node2, Node3).
    - Save the changes to repository.xml.
  - c) Remove these folders from the /server/modules/spatial/jackrabbit folder: repository, version, workspaces.
- 4. If your database has previously contained any repository content, you must remove these tables to create a clean repository:
  - default binval
  - · default bundle
  - default names
  - default refs
  - rep\_fsentry
  - · rep global revision
  - rep journal
  - · rep local revisions
  - security binval

- · security bundle
- security\_names
- · security refs
- · version binval
- · version bundle
- · version names
- version\_refs

If using Oracle, then also delete version\_seq\_names\_id, security\_seq\_names\_id, and default seq names id.

- 5. On the seed node only, import the backed up repository content.
  - a) Start the Spectrum Technology Platform server (for instructions, see **Starting a Cluster** on page 66).
  - b) Import the contents using the limrepo import command, pointing to the seed node.
- 6. Start the remaining nodes in the cluster (for instructions, see Starting a Cluster on page 66).

### Configuring Your System

Once the Spectrum Technology Platform is installed and you have configured a common repository, you need to configure your instance before you can replicate it to another virtual machine. If you are not using a virtual machine environment, you will need to perform these steps on each of your Spectrum Technology Platform installations.

### Configure the Map File Share

To configure the map file share (a shared image folder) to Spectrum Technology Platform, you first need a shared map image directory.

**Note:** To create a Unix/Linux map file share, see Creating a Map Image File Share on Unix/Linux on page 56.

**Note:** To create a Windows map file share, see **Creating a Map Image File Share on Windows** on page 57.

Once a map image directory has been created, configure the map file share:

1. Modify the Mapping Service configuration by pointing to a shared image folder and load balance server. In the ImageCache change the Directory parameter to a common image directory, and change the AccessBaseURL parameter to the load balancer machine image URL.

If you are using a virtual machine environment, remember this IP address, as you must set the load balancer VM to this IP address.

#### For Unix/Linux installations:

```
<ImageCache>
<Directory>/<spatial server
root>/server/modules/spatial/images</Directory>
<AccessBaseURL>http://<loadbalance_IP_address>/rest/Spatial/
MappingService/internal/imageCache</AccessBaseURL>
    <FileExpire>30</FileExpire>
    <ScanInterval>30</ScanInterval>
</ImageCache>
```

#### For Windows installations:

```
<ImageCache>
<Directory>\\server\Share\images</Directory>
<AccessBaseURL>http://<loadbalance_IP_address>/rest/Spatial/MappingService/
internal/imageCache
</AccessBaseURL>
   <FileExpire>30</FileExpire>
   <ScanInterval>30</ScanInterval>
</ImageCache>
```

2. For Unix/Linux installations, you must set up a symbolic link to enable map images to go to the shared file system.

Create an images subfolder in the mounted share folder, for example, /mnt/<linux mount>/images

```
cd /<spatial server root>/server/modules/spatial
rm -Rf images
ln -s /mnt/<linux mount>/images ./images
```

#### Creating a Map Image File Share on Unix/Linux

The file share provides a folder to hold map images generated by Spectrum Spatial. Create a shared folder accessible to all Spectrum nodes. The file share is not required if maps are returned from the web services as Base64-encoded images.

To create a map image file share on Unix/Linux:

1. Mount a shared folder on each operating system hosting Spectrum. The commands below mount a drive on a Microsoft Windows Server or network drive supporting CIFS.

```
mkdir /mnt/<linux mount>
mount -t cifs //<windows host>/<windows share> /mnt/<linux mount>-o
username=shareuser,password=sharepassword,domain=pbi
```

2. Set the image share to load at startup in /etc/fstab.

```
//<windows ip address for share>/share /path_to/mount cifs
username=server_user,password=secret,_netdev 0 0
```

#### Creating a Map Image File Share on Windows

The file share provides a folder to hold map images generated by Spectrum Spatial. Create a shared folder accessible to all Spectrum nodes. The file share is not required if maps are returned from the web services as Base64-encoded images.

To create a map image file share on Windows:

- 1. In Windows Explorer, select the image folder you want to share.
- 2. Right-click, then click Share or Share with.
- 3. Select the users who will be writing to the image folder. These users must have read/write privileges.

#### Modifying OGC Service Configurations for Clustering

To ensure clustering works when you have both a Spectrum Technology Platform cluster and a Spatial Module cluster, changes are required to the Open Geospatial Consortium (OGC) services configuration files using Spectrum Spatial Manager: From the WFS, WMS, and WMTS settings pages, change the online resource (service) URL to the IP address and port of the load balancer. See the *Spectrum Spatial Manager Guide* in the Utilities section of the *Spectrum Spatial Guide* for more information.

### Configuring Ports for Multiple Spectrum Instances

If you have multiple Spectrum Technology Platform instances on a single machine, you must change the port numbers for each instance. Change all ports in <Spectrum

root>/server/conf/spectrum-container.properties to new port values that are not in use. The HTTP port reflects the port number entered in the installer.

### Shared Spectrum Local Data

If you are using TAB file data on the file system, this data needs to be in a shared location accessible by all instances of Spectrum in the load balanced environment. It is also important to note that all named resources in the repository accessing data on the file system should point to this shared location.

Each VM or machine hosting Spectrum needs to have access to the mounted shared drive.

**Note:** Using named resources that point to database tables do not require a shared drive, as the named resources in the repository do not access the data using a file path; rather they use a named connection to the data in the database.

### Upgrading a Cluster

- Before upgrading, be sure to read the release notes for the new version. The release notes contain a list of known issues, important compatibility information, supported upgrade paths, and module-specific data backup recommendations.
- Apply all the latest updates available for your operating system, especially those that resolve issues with Java.
- **Important:** We recommend that you create a backup before upgrading so that you can recover your flows, security settings, and other settings, if an error occurs during the upgrade process.

Note: If you have customized settings in the wrapper.conf file located in

SpectrumDirectory>/server/bin/wrapper, we recommend that you copy this file to a separate location before you upgrade the Spectrum Technology Platform server. After you complete the upgrade, compare the contents of wrapper.conf installed during the upgrade with the contents of the saved copy of the file. You can then manually copy customizations that you want to retain after the upgrade into the updated version of the file. This is particularly important for changes to the initial and maximum Java heap sizes.

This procedure is for upgrading a cluster where the Spectrum Technology Platform server and configuration database are installed on each node of the cluster. To upgrade a cluster, you upgrade one node at a time. The first node you upgrade is handled slightly differently than the other nodes because you must point the node to itself as a seed node since no other nodes will be running in the cluster when it starts up.

Note that these scenarios have special procedures for upgrading a cluster:

For this scenario	Use this information
separate clusters for server nodes and configuration database nodes	Upgrading a Cluster with a Separated Database on page 76.
upgrading a cluster for the Spatial Module only	<b>Upgrading a Cluster with the Spatial Module</b> on page 63
upgrading both Spectrum and Spatial Module clusters	Upgrading a Cluster with the Spatial Module on page 63
upgrading a cluster running the Data Hub Module	Before shutting down all nodes, see "Upgrading a Cluster with the Data Hub Module" in the Spectrum <i>Installation Guide</i> .

If the above scenarios do not apply to you, follow this procedure to upgrade your cluster:

- 1. Back up the server. For instructions on creating a backup, see the *Administration Guide*.
- 2. Stop all the nodes in the cluster. For more information, see Stopping a Cluster on page 67.

- 3. On the last node that you stopped:
  - a. Upgrade the node. For more information, see Upgrading a Server on page 33.
  - b. Open the file spectrum-container.properties in a text editor and configure the cluster properties. For more information, see Cluster Properties on page 52.
- 4. Upgrade each of the other nodes, one at a time. Follow this procedure only when upgrading nodes other than the first node.

**Note:** Be sure to back up your server before proceeding. This step is only applicable when upgrading from Spectrum Technology Platform versions 11.1 or older.

- a. Add or ensure that you have set spectrum.cluster.nodeID Set this to "1" on the first node, and this value will increase for subsequent nodes.
- b. Delete this folder, if present:
  SpectrumDirectory\server\repository\store\databases.
- c. Upgrade the node. For more information, see **Upgrading a Server** on page 33.
- d. Open the file spectrum-container.properties in a text editor and configure the cluster properties. For more information, see Cluster Properties on page 52. Save and close the file when you are done.
- 5. Start all nodes consecutively, after upgrading. Make sure that you start node 2 within only a few seconds after starting node 1, and repeat this for each remaining node.

You may find it necessary to stop nodes manually, as in the case of applying software updates. When you stop all nodes of the cluster manually, or if all nodes are down, you must start as a new cluster/session.

### Upgrading a Cluster with the Data Hub Module

- Before upgrading, be sure to read the release notes for the new version. The release notes contain a list of known issues, important compatibility information, supported upgrade paths, and module-specific data backup recommendations.
- Apply all the latest updates available for your operating system, especially those that resolve issues with Java.
- **Important:** We recommend that you create a backup before upgrading so that you can recover your flows, security settings, and other settings, if an error occurs during the upgrade process.

Note: If you have customized settings in the wrapper.conf file located in

<SpectrumDirectory>/server/bin/wrapper, we recommend that you copy this file
to a separate location before you upgrade the Spectrum Technology Platform server. After
you complete the upgrade, compare the contents of wrapper.conf installed during the
upgrade with the contents of the saved copy of the file. You can then manually copy

customizations that you want to retain after the upgrade into the updated version of the file. This is particularly important for changes to the initial and maximum Java heap sizes.

In a cluster that runs the Data Hub Module, each node hosts the Spectrum Technology Platform server as well as Data Hub Module models. When upgrading, you need to upgrade your models in addition to upgrading the Spectrum Technology Platform server.

The upgrade process consists of these steps:

- 1. Back up your models and properties files.
- 2. On the master server, upgrade Spectrum Technology Platform then upgrade your models.
- 3. On each non-master server, upgrade Spectrum Technology Platform then copy the upgraded models from the master server to the non-master server.

To upgrade a cluster that runs the Data Hub Module, follow this procedure:

- 1. Back up the server. For instructions on creating a backup, see the Administration Guide.
  - **Important:** We recommend that you create a backup before upgrading so that you can recover your flows, security settings, and other settings, if an error occurs during the upgrade process.
- 2. Open the Relationship Analysis Client and click **Manage**. Select the model you want to back up then click **Backup**.

In addition to backing up your models, back up these two property files:

- SpectrumFolder\server\modules\hub.properties
- SpectrumFolder\server\modules\hub\db\neo4j.properties
- 3. Identify which node is the serving as the master server for the Data Hub Module.
  - a) Open a web browser and go to:

```
http://LoadBalancer:8080/jmx-console/HttpAdaptor/list
```

b) Scroll down to the **neo4j.org domain**.

You will see a set of objects for each model. The **Role** attribute in the **HighAvailability** object indicates whether a server is the master for a model.

- c) If you have more than one model and each model has a different master, you need to make one server the master of all the models. To do this, restart the cluster then open the Relationship Analysis Client using the hostname or IP address of one of the nodes rather than the load balancer. In the Relationship Analysis Client, open each model by running a query on each model. This will make the server you are connected to the master for each model.
- 4. Stop each non-master node in the cluster; stop the master server last. Stop nodes one at a time rather than all at once.

**Important:** Make sure that Spectrum Technology Platform stops without errors. If a server does not stop properly, Data Hub Module models on the server will not open successfully after

upgrading. To ensure that Spectrum Technology Platform stopped cleanly, examine the SpectrumFolder\server\logs\spectrum-server.log file for errors during shutdown.

- 5. Upgrade the master server.
  - a) If you are upgrading from Spectrum Technology Platform 11.0 or later, each model directory must contain a version.data file. Review all the model. ModelName subdirectories located under SpectrumFolder\server\modules\hub\db to confirm that they contain a version.data file. If any model directory is missing this file, copy the corresponding version.data file from one of the non-master nodes.
  - b) **Important:** The installer will prompt you to start Spectrum Technology Platform after the installation completes. You must disable this option so that the server does not start automatically when the installation completes.
    - Run the Spectrum Technology Platform installer to upgrade the master server to the new version of Spectrum Technology Platform.
  - c) Open the file SpectrumFolder\server\modules\hub\hub.properties in an editor and confirm that the following property is set to embedded:

```
hub.neo4j.database.type=embedded
```

d) Open the file SpectrumFolder\server\modules\hub\db\neo4j.properties in an editor and set the following property to true.

```
dbms.allow upgrade=true
```

- e) Start the Spectrum Technology Platform server.
- f) Open each model in the Relationship Analysis Client and run a query. Any query is sufficient.
- g) Stop the Spectrum Technology Platform server.
- h) Indexed properties are now restricted to a maximum length of 4036 bytes. If your model has an indexed property that exceeds this limitation, proceed to step 6 on page 61.
  - If your model does not have an indexed property that exceeds this limitation, continue with substep 5.i on page 61.
- i) Open the SpectrumFolder\server\modules\hub\hub.properties file in an editor and set the following property to ha:

```
hub.neo4j.database.type=ha
```

- j) Compare any properties files that you backed up to the installed files and make any necessary changes. Do not overwrite new files with old files because new files may contain properties that old files do not.
- k) Skip step 6 on page 61 and continue to step 7 on page 62.
- 6. Indexed properties are now restricted to a maximum length of 4036 bytes. If a model has an indexed property that exceeds this limitation, you will not be able to open that model until you complete the following steps:

- a) Copy the SpectrumFolder\server\modules\hub\db\neo4j.properties file to the SpectrumFolder\server\modules\hub\db\model.ModelName folder for each model that exceeds the property constraint of 4036 characters.
- b) Open the neo4j.properties files that you copied in Step a. In a text editor, uncomment and set dbms.index.default\_schema\_provider to lucene+native-1.0. Make sure the neo4j store upgrade is uncommented and that the following property is set to true:

```
dbms.allow upgrade=true
```

- c) Start the Spectrum Technology Platform server.
- d) Remove the

SpectrumFolder\server\modules\hub\db\model.ModelName\neo4j.properties file in each model folder that had the constraint.

After you remove the files, native-btree-1.0 indexing will be used by default. We recommend that you fix all models that failed upgrade due to the 4036 indexed property constraint and re-index those models from Lucerne+native-1.0 indexes to the latest native-btree-1.0 indexes. See the hub model reindex command in the Administration Utility section of the Administration Guide.

- e) Stop the Spectrum Technology Platform server.
- f) Open the SpectrumFolder\server\modules\hub\hub.properties file in an editor and set the following property to ha:

```
hub.neo4j.database.type=ha
```

- g) Compare any properties files that you backed up to the installed files and make any necessary changes. Do not overwrite new files with old files because new files may contain properties that old files do not.
- 7. Upgrade the non-master servers.
  - a) Delete the models in the SpectrumFolder\server\modules\hub\db directory.

**Warning:** Do not delete the models from the master server.

- b) **Important:** The installer will prompt you to start Spectrum Technology Platform after the installation completes. You must disable this option so that the server does not start automatically when the installation completes.
  - On one of the non-master servers, run the Spectrum Technology Platform installer to upgrade it to the new version of Spectrum Technology Platform.
- c) Open the SpectrumFolder\server\modules\hub\hub.properties file in an editor and confirm that the following property is set to embedded:

```
hub.neo4j.database.type=embedded
```

d) Compare any properties files that you backed up to the installed files and make any necessary changes. Do not overwrite new files with old files because new files may contain properties that old files do not.

- e) Copy all SpectrumFolder\server\modules\hub\db\model.ModelName directories from the master server to the non-master server.
- f) Repeat these steps for each non-master server in the cluster.
- 8. Start the cluster.
  - a) Start the master server, followed by non-master servers.
  - b) Ensure that each server in the cluster is functioning. Check SpectrumFolder\server\logs\spectrum-server.log for any errors.
  - c) While directly connected to the master server (bypassing the load balancer), open each model, one at a time, and inspect the spectrum-server.log file for errors.

### Upgrading a Cluster with the Spatial Module

When a common repository database is used for clustering, these additional steps are required before and after the Spectrum Technology Platform upgrade process. This upgrade process must be followed even if you have a single node with a common repository database.

Before the upgrade, you must move to a local database setup; after the upgrade, you then change back to the cluster setup by pointing repository.xml to the external database.

**Note:** To preserve access control settings, use the Administration Utility instead of WebDAV. See the Administration section of the *Spectrum Spatial Guide* for instructions on using the Administration Utility. The limrepo commands in the Administration Utility were available beginning in version 11.0; if you are upgrading from a version prior to 11.0, you must use WebDAV.

- 1. Before upgrading Spectrum Technology Platform, back up the repository by following these steps.
  - Select a node from the cluster. This will be the seed node (see Installing a Cluster on page 48).
  - b) Back up the repository content using the Administration Utility's limrepo export command with ACL, pointing to the seed node.
  - c) Back up the Spectrum\server\modules\spatial\jackrabbit folder to a location outside the installation folder.
- 2. Switch the common repository database to a local database (temporarily, just for upgrade purposes). Apply these steps to all nodes in the cluster.
  - a) Stop the Spectrum Technology Platform server on all nodes (for instructions, see Stopping a Cluster on page 67).
  - b) Delete the repository, version, workspaces folders and the lock.properties file (if available) from the jackrabbit folder (Spectrum\server\modules\spatial\jackrabbit).

- c) Create a backup copy of repository.xml and name it repository-Copy.xml for example.
- d) Copy the contents of repository.standalone.xml to repository.xml.
- e) Start the Spectrum Technology Platform server on all nodes (for instructions, see **Starting** a **Cluster** on page 66).
- f) Import the repository content (backed up in Step 1b) into the repository using the limrepo import command with ACL for all nodes.
- g) Stop the Spectrum Technology Platform server.
- 3. Follow normal procedures in **Upgrading a Cluster** on page 58 to upgrade Spectrum Technology Platform to the new version on all nodes.
- 4. For the seed node only, after the Spectrum Technology Platform upgrade is complete, back up the upgraded content by following these steps.
  - a) Start the upgraded Spectrum Technology Platform server on the seed node and download the Administration Utility.
  - b) Back up the content from the repository using the limrepo export command with ACL by pointing to the seed node.
  - c) Stop the Spectrum Technology Platform server on all nodes (for instructions, see **Stopping** a Cluster on page 67).
  - d) On all nodes, back up the upgraded Spectrum\server\modules\spatial\jackrabbit folder to a location outside the installation folder.
- 5. On all nodes of the Spectrum Technology Platform modify the configuration to specify the common database.
  - a) Restore the backup repository-Copy.xml file to repository.xml.
  - b) Remove these folders from the /server/modules/spatial/jackrabbit folder: repository, version, workspaces.
- 6. If your database has previously contained any repository content, you must remove these tables to create a clean repository:
  - default binval
  - · default bundle
  - · default names
  - · default refs
  - rep\_fsentry
  - rep\_global\_revision
  - rep\_journal
  - · rep local revisions
  - security binval
  - security\_bundle
  - · security names
  - · security refs
  - · version binval

- · version bundle
- version names
- version refs

If using Oracle, then also delete version\_seq\_names\_id, security\_seq\_names\_id, and default seq names id.

- 7. On the seed node only, import the backed up repository content.
  - a) Start the Spectrum Technology Platform server (for instructions, see **Starting a Cluster** on page 66).
  - b) Import the contents using the limrepo import command, pointing to the seed node.
- 8. Start the remaining nodes in the cluster (for instructions, see **Starting a Cluster** on page 66).

### Removing a Node from a Cluster

To remove a node from a cluster, stop the Spectrum Technology Platform server.

- 1. To stop the server, right-click the Spectrum Technology Platform icon in the Windows system tray (shown below) and select **Stop Spectrum**<sup>™</sup>.
- 2. Stop the node you want to remove:
  - change the working directory to the Spectrum Technology Platform server's bin directory, source the setup file, then type the following command: ./server.stop.
  - On Windows, right-click the Spectrum Technology Platform icon in the system tray and select **Stop Spectrum**<sup>™</sup>.
- 3. Open the file server/conf/spectrum-container.properties in a text editor and set spectrum.cluster.enabled to false.
- 4. On each of the other nodes in the cluster, open the spectrum-container.properties file and remove the node from the spectrum.cluster.seeds property.

For Spatial Module users: If you want to keep the node standalone and able to run outside the cluster, copy back the original repository.xml file and remove the following folders from the /server/modules/spatial/jackrabbit directory for each instance of Spectrum Technology Platform: repository, version, workspaces. Restart the server and import the repository content.

### Adding Nodes to a Cluster

This procedure describes how to add one or more nodes to an existing cluster.

1. Stop all the Spectrum Technology Platform nodes in the cluster. For more information, see **Stopping a Cluster** on page 67. If your cluster has a separated configuration database cluster, you only need to stop the server cluster, not the configuration database cluster.

**Warning:** To prevent data loss you must stop the cluster by following the procedure described in **Stopping a Cluster** on page 67.

- 2. On any node in the cluster, install the module or modules you want to add.
- 3. Open this file in a text editor:

```
server/conf/spectrum-container.properties
```

- 4. In the spectrum.cluster.seeds property, remove all host names and IP addresses except for the one for this server. Save the host names and IP addresses so that you can re-add them later.
- 5. Save the file.
- Start the server.

**Note:** Wait for the server to fully start before proceeding.

- 7. In the file spectrum-container.properties, add the host names and IP addresses that you had removed.
- 8. Save the file. You do not need to restart the server.
- 9. Install the modules on each of the other nodes in the cluster. Start each node after installing the modules on it, and wait for it to fully start before installing the modules on the next node. You do not need to modify the <code>spectrum.cluster.seeds</code> property when installing modules on subsequent nodes.

### Starting a Cluster

These instructions assume that the server is stopped.

If all the nodes in a cluster are stopped, you must follow this procedure to start the cluster safely and avoid data loss.

On the last node that was stopped last, start the server. Do this for each node in the cluster.

**Warning:** The first node that you start must be the last node that was stopped to preserve the most recent data. Starting another node first may result in loss of data such as job history and configuration settings. If you do not know which node was stopped last, look in each node's log for the time stamp of the shutdown message. You can find the log in:

SpectrumDirectory\server\logs\spectrum-server.log.

a) Start the server.

b) Start all nodes consecutively, after upgrading. Make sure that you start node 2 within only a few seconds after starting node 1, and repeat this for each remaining node.

You can tell when the Spectrum Technology Platform server has completely started by looking in the log file: SpectrumDirectory\server\logs\spectrum-server.log. This message is displayed when the server is completely started:

Pitney Bowes Spectrum (TM) Technology Platform (Version Version Number) Started.

The log will show the IP address for one of the nodes bound to the Spectrum Technology Platform service.

### Stopping a Cluster

To stop an entire cluster:

- 1. Identify which nodes are seed nodes. To do this, open the file SpectrumDirectory/server/conf/spectrum-container.properties and look at the nodes listed in the spectrum.cluster.seeds property.
- 2. Stop each Spectrum Technology Platform server in the cluster, making sure that the last node you stop is a seed node.
- 3. Right-click the Spectrum Technology Platform icon in the Windows system tray and select **Stop Spectrum**<sup>™</sup>.

**Warning:** To prevent loss of data when starting the cluster, the first node you start must be the last node that was stopped, and that node must be a seed node.

### Using Enterprise Designer with a Cluster

- 1. Launch Enterprise Designer.
- 2. In the **Server name** field, enter the server name of the load balancer.
- 3. In the **Port** field, enter the port that you have configured the load balancer to listen on.

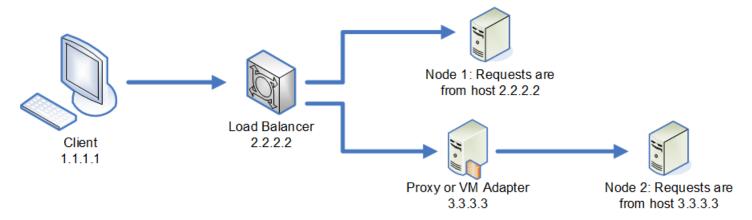
**Note:** Input files, output files and database resources must be on a shared drive, or file server, or some commonly-accessible location. Otherwise, all files must be loaded on each server that hosts a Spectrum Technology Platform server and must be located in the same path.

Once you have logged in you can use Enterprise Designer as normal. The actions you take will apply to all Spectrum Technology Platform instances in the cluster where you are logged in.

### Disabling Host Checks in Token Authentication

In token authentication, the Spectrum Technology Platform server examines the token presented by the client before responding to the request. The server checks the token to see if it has expired, if it is encrypted correctly, and if it is from the correct host. For session tokens, the server also checks the session ID. If any of these checks fail, the token is rejected and the server does not respond to the request.

In a clustered environment, it is possible that requests may be redirected in a way that makes the request appear to be coming from a different host than is specified in the token, resulting in "invalid token" errors. For example, say you have a cluster with two nodes as shown here:



Let's say that the client makes a request and is the request is routed to Node 1. A token is created and tied to host 2.2.2.2 (the load balancer) since the node views the request as coming from the load balancer. If the next request from the client is routed to Node 2, the token will still be tied to host 2.2.2.2 but the request will appear to be coming from the proxy server, 3.3.3.3. In this case the node will reject the token because it appears that it is not associated with the host making the request.

In this situation you must configure the Spectrum Technology Platform server to ignore the host information included in the token. This should only be done if you have an environment where there are different network devices between the load balancer and the nodes. If all nodes are behind the same network device, there is no need to disable the host check.

**Note:** If you follow this procedure, client tokens become "open" tokens, since the host check is disabled. Session tokens will continue to be associated with a specific session ID, but not with a specific host.

1. Open the following properties file on the Spectrum Technology Platform server:

SpectrumDirectory/server/conf/spectrum-container.properties

2. Set the following property to false.

spectrum.security.authentication.token.remoteClientCheck.enabled=false

- 3. Save and close the properties file.
- 4. Repeat this process on all the nodes in the cluster.

## 5 - Cluster with Separated Configuration Database

### In this section

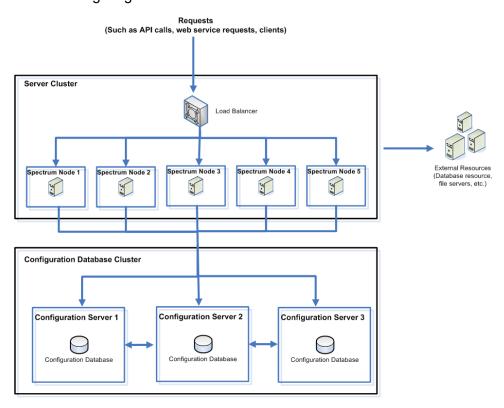
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# Installing a Cluster with a Separated Configuration Database

This procedure creates two clusters: one for the server nodes and one for configuration database nodes. The nodes in the server cluster point to the servers in the configuration database cluster for their configuration data. The nodes in the configuration database cluster replicate their data between each other.

The following diagram illustrates this installation scenario:



To install a separate database repository, you first install the configuration database on servers in a cluster, then install the server on nodes in a separate cluster. At least one configuration database must be running before you can install the server.

**Note:** In the case of a separated database configuration cluster setup, as shown here, you can apply load balancing only to the Spectrum server cluster. You cannot apply load balancing to the separated database cluster.

1. Place the Spectrum Technology Platform installer on the server where you want to install the configuration database.

- 2.
- 3. Double-click installdb.exe.
- 4. Follow the prompts to install the configuration database.

**Important:** When prompted with the option to start Spectrum Technology Platform after the installation, you must disable this option so that the database does not start automatically when the installation completes.

- 5. Edit the file Database/repository/spectrum-container.properties as described in Cluster Properties for a Configuration Database Cluster on page 75.
- 6. Save and close spectrum-container.properties.
- 7. Start the configuration database. To start the configuration database, right-click the Spectrum Technology Platform icon in the Windows system tray and select **Start Spectrum**™. Alternatively, you can use the Windows Services control panel to start the configuration database by starting the **Spectrum Database** service.
- 8. Install the configuration database on additional servers as needed to complete the configuration database cluster.
- 9. Install the server cluster.
  - a) Install Spectrum Technology Platform on a server where you want to host a node. For instructions, see **Installing a New Server** on page 32.
    - **Important:** When installing each server select the **Server only** option in the installer and provide the host and port of one or more of the configuration database servers. You can find the port in the file
    - $SpectrumDirectory \Database \ensuremath{$\operatorname{properties}$}.$  The port is specified in the <code>spectrum.repository.server.connector.bolt.port property.</code>
  - b) If the Spectrum Technology Platform server is running, stop it. To stop the server, right-click the Spectrum Technology Platform icon in the Windows system tray and select **Stop Spectrum**<sup>™</sup>.
  - c) Edit the properties in file server/conf/spectrum-container.properties, as described in Cluster Properties on page 52.
  - d) Save and close the spectrum-container.properties file.
  - e) Some modules have module-specific settings that you must configure to enable the module to work in a cluster.

### Module

### **Cluster Configuration Settings**

#### Advanced Matching Module

These settings configure clustering for full-text search indexes. If you do not use full-text search indexes you do not need to configure these settings.

Open this file in a text editor:

..\server\modules\searchindex\es-container.properties

Configure these properties:

copies you want created for each search index. This number should be the number of nodes in your cluster minus 1. For example, if your cluster has five nodes, you would enter "4" in this property.

you want your index to have in the distributed environment. The more nodes that are in your cluster, the higher this number should be.

Save and close

es-container.properties when you are done editing these properties.

**Note:** Search indexes created prior Spectrum Technology Platform 10.0 do not support clustering. To enable clustering for indexes created prior to the 10.0 release, you must recreate the search index using the 10.0 API after modifying the es-container.properties file.

### Module

### **Cluster Configuration Settings**

#### Data Hub Module

#### Open this file in a text editor:

..\server\modules\hub\hub.properties

### Configure these properties:

#### hub.models.path.base

Specifies the folder where models are stored. By default, each model is placed in a subdirectory under the ..\server\modules\hub\db folder. If you want to store models in a different location, uncomment this property and specify the folder where you want to store models.

hub.neo4j.database.type Change the value of this property to ha. The default value embedded is for non-clustered installations.

#### hub.servers.per.cluster Uncomment this line. Set the value of

this property to the number of Spectrum Technology Platform servers in the cluster.

Save and close hub.properties when you are done editing these properties.

The ..\server\modules\hub\db\neo4j.properties controls how the graph databases are configured, using Neo4j Enterprise. This file is used as a template for each model. If needed, each model can be configured separately by placing a copy of the neo4j.properties file into the store directory for that model.

- f) Start the server. To start the server, right-click the Spectrum Technology Platform icon in the Windows task bar and select Start Server.
- g) Repeat this procedure to install additional nodes in the server cluster.
- 10. After installing all the nodes in the server cluster, go back to the first node you installed in the server cluster and add the other nodes as seed nodes.
  - a) On the first node you installed, open the properties file server/conf/spectrum-container.properties.
  - b) In the property spectrum.cluster.seeds, add the host name or IP address of the other nodes in the cluster, separating each with a comma.
  - c) Save and close the spectrum-container.properties file. You do not need to restart the server.

## Cluster Properties for a Configuration Database Cluster

A configuration database cluster is a cluster where each node contains the configuration database only, and not the server. If you are setting up a cluster where the server and configuration database are installed together on each node, or are setting up a server-only cluster, see **Cluster Properties** on page 52.

The settings for a configuration database cluster are located in this properties file:

Database\repository\spectrum-container.properties

This table describes each property:

Property	Description
spectrum.cluster.enabled	Indicates whether a clustered configuration is used. Set this to true.
spectrum.cluster.name	If this is the first node in the cluster, set this to any name you want to give to the configuration database cluster. Be sure that the name is unique if you have multiple clusters.
	If you are adding a node to an existing cluster, set this to the name of the configuration database cluster that you want this node to join.
spectrum.cluster.seeds	If you are setting up the first node in the cluster, or if this is the first node you are starting after having stopped the cluster, specify only the host name or IP address of this server. This effectively points this node to itself as a seed node, which is necessary in order for it to be able to start as the first node in the cluster.
	If this is not the first node in the cluster, specify the host name or IP address of each of the other nodes in the cluster, including nodes that you have not yet installed. Separate each seed node with a comma. When starting up, this property should be set to all nodes in the cluster when cluster.enabled = true.
	<b>Tip:</b> We recommend that you specify multiple seed nodes so that if one seed node is down others can be used to allow nodes to join the cluster. We also recommend that you specify the same seed nodes in the same order on all nodes in the cluster.

Property	Description
spectrum.cluster.nodeID	Set this to an integer value to use as the ID for this node. The ID must be an integer and must be unique among all nodes in the database cluster. For example, you could set the node ID for the first node to 1, the second node's node ID to 2, and the third node's node ID to 3.

# Upgrading a Cluster with a Separated Database

- Before upgrading, be sure to read the release notes for the new version. The release notes contain
  a list of known issues, important compatibility information, supported upgrade paths, and
  module-specific data backup recommendations.
- Apply all the latest updates available for your operating system, especially those that resolve issues with Java.
- **Important:** We recommend that you create a backup before upgrading so that you can recover your flows, security settings, and other settings, if an error occurs during the upgrade process.

Note: If you have customized settings in the wrapper.conf file located in

• <SpectrumDirectory>/server/bin/wrapper, we recommend that you copy this file to a separate location before you upgrade the Spectrum Technology Platform server. After you complete the upgrade, compare the contents of wrapper.conf installed during the upgrade with the contents of the saved copy of the file. You can then manually copy customizations that you want to retain after the upgrade into the updated version of the file. This is particularly important for changes to the initial and maximum Java heap sizes.

This procedure describes how to upgrade Spectrum Technology Platform when you have separated the configuration database from the server. To upgrade an environment that has a separated configuration database, you first upgrade the configuration database cluster, then the server cluster.

- Back up the server. For instructions on creating a backup, see the Administration Guide.
   Important: We recommend that you create a backup before upgrading so that you can recover your flows, security settings, and other settings, if an error occurs during the upgrade process.
- 2. Back up module-specific data for any of these modules if you have them installed.

**Note:** For the Screener module, see the section **Upgrading Screener** in the Screener guide.

Module	Items to Back Up
Advanced Matching Module, Data Normalization Module, and Universal Name Module	Back up the contents of these subfolders located in SpectrumDirectory/server/modules:
	• cdqdb
	• lucene
	• matcher
	• parser
	• searchindex
	• tables
Data Hub Module	Open the Relationship Analysis Client and click <b>Manage</b> . Select the model you want to back up then click <b>Backup</b> .
	In addition to backing up your models, back up these two property files:
	• SpectrumFolder\server\modules\hub\hub.properties
	• SpectrumFolder\server\modules\hub\db\neo4j.properties
Spatial Module	Back up your named resources, data, and configuration files.

- 3. Stop all the nodes in the server cluster then stop all the nodes in the configuration database cluster. Make a note of the last node that you stop in the configuration database cluster. You must start this node first after upgrading. For instructions on stopping a cluster, see **Stopping** a **Cluster** on page 67.
- 4. On the *last* node that you shut down in the configuration database cluster, run installab.exe. The installer upgrades the configuration database.

**Warning:** The first node that you upgrade must be the last node that was stopped. This is because on some operating systems the configuration database will start automatically at the end of the upgrade process. If the first node that starts is not the last node that was stopped, data such as job history and configuration settings may be lost. If you do not know which node was stopped last, look in each node's log for the time stamp of the shutdown message. You can find the log in: SpectrumDirectory\Database\logs\spectrum-server.log.

**Important:** When prompted with the option to start Spectrum Technology Platform after the installation, you must disable this option so that the database does not start automatically when the installation completes.

- 5. After the upgrade is complete, the configuration database starts up automatically. Verify that the configuration database is fully started before continuing by opening the log file SpectrumInstallationLocation\Database\logs\spectrum-server.log and looking for the message Started.
- 6. Stop the configuration repository.

Right-click the Spectrum Technology Platform icon in the Windows system tray and select **Stop Spectrum**<sup>™</sup>. Alternatively, you can use the Windows Services control panel to stop the configuration database by stopping the **Spectrum Database** service.

**Important:** Do not attempt to stop the server until after it has fully started for the first time. Stopping the server before it performs an initial startup can cause your installation to become unusable.

- 7. Configure the database cluster.
  - a) Edit the file Database/repository/spectrum-container.properties as described in Cluster Properties for a Configuration Database Cluster on page 75.
  - b) Save and close the spectrum-container.properties file.
  - c) Start the *last* node that was stopped in the configuration database cluster. To start the configuration database, right-click the Spectrum Technology Platform icon in the Windows system tray and select **Start Spectrum**<sup>™</sup>. Alternatively, you can use the Windows Services control panel to start the configuration database by starting the **Spectrum Database** service.
  - d) To start the configuration database, right-click the Spectrum Technology Platform icon in the Windows system tray and select **Start Spectrum**<sup>™</sup>. Alternatively, you can use the Windows Services control panel to start the configuration database by starting the **Spectrum Database** service.
  - e) After the upgraded configuration database is fully started, repeat the previous steps to upgrade each of the remaining servers in the configuration database cluster and start each of them.
- 8. Upgrade each node in the server cluster. For more information, see **Upgrading a Cluster** on page 58.

Important: When installing each server select the Server only option in the installer and provide the host and port of one or more of the configuration database servers. You can find the port in the file <code>SpectrumDirectory\Database\repository\spectrum-container.properties</code>. The port is specified in the <code>spectrum.repository.server.connector.bolt.port property</code>.

**Note:** Any job or subflow stored in the system during a server upgrade is marked as exposed to provide the same behavior for those jobs and subflows as before the upgrade. Any job or subflow that is exported prior to the upgrade will not be exposed. Therefore, when importing these jobs or subflows back into the system, you must manually expose the imported job or subflow.

Some modules have post-upgrade steps you need to perform.

Data Hub Module	Open this file in a text editor:  server/modules/hub/db/neo4j.properties and set this property to true: dbms.allow_upgrade=true. This property protects against unintentional and irreversible store upgrades. Setting this property to "true" indicates that you understand the ramifications of proceeding with an upgrade and have taken the necessary precautions before proceeding.
	Restart the Spectrum Technology Platform server. The server will upgrade each model. Examine the file server/logs/spectrum-server.log for errors or warning messages. Once all models have been upgraded, edit the neo4j.properties file again and comment out the dbms.allow_upgrade property.
Spatial Module	During an upgrade, the pool size is reset to 4 if set to a lower value. A pool size setting of 4 or more is unaffected. To change the <b>Remote Component Pool Size</b> value after upgrading, open the Management Console and select <b>Resources</b> > <b>Spatial</b> . Change the pool size value and click <b>Save</b> . For details, see <i>Modifying the Pool Size</i> in the <i>Spectrum Spatial Guide</i> .
Spectrum Screener ™	See the <b>Upgrading Screener</b> section of the Screener guide for details.

### **Related concepts**

### Moving transactional data - upgrades only on page 6

As of release 2019.1, we are moving transactional audit log and flow history data from Neo4j to Elasticsearch to improve the maintenance of and access to this data.

### Related tasks

### Migrating your search indexes on page 7

If you are upgrading to release 2019.1 from release 2018.2, your Elasticsearch search indexes will migrate to release 2019.1 during the upgrade process.

### Related reference

If you have changed default Elasticsearch certificate connection properties on page 8

Most Spectrum users will run with the default set of connection properties. However, if you did change any connection properties, you will have to pass into Spectrum the properties file with your unique settings using the –p command, described in the previous section.

# Upgrading a Cluster with a Separated Database and Data Hub Module

- Before upgrading, be sure to read the release notes for the new version. The release notes contain
  a list of known issues, important compatibility information, supported upgrade paths, and
  module-specific data backup recommendations.
- Apply all the latest updates available for your operating system, especially those that resolve issues with Java.
- **Important:** We recommend that you create a backup before upgrading so that you can recover your flows, security settings, and other settings, if an error occurs during the upgrade process.

Note: If you have customized settings in the wrapper.conf file located in

SpectrumDirectory>/server/bin/wrapper, we recommend that you copy this file to a separate location before you upgrade the Spectrum Technology Platform server. After you complete the upgrade, compare the contents of wrapper.conf installed during the upgrade with the contents of the saved copy of the file. You can then manually copy customizations that you want to retain after the upgrade into the updated version of the file. This is particularly important for changes to the initial and maximum Java heap sizes.

This procedure describes how to upgrade Spectrum Technology Platform when you have separated the configuration database from the server and you have the Data Hub Module installed. The upgrade process consists of these steps:

- 1. Stop the server cluster.
- 2. Stop the configuration database cluster.
- 3. Upgrade the last node that was stopped in the configuration database cluster.
- 4. Upgrade the other nodes in the configuration database cluster.
- 5. Upgrade the server acting as the Data Hub Module master in the server cluster.
- 6. Upgrade the non-master servers in the server cluster.

To upgrade a cluster with a separated configuration database and the Data Hub Module, follow this procedure:

1. Back up the server. For instructions on creating a backup, see the Administration Guide.

**Important:** We recommend that you create a backup before upgrading so that you can recover your flows, security settings, and other settings, if an error occurs during the upgrade process.

2. Open the Relationship Analysis Client and click **Manage**. Select the model you want to back up then click **Backup**.

In addition to backing up your models, back up these two property files:

- SpectrumFolder\server\modules\hub\hub.properties
- SpectrumFolder\server\modules\hub\db\neo4j.properties
- 3. Identify which node is the serving as the master server for the Data Hub Module.
  - a) Open a web browser and go to:

```
http://LoadBalancer:8080/jmx-console/HttpAdaptor/list
```

b) Scroll down to the **neo4j.org domain**.

You will see a set of objects for each model. The **Role** attribute in the **HighAvailability** object indicates whether a server is the master for a model.

- c) If you have more than one model and each model has a different master, you need to make one server the master of all the models. To do this, restart the cluster then open the Relationship Analysis Client using the hostname or IP address of one of the nodes rather than the load balancer. In the Relationship Analysis Client, open each model by running a query on each model. This will make the server you are connected to the master for each model.
- 4. Stop all the non-master nodes in the server cluster then stop the master server last. Stop nodes one at a time rather than all at once.

**Important:** Make sure that Spectrum Technology Platform stops without errors. If a server does not stop properly, Data Hub Module models on the server will not open successfully after upgrading. To ensure that Spectrum Technology Platform stopped cleanly, examine the  $SpectrumFolder\server\logs\spectrum-server.log file for errors during shutdown.$ 

- 5. Stop all the nodes in the configuration database cluster. Make a note of the last node that you stop in the configuration database cluster. You must start this node first after upgrading.
- 6. On the *last* node that you shut down in the configuration database cluster, execute installdb.exe. The installer upgrades the configuration database.

**Warning:** The first node that you upgrade must be the last node that was stopped. This is because on some operating systems the configuration database will start automatically at the end of the upgrade process. If the first node that starts is not the last node that was stopped, data such as job history and configuration settings may be lost. If you do not know which node was stopped last, look in each node's log for the time stamp of the shutdown message. You can find the log in: Spectrum Location\server\logs\spectrum-server.log.

7. After the upgrade process finishes, wait for the server to start, then stop the server.

### You can see when the server has started up by opening the log file

SpectrumDirectory\server\logs\spectrum-server.log and looking for this message:

INFO [Server] Pitney Bowes Spectrum(TM) Technology Platform Database
 (Version version build) Started

**Important:** Do not attempt to stop the server until after it has fully started for the first time. Stopping the server before it performs an initial startup can cause your installation to become unusable.

- 8. Configure clustering for the database cluster.
  - a) Edit the file server/conf/spectrum-container.properties as described in Cluster Properties for a Configuration Database Cluster on page 75.
  - b) Save and close the spectrum-container.properties file.
  - c) Start the *last* node that was stopped in the configuration database. To start the configuration database, right-click the Spectrum Technology Platform icon in the Windows system tray and select **Start Spectrum**<sup>™</sup>. Alternatively, you can use the Windows Services control panel to start the configuration database by starting the **Spectrum Database** service.

**Warning:** The first node that you start must be the last node that was stopped to preserve the most recent data. Starting another node first may result in loss of data such as job history and configuration settings. If you do not know which node was stopped last, look in each node's log for the time stamp of the shutdown message. You can find the log in:

SpectrumDirectory\server\logs\spectrum-server.log.

- d) After the upgraded configuration database is fully started, repeat the previous steps to upgrade each of the remaining servers in the configuration database cluster and start each of them.
- 9. Upgrade the Data Hub Module master server in the server cluster.
  - a) If you are upgrading from Spectrum Technology Platform 11.0 or later, each model directory must contain a version.data file. Review all the model. ModelName subdirectories located under SpectrumFolder\server\modules\hub\db to confirm that they contain a version.data file. If any model directory is missing this file, copy the corresponding version.data file from one of the non-master nodes.
  - b) **Important:** The installer will prompt you to start Spectrum Technology Platform after the installation completes. You must disable this option so that the server does not start automatically when the installation completes.
    - Run the Spectrum Technology Platform installer to upgrade the master server to the new version of Spectrum Technology Platform.
  - c) Open the file SpectrumFolder\server\modules\hub\hub.properties in an editor and confirm that the following property is set to embedded:

hub.neo4j.database.type=embedded

d) Open the file SpectrumFolder\server\modules\hub\db\neo4j.properties in an editor and set the following property to true.

```
dbms.allow_upgrade=true
```

- e) Start the Spectrum Technology Platform server.
- f) Open each model in the Relationship Analysis Client and run a query. Any query is sufficient.
- g) Stop the Spectrum Technology Platform server.
- h) Indexed properties are now restricted to a maximum length of 4036 bytes. If your model has an indexed property that exceeds this limitation, proceed to step #unique 60/unique 60 Connect 42 d65e317.
  - If your model does not have an indexed property that exceeds this limitation, continue with substep **9.i** on page 83.
- i) Open the SpectrumFolder\server\modules\hub\hub.properties file in an editor and set the following property to ha:

```
hub.neo4j.database.type=ha
```

- j) Compare any properties files that you backed up to the installed files and make any necessary changes. Do not overwrite new files with old files because new files may contain properties that old files do not.
- k) Skip step #unique\_60/unique\_60\_Connect\_42\_d65e317 and continue to step #unique\_60/unique\_60\_Connect\_42\_d65e417.
- 10. Upgrade the Data Hub Module non-master servers in the server cluster.

Important: When installing each server select the Server only option in the installer and provide the host and port of one or more of the configuration database servers. You can find the port in the file <code>SpectrumDirectory\Database\repository\spectrum-container.properties</code>. The port is specified in the <code>spectrum.repository.server.connector.bolt.port property</code>.

- a) Delete the models in the SpectrumFolder\server\modules\hub\db directory.
  - **Warning:** Do not delete the models from the master server.
- b) **Important:** The installer will prompt you to start Spectrum Technology Platform after the installation completes. You must disable this option so that the server does not start automatically when the installation completes.
  - On one of the non-master servers, run the Spectrum Technology Platform installer to upgrade it to the new version of Spectrum Technology Platform.
- c) Open the SpectrumFolder\server\modules\hub\hub.properties file in an editor and confirm that the following property is set to embedded:

```
hub.neo4j.database.type=embedded
```

- d) Compare any properties files that you backed up to the installed files and make any necessary changes. Do not overwrite new files with old files because new files may contain properties that old files do not.
- e) Copy all SpectrumFolder\server\modules\hub\db\model.ModelName directories from the master server to the non-master server.
- f) Repeat these steps for each non-master server in the cluster.

### 11. Start the cluster.

- a) Start the master server, followed by non-master servers.
- b) Ensure that each server in the cluster is functioning. Check SpectrumFolder\server\logs\spectrum-server.log for any errors.
- c) While directly connected to the master server (bypassing the load balancer), open each model, one at a time, and inspect the spectrum-server.log file for errors.

# Converting to a Separated Configuration Database

Converting an existing Spectrum Technology Platform installation to a separated configuration database enables you to take advantage of the improved scalability of a separated configuration database. When you convert to a separated configuration database, your existing installation is converted from one where the configuration database is part of the server to one where the configuration database is in a separate cluster.

At a high level, this is the conversion process:

- Stop your existing Spectrum Technology Platform server.
- Set up the new configuration database cluster:
  - Install the separate configuration database software on a new server.
  - Copy your existing configuration database to the new server.
  - Configure clustering and start the configuration database cluster.
- Install the server-only cluster and start it up.

**Note:** This procedure applies both to converting a single server to a separated configuration database, and converting a cluster to a separated configuration database.

To convert to a separated configuration database:

1. Back up module-specific data for any of these modules if you have them installed.

**Note:** For the Screener module, see the section **Upgrading Screener** in the Screener guide.

Module	Items to Back Up
Advanced Matching Module, Data Normalization Module, and Universal Name Module	Back up the contents of these subfolders located in SpectrumDirectory/server/modules:
	<ul><li>cdqdb</li><li>lucene</li><li>matcher</li><li>parser</li><li>searchindex</li><li>tables</li></ul>
Data Hub Module	Open the Relationship Analysis Client and click <b>Manage</b> . Select the model you want to back up then click <b>Backup</b> . In addition to backing up your models, back up these two
	<ul> <li>property files:</li> <li>SpectrumFolder\server\modules\hub\db\neo4j.properties</li> <li>SpectrumFolder\server\modules\hub\db\neo4j.properties</li> </ul>
Spatial Module	Back up your named resources, data, and configuration files.

- If the server you are converting is running Spectrum Technology Platform 11.0 SP1 or earlier, you must upgrade to the latest version of Spectrum Technology Platform before converting from a standard installation to a separated configuration database. For more information, see Upgrading a Server on page 33 (for upgrading a single server) or Upgrading a Cluster on page 58 (for upgrading a cluster).
- 3. Stop the server. If you have a clustered installation, stop the cluster.
- 4. Install the configuration database to a new server.
  - a) Place the Spectrum Technology Platform installer on the machine where you want to install the configuration database. This must be a different machine from the one where you have your existing Spectrum Technology Platform server installed.
  - b) Double-click installdb.exe.
  - c) Follow the prompts to install the configuration database.

**Important:** When prompted with the option to start Spectrum Technology Platform after the installation, you must disable this option so that the database does not start automatically when the installation completes.

d) Copy the databases folder from your existing server to the server where you installed the separate configuration database. Replace the existing folder.

### Important:

- If you are upgrading from 11.1, copy this folder:
  - $... Spectrum Directory \verb|\Database\server\app\repository\store\databases folder|$
- If you are upgrading from any version higher than 11.1, copy this folder:
  - $.. Spectrum \textit{Directory} \\ \texttt{Database} \\ \texttt{repository} \\ \texttt{databases} \\ \textbf{folder}.$

For more information about path changes, see Path structure and log name changes.

- a) Configure the cluster properties for the database cluster by editing the file

  Database\repository\spectrum-container.properties as described in Cluster

  Properties for a Configuration Database Cluster on page 75.
- b) Save and close the spectrum-container.properties file.
- c) Start the configuration database. To start the configuration database, right-click the Spectrum Technology Platform icon in the Windows system tray and select **Start Spectrum**<sup>™</sup>. Alternatively, you can use the Windows Services control panel to start the configuration database by starting the **Spectrum Database** service.
- d) Install the configuration database on additional servers as needed to complete the configuration database cluster.
- 5. Install the server.
  - a) (Optional) If you are upgrading to a new version and you want to use the same machine to host the upgraded server as hosted the existing server, uninstall the existing server of Spectrum Technology Platform.
  - b) Install the server cluster. For more information, see **Installing a Cluster** on page 48.

**Important:** When installing each server select the **Server only** option in the installer and provide the host and port of one or more of the configuration database servers. You can find the port in the file

SpectrumDirectory\Database\repository\spectrum-container.properties. The port is specified in the spectrum.repository.server.connector.bolt.port property.

# Converting from a Separated Configuration Database to a Standard Installation

If you have a cluster that consists of separate clusters for the server and for the configuration database, you can convert your installation to a standard installation where the server and configuration database are installed together on the same server.

1. Back up module-specific data for any of these modules if you have them installed.

**Note:** For the Screener module, see the section **Upgrading Screener** in the Screener guide.

Module	Items to Back Up
Advanced Matching Module, Data Normalization Module, and Universal Name Module	Back up the contents of these subfolders located in SpectrumDirectory/server/modules:
	• cdqdb
	• lucene
	• matcher
	• parser
	• searchindex
	• tables
Data Hub Module	Open the Relationship Analysis Client and click <b>Manage</b> . Select the model you want to back up then click <b>Backup</b> .
	In addition to backing up your models, back up these two property files:
	• SpectrumFolder\server\modules\hub\hub.properties
	• SpectrumFolder\server\modules\hub\db\neo4j.properties
Spatial Module	Back up your named resources, data, and configuration files.

- 2. Stop all the nodes in the server cluster, then stop all the nodes in the configuration database cluster.
- 3. The configuration database must be of the same version of Spectrum Technology Platform as the server you are converting to. If the configuration database is from an older version, upgrade the configuration database to the same version of Spectrum Technology Platform as the version you want to use for the standard server. The installer upgrades the configuration database.

**Warning:** The node that you upgrade must be the last node that was stopped. This is so that data such as job history and configuration settings are not lost. If you do not know which node was shut down last, look in each node's log for the time stamp of the shutdown message. You can find the log in: *SpectrumDirectory*\server\logs\spectrum-server.log.

4. After the upgrade process finishes, wait for the server to start, then stop the server.

You can see when the server has started up by opening the log file SpectrumDirectory\Database\logs\spectrum-server.log and looking for the message Started. **Important:** Do not attempt to stop the server until after it has fully started for the first time. Stopping the server before it performs an initial startup can cause your installation to become unusable.

5. Install a new server.

For instructions, see Installing a New Server

Note: When prompted, be sure to select Standard Installation, not Server only.

- 6. Stop the server.
- 7. Copy the databases folder from the last configuration database server you stopped to the new server, replacing the existing folder.

### Important:

- If you are upgrading from 11.1, copy this folder:
  - $.. Spectrum Directory \verb|\Database\server\app\repository\store\databases folder.$
- If you are upgrading from any version higher than 11.1, copy this folder:
  - $.. Spectrum \textit{Directory} \\ \texttt{Database} \\ \texttt{repository} \\ \texttt{databases} \\ \textbf{folder}.$

For more information about path changes, see Path structure and log name changes.

Start the server.

## Adding Nodes to a Cluster

This procedure describes how to add one or more nodes to an existing cluster.

1. Stop all the Spectrum Technology Platform nodes in the cluster. For more information, see **Stopping a Cluster** on page 67. If your cluster has a separated configuration database cluster, you only need to stop the server cluster, not the configuration database cluster.

**Warning:** To prevent data loss you must stop the cluster by following the procedure described in **Stopping a Cluster** on page 67.

- 2. On any node in the cluster, install the module or modules you want to add.
- 3. Open this file in a text editor:

```
server/conf/spectrum-container.properties
```

4. In the spectrum.cluster.seeds property, remove all host names and IP addresses except for the one for this server. Save the host names and IP addresses so that you can re-add them later.

- 5. Save the file.
- 6. Start the server.

**Note:** Wait for the server to fully start before proceeding.

- 7. In the file spectrum-container.properties, add the host names and IP addresses that you had removed.
- 8. Save the file. You do not need to restart the server.
- 9. Install the modules on each of the other nodes in the cluster. Start each node after installing the modules on it, and wait for it to fully start before installing the modules on the next node. You do not need to modify the <code>spectrum.cluster.seeds</code> property when installing modules on subsequent nodes.

# 6 - Spectrum Databases

After you have installed the server you need to install the databases that support the modules you have installed. Databases provide the information that Spectrum Technology Platform modules use to process data, such as postal address data, name data, or geospatial data. For example, if you have installed the Enterprise Geocoding Module, you will need to install databases that contain geospatial data; if you have installed the Universal Addressing Module, you will need to install databases that contain postal data.

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## Installing a Spectrum Database

Spectrum databases contain reference data from trusted data providers that is used to enhance and validate your data. For example, to perform address validation, Spectrum Technology Platform uses official address data from postal authorities to compare your address to addresses of record. Other types of processing that use Spectrum databases include geocoding, routing, and tax jurisdiction assignment for a given address.

We update Spectrum databases periodically to provide you with the most up-to-date data from third-party data providers. Database updates occur independently from software updates, in some cases quarterly or even monthly. When a database update is available you will receive an email notification that includes a link to download the updated database. You should install it as soon as possible so that you are using the most accurate data available.

Spectrum Technology Platform provides CLI commands that help you install, maintain, and archive SPD files.

- Use the **productdata archive register** command to configure an alternate (non-default) location for the Spectrum Platform Data (SPD) archive.
- Use the **productdata extract register** command to specify an alternate (non-default) extract location for a set of product data on the server.

The default SPD file archival area is ../archive/ref-data. Extracted SPD files are located in ../ref-data.

• Use the **productdata install** command to install your data files.

We recommend using the productdata extract register and productdata archive register commands to ensure that the SPD data, which may be large, resides in an appropriate and manageable location of your choosing on the server. The default location inside the Spectrum folders can make upgrades and re-installations more difficult and require even greater temporary space.

## SPD Setup on a New Spectrum Server

If you are a new customer to the Spectrum Technology Platform or setting up a new Spectrum server, we recommend setting a location for your Spectrum Product Data (SPD) that is separate from the Spectrum Technology Platform installation folder.

The Spectrum Technology Platform has Command Line Interface (CLI) commands for setting the SPD file archive location and for setting the extract location. The archive location establishes the archive location for the data on the Spectrum server. The extract location establishes the extract location for the data on the Spectrum server. You only need to run these commands once to set the

extract and archive locations. Spectrum remembers these locations for future Spectrum Product Data (SPD) installations.

If you do not use these commands to set the location for your Spectrum Product Data (SPD), then Spectrum installs the data to default locations: the default SPD file archive area is

- ../archive/ref-data and extracted SPD files are in ../ref-data under the spectrum folder where the Spectrum Technology Platform is installed. Installing to the default location may affect:
- How long it takes to upgrade the Spectrum Technology Platform because everything under the spectrum folder, including data, is backed up to a ZIP archive file during the upgrade. If there is not enough space on the server, the upgrade will stop.
- How long it takes to uninstall and reinstall the Spectrum Technology Platform, which would include the extra step of reinstalling Spectrum Product Data (SPD). Uninstalling the Spectrum Technology Platformremoves everything under the spectrum installation folder including any data files.
- The space requirements for the Spectrum server machine.
- The length of the folder paths to the data.

### Setting Product Data Extraction and Archive Locations

This procedure describes how to set the folder locations that a Spectrum server uses for its Spectrum Product Data (SPD).

We recommend different locations for the Spectrum install and the Spectrum archive and extract folders. You must be a Spectrum Technology Platform administrator (admin) to perform this task.

The Spectrum Technology Platform has Command Line Interface (CLI) commands for setting the SPD file archive location and for setting the extract location. You only need to run the product data extract, and product data archive commands once to set the extract and archive locations. Spectrum remembers these locations for future Spectrum Product Data (SPD) installations.

To set the data file archive location and extract locations:

- 1. Verify that the Spectrum Technology Platform server is running before you begin.
- 2. Open a command-line window.
- 3. Connect to the Spectrum server by typing this command:

```
connect --h servername:port --u username --p password --s SSLtrueFalse
```

For example,

```
connect --h myserver:8080 --u admin --p myPassword1 --s false
```

4. Establish the extract location for the data on the server by typing:

```
productdata extract register --p product --d directory
```

### For example,

```
productdata extract register --p platform --d
E:/SpatialFiles/SpectrumDataStorage
```

5. Establish the archive location for the data on the server by typing:

```
productdata archive register --p product --d directory
```

For example,

```
productdata archive register --p platform --d E:/SpatialFiles/Archive
```

You are now ready to install Spectrum Product Data (SPD). For details, see **Installing Spectrum Product Data** on page 93

## Installing Spectrum Product Data

This procedure describes how to install Spectrum Product Data (SPD) from Pitney Bowes. Spectrum data is downloaded using the link provided in a Pitney Bowes communication or from the Pitney Bowes Software and Data Marketplace (SDM).

To add Spectrum Product Data (SPD) to a Spectrum server:

- Add Spectrum data using product data Command Line Interface (CLI) commands as described in Adding Data to Spectrum on page 93.
- Create a database resource using the Management Console as described in Creating a Database Resource on page 95.

Modules may have additional instructions that are specific to the module and data used by the module. See **Spectrum Databases** on page 90 to locate additional module-specific information or instructions.

### Adding Data to Spectrum

You must be a Spectrum Technology Platform administrator (admin) to perform this task. If you are a new customer to the Spectrum Technology Platform or setting up a new Spectrum server, we recommend setting a location for your Spectrum Product Data (SPD) that is separate from the Spectrum Technology Platform installation folder. For details, see SPD Setup on a New Spectrum Server on page 91 and Setting Product Data Extraction and Archive Locations on page 92.

The Spectrum Technology Platform has Command Line Interface (CLI) commands to install Spectrum data without having to download the data to the Spectrum server or having to connect your Spectrum server to the internet. The CLI commands copy data to the Spectrum server.

After installing the data, we suggest keeping your download files so that those files are available if you need to reinstall Spectrum data in the future. If you need to remove data from the Spectrum server, use the Spectrum command line (CLI) commands.

To install Spectrum Product Data (SPD):

- 1. Verify that the Spectrum Technology Platform server is running before you begin.
- 2. Download your Spectrum Product Database (SPD) format files from Pitney Bowes using the link provided in the Pitney Bowes communication or from the Pitney Bowes Software and Data Marketplace (SDM). If the download is a zip file, extract it to a temporary location.
- 3. Open a command-line window.
- 4. Connect to the Spectrum Technology Platform server by typing this command:

```
connect --h servername:port --u username --p password --s SSLtrueFalse
```

For example,

```
connect --h myserver:8080 --u admin --p myPassword1 --s false
```

5. Optionally list the locations of extracted Spectrum Product Data (SPD) files based on product name by typing:

```
productdata extract list
```

The command output shows the directory where files are located for each product.

6. Install the data to the Spectrum server by typing:

```
productdata install --f fileOrDirectory --w waitOrReturn
```

For example,

```
productdata install --f E:/SpatialFiles/Geocoding/KNT072019.spd --w
```

If installing a Spectrum product with multiple . spd files, then use the folder path to the files. The command installs the data files that are in the folder and subfolders. For example:

```
productdata install --f E:/SpatialFiles/Geocoding --w
```

7. Define a database resource for the data in the Management Console or by using the Administration Utility database commands. Instructions may vary by module and data, see Spectrum Databases on page 90 to locate additional module-specific information or instructions. For general instructions, see Creating a Database Resource on page 95.

For more information about these Product Data CLI commands, see *Product Data* under *Administration Utility* in the *Spectrum Technology Platform Administration Guide*.

### Creating a Database Resource

You must be a Spectrum Technology Platform administrator (admin) or Spatial administrator (spatial-admin) to perform this task. If you are a Spatial sub-administrator (spatial-sub-admin), then you must have permission to the folder that you are editing.

To create a database resource for Spectrum:

- 1. Open Management Console.
- 2. Go to Resources > Spectrum Databases.

If you do not see the **Spectrum Databases** menu, then you do not need to define database resources.

- 3. Click the **Add** button to create a new database resource.
- 4. Enter a name for the database resource in the **Name** field. The name can be anything you choose.
- 5. In the **Module** field, select the name of your module.

If you have modules that use Spectrum databases, they display in the Module field.

**Note:** Modules may have additional fields and settings beyond what the following steps describe. If this is the case, see **Spectrum Databases** on page 90 for more details about the module you have installed.

- 6. If applicable, in the **Type** field, select the type of data.
  - A list of available databases displays in the table, including description and vintage.
- 7. Select one or more entries from the list.

This list should include the data you installed using the productdata install command as described in Adding Data to Spectrum on page 93.

8. Click **Save** to create the database.

A list of the Spectrum databases and status displays. (It may take a moment to refresh the **Status** column.)

## Deleting Data from Spectrum

**Warning:** Do not manually delete any files in the Spectrum data archive or extract locations.

To delete data from a Spectrum server, to replace the data with a newer version or to clean the data from a machine, use the Spectrum command line (CLI) commands.

To remove data from a Spectrum server:

1. In the Management Console, delete the database resource that is using the data as described in **Deleting a Database Resource** on page 96.

2. Using CLI commands, delete the data from the Spectrum server as described in **Deleting Data** from Spectrum on page 96.

Modules may have additional instructions that are specific to the module and data used by the module. Check the **Spectrum Databases** on page 90 section for the module you have installed.

### Deleting a Database Resource

**Warning:** Before deleting any resource, verify that jobs or services are not using the resource. Deleting a resource that is referenced by jobs or services causes those jobs or services to fail.

You must be a Spectrum Technology Platform administrator (admin) or Spatial administrator (spatial-admin) to perform this task. If you are a Spatial sub-administrator (spatial-sub-admin), then you must have permission to the folder that you are editing.

To delete a database from Spectrum:

- 1. Open Management Console.
- Go to Resources > Spectrum Databases.
- 3. Put a check mark next to the Spectrum database you want to delete.
- 4. Click the **Delete** button **i**.

Deleting a Spectrum database does not delete the actual data files. After deleting the resource, you must delete the data files from the Spectrum server if you want to free up space on your system. For instructions, see **Deleting Data from Spectrum** on page 96.

### Deleting Data from Spectrum

You must be a Spectrum Technology Platform administrator (admin) to perform this task.

Before deleting data, verify that it is not being used by a database resource in the Management Console. For details, see **Deleting a Database Resource** on page 96.

To delete data from a Spectrum server:

- 1. Verify that the Spectrum Technology Platform server is running before you begin.
- 2. Connect to the Spectrum Technology Platform server by typing this command:

```
connect --h servername:port --u username --p password --s SSLtrueFalse
```

For example,

```
connect --h myserver:8080 --u admin --p myPassword1 --s false
```

3. Run the productdata list command to view the details for the currently installed data. The results provide current information without having to access the file system. We recommend using this command before using the productdata delete command to make an informed decision about the data to delete.

Open a command-line window and type the following:

```
productdata list
```

4. Run the productdata delete command to delete the data from a Spectrum server by typing:

```
productdata delete --p productName --c productComponent --q qualifier
   --v dataVintage
```

For example,

```
productdata delete --p gam --c gav --q GAV-DEU --v 201907
```

For more information about these Product Data CLI commands, see *Product Data* under *Administration Utility* in the *Spectrum Technology Platform Administration Guide*.

## Modifying a Spectrum Database Resource

You must be a Spectrum Technology Platform administrator (admin) to perform this task.

A Spectrum database may include multiple data entries: a North American database might include Canada, United States (USA), and Mexico data; a population survey database might include yearly updates for a sales region. Managing a database may include adding data to it to increase its coverage, relevance, or accuracy, or removing data from it to change its coverage or reduce its size.

Every Spectrum database resource has a name, which is used in your dataflows as well as web service APIs. It is important when modifying a database that the database name remains untouched.

To modify a database by adding or removing data:

- 1. Open Management Console.
- 2. Go to Resources > Spectrum Databases.
- 3. Put a check mark next to the Spectrum database you want to modify and then click Modify button
- 4. Either add data or remove data from the database.
  - To add data, select a data entry. If the data you want to add is not in the list, then you must add it to the Spectrum server, as described in **Adding Data to Spectrum** on page 93.
  - To remove data, clear the check box beside the data entry.
- Click Save.

Removing data from a Spectrum database does not delete the actual data files. If you wish to also delete the files from the Spectrum server to free up space on your system, see **Deleting Data from Spectrum** on page 96.

# Installing Advanced Matching Module Database

The Advanced Matching Module provides a load utility to install databases. The database files that you install depend on the databases you have licensed.

**Note:** To install the Advanced Matching Module databases on Windows Server 2008 you need administrator privileges.

- 1. Make sure no applications are running.
- 2. Stop Spectrum Technology Platform. To do this, right-click the Spectrum Technology Platform icon in the Windows task bar and select **Stop Server**.
- 3. Insert the database DVD or download the database from the Pitney Bowes eStore.

**Note:** If you download the database from the web site, it will be downloaded as a zip file. Unzip the database before proceeding with the installation.

- 4. Select Start > Programs > Pitney Bowes > Spectrum Technology Platform > Modules > Universal Name and Advanced Matching Modules > Universal Name and Advanced Matching Modules Database Load Utility.
- 5. Follow the prompts during the rest of the installation process.

**Note:** You may install databases on a mapped drive, but performance will be affected since you will be accessing them on a network rather than accessing them locally.

- 6. Open the file <code>SpectrumDirectory\server\bin\wrapper\wrapper.conf</code> in a text editor.
- 7. Increase the Java settings for initial heap size (wrapper.java.initmemory) and maximum heap size (wrapper.java.maxmemory) to reflect the total amount of memory required for the Arabic Plus Pack and Asian Plus Pack.
  - Arabic Plus Pack: 5.5 GB
  - Asian Plus Pack Chinese: 32 MBAsian Plus Pack Japanese: 1.6 GB
  - · Asian Plus Pack Korean: 8 MB
  - Core Names: 1.1 GB
- 8. Save and close wrapper.conf.
- 9. Start Spectrum Technology Platform. To do this, right-click the Spectrum Technology Platform icon in the Windows task bar and select **Start Server**.

# Installing Data Normalization Module Databases

The Data Normalization Module provides a load utility to install databases for the Advanced Transformer, Open Parser, and Table Lookup components. The database files that you install depend on the databases you have licensed. Use this list of database tables to determine which files you should download and install. For more information about tables contained in each database, refer to the reference documentation for each component.

Stage	Available Databases
Advanced Transformer	Data Normalization Module - Base Tables
Open Parser	<ul> <li>Data Normalization Module - Base Tables</li> <li>Core Names Database</li> <li>Company Names Database</li> <li>Arabic Plus Pack</li> <li>Asian Plus Pack</li> </ul>
Table Lookup	<ul> <li>Data Normalization Module - Base Tables</li> <li>Core Names Database</li> <li>Arabic Plus Pack</li> <li>Asian Plus Pack</li> <li>ZREPLACE (Used by the SAP Module for French address validation)</li> </ul>

**Note:** To install the Data Normalization Module databases on Windows Server 2008 you need administrator privileges.

- 1. Make sure no applications are running.
- 2. Stop Spectrum Technology Platform. To do this, right-click the Spectrum Technology Platform icon in the Windows task bar and select **Stop Server**.
- 3. Insert the database DVD or download the database from the Pitney Bowes eStore. You received a download link with your product release announcement.

**Note:** If you download the database from the web site, it will be downloaded as a zip file. Unzip the database before proceeding with the installation.

- 4. Select Start > Programs > Pitney Bowes > Spectrum Technology Platform > Modules > Data Normalization Module > Data Normalization Module Database Load Utility.
- 5. Follow the prompts during the rest of the installation process.

**Note:** You may install databases on a mapped drive, but performance will be affected since you will be accessing them on a network rather than accessing them locally.

6. Start Spectrum Technology Platform. To do this, right-click the Spectrum Technology Platform icon in the Windows task bar and select **Start Server**.

## Installing Geocoding Databases (SPD format)

Review the following items.

- Spectrum Server is running and the Administration Utility (CLI Command tool) is available to you. If you haven't used the tool before, see **Getting Started with the Administration Utility**.
- Java 8 is installed.
- (Optional) If needed, run the following command to identify the directory where Spectrum will store the extracted files.

```
productdata extract list
```

• (Optional) If you need to know more about existing Spectrum Product Data (SPD) files, run the following command. The results will display PRODUCT, COMPONENT, QUALIFIER, VINTAGE, EXPIRATION, DESCRIPTION, and IDENTIFIER information.

```
productdata list
```

Geocoding databases contain the data necessary to perform geocoding and reverse geocoding for locations. Each country has its own database, and some countries have optional databases that provide enhanced geocoding.

These databases are for use in the Global Geocoding or Enterprise Geocoding modules.

**Note:** Do not install geocoding datasets on a network drive. Doing so can cause performance problems.

- 1. Select and download your licensed SPD files (xxx.spd) from Pitney Bowes using the link provided in the Pitney Bowes communication or from the Pitney Bowes Software and Data Marketplace.
- 2. The database is downloaded as a zip file. Unzip the database before proceeding with the installation.
- 3. Install the SPD files:

- a) Place the SPD files in SpectrumDirectory/server/import. This is the default location for SPD files. The Spectrum<sup>™</sup> Technology Platform server monitors this folder and looks for new files in two-second intervals.
  - You can change the location of the data import directory by altering the **spectrum.import.dir** property in the
  - SpectrumDirectory/server/conf/spectrum-container.properties file.
- b) When the server detects new SPD files, the server automatically extracts the SPD files to SpectrumDirectory/server/ref-data.
  - You can change the location of the data storage folder by altering the **spectrum.data.manager.storage.dir** property in the Data Manager settings section of the *SpectrumDirectory*/server/conf/spectrum-container.properties file.
- 4. At this point the data will become available and you can add it as a Spectrum<sup>™</sup> database resource in the **Spectrum<sup>™</sup> Databases** section of Management Console.
- 5. After you install the database files, use either the Database Resource tool in the Management Console or the Administration Utility database commands to define the database as a resource.
- 6. After the SPD files are extracted and are no longer needed, use the CLI commands to delete the SPD files. Do not manually delete the SPD files from the location where the server extracted the SPD files. Instead, use these CLI commands to delete the SPD files. For more information about the Product Data CLI commands, see Administration Utility in your Spectrum<sup>™</sup> Technology Platform Administration Guide.
  - a) Run the productdata list command to view the details for the currently installed SPD files. The results provide current information without having to access the file system. We suggest that you run this command before you run the productdata delete command, to make an informed decision about the data to delete.
  - b) Run the productdata delete command to delete the SPD files from the Spectrum<sup>™</sup> Technology Platform.

### **Example**

productdata delete --p productName --c productComponent --q qualifier --v dataVintage

spectrum> productdata delete --p gam --c gav --q GAV-DEU --v 201907

### **AUS G-NAF**

If you installed the Australia Geocoded National Address File (G-NAF), you must specify the GNAF123 and GNAF456 as separate paths but in the same database resource in Management Console.

GNAF123 contains the point-level dictionary. This has the highest precision of geocoding (characterized by Reliability Level 1, 2, or 3.) GNAF456 contains the remainder of address information in G-NAF that does not meet high precision geocoding criteria (characterized by Reliability Level 4, 5, or 6.) We recommend that you use both databases to validate the existence of addresses but only use

GNAF123 for parcel-level geocoding. If you do not require parcel-level geocodes you can use GNAF456 for geocoding.

## U.S. Geocoding Databases

The U.S. geocoding databases contain the spatial data necessary to perform address standardization and geocoding. You must install at least one of these databases.

- Centrus Enhanced Geocoding

  —This database consists of TIGER data provided by the U.S.

  Geological Survey and address data provided by the U.S. Postal Service.
- **TomTom Geocoding**—This database provides more up-to-date data than the Centrus Enhanced Geocoding database. It requires an additional license. The data is provided by TomTom, a third-party provider of spatial data, and postal data from the U.S. Postal Service.
- HERE Geocoding

   —This database provides more up-to-date data than the Centrus Enhanced
  Geocoding database. It requires an additional license. HERE data is provided by HERE, a third-party
  provider of spatial data. For more information about these databases, contact your sales
  representative.
- **ZIP + 4 Centroid**—This database provides only address standardization and ZIP + 4 centroid matching. It does not provide street-level matching.

These databases use proprietary files called SPD files. For ZIP Code centroid matching, the file us.Z9 contains all the centroid info for all states and normally has a z9 extension.

Each geocoding database has an optional Statewide Intersections Index. The Statewide Intersection Index is designed to enable fast intersection identification on a statewide basis. For example, the Statewide Intersection Index will allow the database to search for "1st and Main St, CO" and return a list of possible matches in Colorado more quickly than searching the entire geocoding database for each instance of the intersection.

- 1. Download your licensed SPD files (xxx.spd) using the link provided in the Pitney Bowes communication or from the Pitney Bowes Software and Data Marketplace (SDM).
- 2. The database is downloaded as a zip file. Unzip the database before proceeding with the installation.
- 3. To install, see Installing Geocoding Databases (SPD format) on page 100.

## Points Databases (U.S. Only)

Points databases contain data for locating the center of a land parcel. These databases provides enhanced geocoding accuracy for internet mapping, property and casualty insurance, telecommunications, utilities, and others. To install, see **Installing Geocoding Databases (SPD format)** on page 100.

- **Master Location Data** —This database provides the best available address point location for every mailable and deliverable address in the United States.
- **Centrus Points**—This database contains the data necessary to locate the center of a parcel or building. It does not contain assessor's parcel number (APN) or elevation data.
- Centrus Elevation—This database contains the same data as Centrus Points, plus elevation data.
- Centrus Enhanced Points—This database contains the same data as Centrus Points, plus APN data
- **Centrus Premium Points**—This database contains the same data as Centrus Points, plus both APN and elevation data.
- **TomTom Points Database**—The data in this database is provided by TomTom, a third-party provider of spatial data.
- **HERE Points**—This database is provided by HERE, a third-party data provider. It contains data used to locate addresses at the center of the actual building footprint or parcel.

## Early Warning System (U.S. Only)

The USPS provides free Early Warning System (EWS) data to prevent matching errors due to the age of the address information in the .gsd files. The USPS creates a new EWS data set each week that you can download from the USPS website (https://postalpro.usps.com/cass/EWS).

To install the Early Warning System (EWS) database, rename the database file from OUT to EWS.txt and place it in the same folder as the primary database.

## Installing Enterprise Tax Module Databases

Depending on the features you have licensed, you need to install one or more of these databases.

## **Database Compatibility**

The Enterprise Tax Module version 9.0 SP2 and later uses a different data format than previous releases. You must download and install the **GeoTAX/Enterprise Tax Premium database** for use in this version. The GeoTAX/Enterprise Tax Premium database is not compatible with any releases prior to version 9.0 SP2.

## **Downloading Database Files**

Note: Prior to downloading the data files: If you have previously installed database files, you should back up those files and delete any copies of the .gdi, .gsd, gsi, .gsl, .gsu, .gsz, .gsx, .z9, .dir, .las and .los files in the data install directory.

### Downloading from the eStore

Use the link in your welcome email to download the zip file. Extract the files and make note of the directory where you save the files.

### Downloading from the Technical Support Web Site

Download the database from the Pitney Bowes eStore. You received a download link with your product release announcement or Welcome letter. The data file will be downloaded as a .zip file. Extract the files and make note of the directory where you save the files.

### Downloading Florida Format Files

You can obtain the Florida format files from the Florida Department of Revenue. The Florida Department of Revenue compiles the database based on county.

- Download the files from the Florida website at: https://pointmatch.state.fl.us/General/AddressFiles.aspx/.
- 2. Unzip the downloaded files and transfer them to the server.

**Note:** Be sure to FTP your files in binary format.

Combine the county files into a single file if you downloaded more than one county. If you
downloaded the entire state list, you have approximately 67 files. You must combine all the files
into one file.

Your file is ready for loading.

### Downloading TS-158 Format Files

The Federation of Tax Administrators (FTA) maintains a website with links to all data sources that use the TS-158 format.

- Download the files from the Florida website at: https://pointmatch.state.fl.us/General/AddressFiles.aspx.
- 2. Unzip the downloaded files and transfer them to the Spectrum Technology Platform server.

3. State files are often broken up into individual county files. Combine all state and/or county files into a single file.

Your file is ready for loading.

## **Database Options**

The following describes the database options presented in the Windows Database Load Utility.

### **GeoTAX** master files

The GeoTAX/Enterprise Tax Premium Database is a required dataset and is the master file for the Enterprise Tax Module software. The master files identify all geographic components associated with a street address, such as the latitude/longitude, census tract, and block group.

### **Point Data files**

Point Data products include Master Location Data (MLD), Centrus Points, HERE Points, and TomTom Points. The point data provides point-level geocoding for the most accurate placement of addresses throughout the U.S. The Master Location Data database provides the best available address point location for every mailable and deliverable address in the United States.

### User auxiliary file

This is a user-defined file that the Enterprise Tax Module uses to override results from the master files in street-level matching. If you have data that is more current than that in the master files, you can enter the new data into the auxiliary file and use it for your address matching. The Enterprise Tax Module returns matches made with a code that signifies the answer came from the auxiliary file. You can also return user-defined data from the auxiliary file with the match. The install program creates the file G1GTAUX in the specified destination.

### GeoTAX auxiliary file

This file contains new addresses that have not yet been added to the master files. It provides the most up-to-date address data possible. The install program creates the indexed sequential file G1GTAX2 in the specified destination.

### Landmark auxiliary file

This is a user-defined file that allows you to specify customized address information in your input records. The recommended primary use of this file to match to your company's non-address locations such as well heads, transmission towers or any other descriptive location. The latitude/longitude that is part of the input needed to build this file allows companies to automatically keep track of any jurisdictional changes that affect these unique locations. Matching to this file requires that the input record information match exactly to the Landmark file contents. This also applies to street records if you choose to enter them in the Landmark file. For more information, refer to the *Enterprise Tax Module Guide*.

### State-supplied Florida format file

This is a state-supplied file in Florida-native format which is provided by individual state governments. The Enterprise Tax Module first attempts to match to the state database. If the Enterprise Tax Module cannot find a state match, it attempts a match to the GeoTAX Auxiliary file, if loaded, then to the master files.

### State-supplied TS-158 format file

This is a state-supplied file in TS-158 (ANSI Transaction Set No. 158) format which is provided by individual state governments. The Enterprise Tax Module first attempts to match to the state database. If the Enterprise Tax Module cannot find a state match, it attempts a match to the GeoTAX Auxiliary file, if loaded, then to the master files.

### **Boundary file**

Boundary files provide additional data about locations of special tax districts:

- Special Purpose Tax Districts (spd.txb)
- Insurance Premium Tax Districts (ipd.txb)
- Payroll Tax Districts (pay.txb)
- User-defined Boundary file (usr.txb)

### PB Software tax rate file

The Pitney Bowes Sales and Use Tax Rate file allows you to use the Enterprise Tax Module to provide sales and use tax rates for each of the assigned tax jurisdictions as well as the total rate for the assigned locations. The install program creates the indexed sequential file GTTAXRT.

### Payroll tax correspondence file

Payroll tax cross-reference file allow you to use third-party software to determine the payroll tax rates. The cross-reference files combine the U.S. Government Federal Information Processing Standards (FIPS) codes with the proprietary geocodes used by tax software from third parties. The Payroll System Tax Code file is a customized file that you build to return the payroll tax codes used by your payroll system. The install program produces database files called G1GTPTC and G1GTPTC.vix.

### Sovos cross reference file

This sales tax cross-reference file enables you to use the Enterprise Tax Module to determine tax jurisdictions for a given address, then use Sovos software to determine the sales tax rates for those jurisdictions.

### PB Software Vertex® cross reference file

This is a Vertex<sup>®</sup> cross-reference file supplied by Precisely. The install program produces a database file GTMSTR2 in the specified destination.

### Installing the Database Files

1. Select Start > Programs > Pitney Bowes > Spectrum Technology Platform > Modules > Enterprise Tax Module > Database Load Utility.

The Database Load Utility window launches.

2. Select the database you want to install.

**Note:** For Point Data, select the **GeoTAX master files** option.

3. Follow the instructions provided by the wizard.

**Note:** You may install databases on a mapped drive, but performance will be affected since you will be accessing them on a network rather than accessing them locally.

4. In Management Console, open the Enterprise Tax Module database resource tool and define a database resource that includes the database you just installed. Be sure to update Assign GeoTAX Info and Reverse GeoTAX Info Lookup to use the new database resource.

## Installing GeoEnrichment Module Databases

GeoEnrichment Module database resources are used by GeoEnrichmentLookup. Given a lookup key as input, the GeoEnrichmentLookup stage accesses a registered database and returns additional attribute data for the referenced address.

To install Spectrum Product Data (SPD) data from Pitney Bowes for use with GeoEnrichmentLookup, you must:

- 1. Download the SPD format files that you purchased from Pitney Bowes using the link provided in the Pitney Bowes communication or from the Pitney Bowes Software and Data Marketplace.
- Use Command Line Interface (CLI) commands to install the Spectrum Product Data to a Spectrum database. This copies the data to the Spectrum database and makes the Spectrum Technology Platform aware of the data in the database. For details, see Adding Data to Spectrum on page 93.
- 3. In Management Console, create a new database resource for the Spectrum Product Data, or change an existing database resource to include the Spectrum Product Data. For details, see *Adding a GeoEnrichment Module Database Resource* in the *GeoEnrichment Guide*.

If you are installing Spectrum Product Data for the first time, because you are a new customer to the Spectrum Technology Platform or setting up a new Spectrum server, then we recommend you set the data extract and archive locations before installing Spectrum Product Data. For details, see SPD Setup on a New Spectrum Server on page 91. We recommend using the productdata extract register and productdata archive register commands to ensure that the Spectrum Product Data, which may be large, resides in an appropriate and manageable location of your choosing on the server. The default location inside the Spectrum folders can make upgrades and re-installations more difficult and require even greater temporary space.

## Installing Global Addressing Module Databases

## Global Addressing Module Databases

Global Addressing Module databases are distributed in the Spectrum<sup>™</sup> Product Database (SPD) format from the Pitney Bowes **Software and Data Marketplace**.

### **Disk Space**

The disk space requirements for extracted and non-extracted SPD bundles are:

- Extracted bundles (all SPD) 100 GB
- · Non-extracted bundles (all SPD) 32 GB

### Memory

A typical Global Address Validation (GAV) country database can take 700 MB of memory when loaded but can take as much as 3000 MB. A typical Global Type Ahead (GTA) database also takes about 700 MB of memory when loaded but rarely exceeds that value.

To download and install a Global Addressing Module database resource in the Spectrum<sup>™</sup> Product Database (SPD) format, see Installing Global Addressing Module SPD Files on page 108.

## Installing Global Addressing Module SPD Files

You must be a Spectrum Technology Platform administrator (admin) to perform this task. Before deleting data, verify that the data is not being used by a database resource in the Management Console.

To download and install a Global Addressing Module database resource in the Spectrum<sup>™</sup> Product Database (SPD) format:

- Select and download your licensed SPD format files (xxx.spd) from Pitney Bowes using the link provided in the Pitney Bowes communication or from the Pitney Bowes Software and Data Marketplace (SDM). If the download is a zip file, extract it to a temporary location.
- 2. Verify that the Spectrum Technology Platform server is running before you continue.
- 3. Open a Spectrum<sup>™</sup> command line window.
- 4. Connect to the Spectrum Technology Platform server by typing this command:

```
connect --h servername:port --u username --p password --s TrueOrFalse
```

If your Spectrum<sup>™</sup> server requires a secure connection, set **--s True**. The default is **False**. For example,

```
connect --h myserver:8080 --u admin --p myPassword1 --s False
```

5. Install the data to the Spectrum<sup>™</sup> server by typing:

```
productdata install --f fileOrDirectory --w TrueOrFalse
```

To wait for the installation to complete, set **--w True**. To allow the installation to proceed in the background, set **--w False**. The default is **False**.

For example,

```
productdata install --f E:/GAM/GAE092019.spd --w False
```

If installing a Spectrum<sup>™</sup> product with multiple . spd files, then use the folder path to the files. The command installs the data files that are in the folder and subfolders.

For example,

```
productdata install --f E:/GAM/GAV --w False
```

After you install the SPD files, see either Using Management Console to Create a Database
Resource on page 110 or Using CLI Commands to Create a Database Resource on page 112
to define the database as a resource.

For more information about the Product Data specific CLI commands, see *Product Data* under *Administration Utility* in the *Spectrum Technology Platform Administration Guide*.

## Deleting Global Addressing Module SPD Files

You must be a Spectrum Technology Platform administrator (admin) to perform this task. Before deleting data, verify that the data is not being used by a database resource in the Management Console.

Do not manually delete the SPD files from the location where the server extracted the SPD files. Instead, use these CLI commands to delete the SPD files. For more information about the Product Data CLI commands, see "Administration Utility" in your  $Spectrum^{\infty}$  Technology Platform Administration Guide.

- 1. Verify that the Spectrum Technology Platform server is running before you begin.
- 2. Connect to the Spectrum Technology Platform server by typing this command:

```
connect --h servername:port --u username --p password --s TrueOrFalse
```

If your Spectrum<sup>™</sup> server requires a secure connection, set **--s True**. The default is **False**. For example,

```
connect --h myserver:8080 --u admin --p myPassword1 --s False
```

3. Run the productdata list command to view the details for the currently installed SPD files. The results provide current information without having to access the file system. We recommend using this command before using the productdata delete command to make an informed decision about the data to delete.

Open a Spectrum CLI window and type the following:

```
productdata list
```

4. Run the productdata delete command to delete the SPD files from the Spectrum<sup>™</sup> Technology Platform:

```
productdata delete --p productName --c Component --q Qualifier --v
Vintage
```

#### For example,

```
productdata delete --p GAM --c GAV --q GAV DEU --v SEP2019
```

## Creating a Global Addressing Module Database Resource

After you install new Spectrum<sup>™</sup> Product Database (SPD) format files, use either **Using Management**Console to Create a Database Resource on page 110 or **Using CLI Commands to Create a**Database Resource on page 112 to define the newly installed database as a Global Addressing Module database resource.

#### Using Management Console to Create a Database Resource

To create a Global Addressing Module database resource in Management Console from a newly installed SPD file:

- 1. Open Management Console.
- 2. Go to Resources > Spectrum Databases.

If you do not see the **Spectrum Databases** menu, then you do not need to define database resources.

3. You can use the buttons at the top left to manage your databases.

To create a new database, click Add +.

To create a new database by copying an existing database, click Copy 4.

- 4. Enter a name for the database resource in the **Name** field. The name can be anything you choose. If you are creating a new database resource by copying an existing database resource, rename as needed. You cannot modify the name of an existing database resource.
- 5. In the **Pool size** field, specify the maximum number of concurrent requests you want this database to handle.

The optimal pool size varies by module. You will generally see the best results by setting the pool size between one-half to twice the number of CPUs on the server, with the optimal pool size for most modules being the same as the number of CPUs. For example, if your server has four CPUs you may want to experiment with a pool size between 2 (one-half the number of CPUs) and 8 (twice the number of CPUs) with the optimal size possibly being 4 (the number of CPUs).

When modifying the pool size you must also consider the number of runtime instances specified in the dataflow for the stages accessing the database. Consider for example a dataflow that has a Global Address Validation stage that is configured to use one runtime instance. If you set the pool size for the Global Address Validation database to four, you will not see a performance improvement because there would be only one runtime instance and therefore there would only be one request at a time to the database. However, if you were to increase the number of runtime instances of the Global Address Validation stage to four, you might then see an improvement in performance since there would be four instances of the Global Address Validation stage accessing the database simultaneously, therefore using the full pool. For more information about setting runtime instances, see the *Spectrum* Technology Administration Guide.

**Tip:** You should conduct performance tests with various settings to identify the optimal pool size and runtime instance settings for your environment.

- 6. In the Module field, select Global Address Validation Coder.
- 7. In the **Type** field, select the type of data.
  - a) Select the **Global Addressing** database for international address processing.
  - b) Select the **US Addressing** database for United States (USA) address processing.
- 8. To select all Global Addressing databases and all countries within those databases, click **Include** at the top of the list of available databases. To select only specific individual databases and all countries within those individual databases, click Include next to the individual databases.

**Tip:** To see the countries included in an individual database, click the arrow to the left of a database. You can also click Include at this level to include only specific countries in an individual database.

**Note:** We recommend grouping countries into regional Database Resources. For example, group the APAC countries into one Database Resource and the EMEA countries into another Database Resource. Attempting to add all countries for the Global Addressing Validation stage and the Global Type Ahead stage into just one Database Resource may cause the Database Resource creation process to time out and fail to create the Database Resource.

9. Click **Save** to add and save the database resource. The Spectrum<sup>™</sup> Databases page displays the added database resource.

#### Using CLI Commands to Create a Database Resource

To create and configure a Global Addressing Module database resource from a newly installed SPD file, use the gamdb create command.

For detailed descriptions of all Global Addressing Module CLI command options, type:

help gamdb

For a detailed descriptions of the available options for a specific Global Addressing Module CLI command, type "Help" and the command name.

For example,

help gamdb create

#### gamdb create

The gamdb create command creates and configures Global Addressing Module databases.

#### Usage

gamdb create --n Name --d Dataset Name --v Dataset Vintage --c Country --t Type --g Group --p Poolsize--mn minimum\_memory\_size --mx maximum\_memory\_size

Required	Argument	Description		
Yes	n <b>Name</b>	Specifies the nan	ne of the database resource to create.	
Yes	d <b>Dataset Name</b>	Specifies the nan	Specifies the name of the SPD dataset.	
Yes	−−v Dataset Vintage	Specifies the vint	age of the dataset.	
No	−−c Country	Specifies the three-digit ISO code for each country to include in the databases specified by the "t" option (type of SPD) where Countries is a list of three-digit ISO codes separated by semicolons. For more information about ISO codes, see your <i>Spectrum™ Technology Platform Addressing Guide</i> .		
Yes	t <i>Type</i>	Specifies the type of dataset.		
		GAV	Global Address Validation dataset.	
		GTA	Global Type Ahead dataset.	
Yes	g <b>Group</b>	Specifies the coder for Global Address Validation.		
		Global	Global Address Validation International coder.	

Required	Argument	Description	
		US	Global Address Validation US coder.
No	p <b>Poolsize</b>	•	ximum number of concurrent requests you want this dle. The default is 4.
No	mn or minMem minimum_memory_size	This value must	num amount of memory allocated for this database. be less than or equal to the $mx$ setting.
No	mx or maxMem <i>maximum_memory_siz</i> e	This value must	mum amount of memory allocated for this database. be greater than zero, but cannot exceed 65536 MB.

#### **Example**

This example creates a Global Addressing Validation database for Germany named "GAV\_DEU" using the database resource "GAV\_EMEA" with a December 2018 vintage and the International coder. This example configures the GAV\_DEU database with a pool size of 5, and memory allocation between 12200 and 65536 MB.

```
gamdb create --n GAV_DEU --d GAV_EMEA --v DEC2018 --c DEU --t GAV --g Global --p 5 --mn 12200 --mx 65536
```

#### Example

This example creates a Global Type Ahead database for Austria named "GTA\_AUT using the database resource "GTA\_EMEA" with a December 2018 vintage. This example configures the GTA\_AUT database with a pool size of 6, , and memory allocation between 12200 and 65536 MB.

```
gamdb create --n GTA_AUT --d GTA_EMEA --v DEC2018 --c AUT --t GTA --p 6 --mn 12200 --mx 65536
```

## Modifying a Global Addressing Module Database Resource

You can use either the Database Resource tool in the Management Console or the Global Addressing Module CLI commands to modify a Global Addressing Module database resource. For more information about modifying a Global Addressing Module database resource, see either Using Management Console to Modify a Database Resource on page 114 or Using CLI Commands to Modify a Database Resource on page 114.

#### Using Management Console to Modify a Database Resource

To modify a Global Addressing Module database resource:

- 1. Open Management Console.
- 2. Go to Resources > Spectrum Databases.
- 3. To modify an existing database, select the database and then click Edit 🥌



5. Click **Save** to save your changes to the selected database resource. The Spectrum<sup>™</sup> Databases page displays the modified database resource.

#### Using CLI Commands to Modify a Database Resource

To modify a Global Addressing Module database resource, use the gamdb modify command.

For detailed descriptions of all Global Addressing Module CLI command options, type:

For a detailed descriptions of the available options for a specific Global Addressing Module CLI command, type "Help" and the command name.

For example,

help gamdb modify

#### gamdb modify

The gamdb modify command modifies and updates Global Addressing Module databases.

#### Usage

gamdb modify --n Name --d Dataset Name --v Dataset Vintage --c Country --t Type --g Group --p Poolsize

Required	Argument	Description
Yes	n <b>Name</b>	Specifies the name of the database resource to modify.
Yes	d <b>Dataset Name</b>	Specifies the name of the SPD dataset.
Yes	∀ Dataset Vintage	Specifies the vintage of the dataset.
No	−−c <b>Country</b>	Specifies the three-digit ISO code for each country to include in the databases specified by the "t" option (type of SPD) where Countries is a list of three-digit ISO codes separated by semicolons. For more

Required Argument		Description	
		information about ISO codes, see your <i>Spectrum™ Technology</i> Platform Addressing Guide.	
Yes	t <b>Type</b>	Specifies the type of dataset.	
		GAV	Global Address Validation database.
		GTA	Global Type Ahead database.
Yes	g <b>Group</b>	Specifies the coder for Global Address Validation.	
		Global	Global Address Validation International coder.
		US	Global Address Validation US coder.
No	p <b>Poolsize</b>	•	ximum number of concurrent requests you want this dle. The default is 4.

#### **Example**

This example modifies the poolsize of the Global Addressing Validation database for Germany named "GAV\_DEU". This example specifies the Global Address Validation International coder.

```
gamdb modify --n GAV_DEU --d GAV_EMEA --v DEC2018 --c DEU --t
GAV --g Global --p 6
```

#### Example

This example modifies the poolsize of the Global Type Ahead database for Austria named "GTA\_AUT".

```
gamdb modify --n GTA_AUT --d GTA_EMEA --v DEC2018 --c AUT --t GTA --p 3
```

## Deleting a Global Addressing Module Database Resource

You can use either the Database Resource tool in the Management Console or the Global Addressing Module CLI commands to delete a Global Addressing Module database resource. For more information about modifying a Global Addressing Module database resource, see either Using Management Console to Delete a Database Resource on page 115 or Using CLI Commands to Delete a Database Resource on page 116.

#### Using Management Console to Delete a Database Resource

To delete a Global Addressing Module database resource:

- 1. Open Management Console.
- 2. Go to Resources > Spectrum Databases.
- 3. To delete a database, select the database and then click Delete 📋.
- 4. You will be asked to confirm that you want to delete the selected database resource. To confirm and delete the database resource, click Yes.
- 5. The database resource is deleted and no longer displays on the Spectrum<sup>™</sup> Databases page.

#### Using CLI Commands to Delete a Database Resource

To delete a Global Addressing Module database resource, use the gamdb delete command.

For detailed descriptions of all Global Addressing Module CLI command options, type:

For a detailed descriptions of the available options for a specific Global Addressing Module CLI command, type "Help" and the command name.

For example,

help gamdb delete

#### gamdb delete

The gamdb delete command deletes a Global Addressing Module database.

#### Usage

gamdb delete --n Name --g Group

Specifies the name of the database.	
Specifies the coder for Global Address Validation.	
ddress Validation International coder.	
ddress Validation US coder.	

#### **Example**

This example deletes a Global Address Validation database for Germany named "GAV\_DEU". This example specifies the Global Address Validation International coder.

gamdb delete --n GAV DEU --g Global

#### **Example**

This example deletes a Global Type Ahead database for Austria named "GTA\_AUT".

gamdb delete --n GTA AUT

## Installing Global Sentry Module Database

These databases are required to run Global Sentry in real-time mode:

- ofac.db
- pep.db
- · sanctions.db

These files are required to run Global Sentry in batch mode:

- · globalsentrydb.addresses-ofac.csv
- · globalsentrydb.fullNames-ofac.csv
- · globalsentrydb.ids-ofac.csv
- · globalsentrydb.names-ofac.csv
- · globalsentrydb.addresses-pep.csv
- globalsentrydb.fullNames-pep.csv
- · globalsentrydb.ids-pep.csv
- · globalsentrydb.names-pep.csv
- globalsentrydb.addresses-sanctions.csv
- · globalsentrydb.fullNames-sanctions.csv
- · globalsentrydb.ids-sanctions.csv
- · globalsentrydb.names-sanctions.csv

In addition, you must install the **Data Normalization Module** and **Advanced Matching Module** databases to use Global Sentry. For instructions, see **Installing Data Normalization Module Databases** on page 99 and **Installing Advanced Matching Module Database** on page 98.

Ensure the Global Sentry Database Server is in up and running. In case it is not, use the option in the utility to start it before you begin data loading.

**Note:** You need to perform data loading after every upgrade of Spectrum Technology Platform.

- 1. Stop the Spectrum Technology Platform server.
- 2. Insert the database DVD or download the database from the technical support web site.

**Note:** If you download the database from the Precisely web site, it will be downloaded as a zip file. Unzip the database before proceeding with the installation.

- 3. Select Start > Programs > Pitney Bowes > Spectrum Technology Platform > Modules > Global Sentry Module > Global Sentry Module Database Load Utility.
- 4. Follow the prompts during the rest of the installation process.

**Note:** You may install databases on a mapped drive, but performance will be affected since you will be accessing them on a network rather than accessing them locally.

- 5. Start Spectrum Technology Platform. To do this, right-click the Spectrum Technology Platform icon in the Windows task bar and select **Start Server**.
- After installing the Global Sentry Module database, you must configure a JDBC connection in the Spectrum Technology Platform Management Console. Go to Start > Settings > Control Panel > Administrative Tools > Services to verify that the Global Sentry Database is running.
- 7. Log in to the **Management Console** and configure the driver and connection properties using these steps:
  - a) In a web browser go to this URL:

http://server.port/managementconsole

Where *server* is the server name or IP address of your Spectrum Technology Platform server and *port* is the HTTP port used by Spectrum Technology Platform. By default, the HTTP port is 8080 and the HTTPS port is 8443.

- b) Enter your user name and password to access the **Home** page of the **Management Console**.
- c) On the Main Menu, click **Systems > Drivers** to open the **Drivers** page
- d) Click Add
- e) Type these JDBC properties in the applicable text boxes:
  - JDBC driver configuration name: HSQLDB
  - JDBC driver class name: org.hsqldb.jdbcDriver
  - Connection string template: jdbc:hsqldb:hsql://\${host}:\${port}/\${instance}
- f) Add this driver file:

SpectrumDirectory/GlobalSentryDatabase/lib/hsqldb.jar

- g) To define connection properties, go to **Resources** > **Data Sources**.
- h) Click **Add**, and define these connection properties:
  - Connection name: Global Sentry
  - Database driver: select the HSQLDB JDBC driver that you created in the previous steps.
- i) Enter these values in the **Connection Properties** dialog box:
  - host: localhost or <your server name>
  - port: 9001
  - instance: globalsentrydb
- j) Click **Test** to verify the connection works.
- k) Click OK, then click Save

## Installing Routing Databases

Spatial Module routing database resources are used by Find Nearest, Get Travel Boundary, Get Travel Cost Matrix, Get Travel Directions, Get Route Data, and Persistent Update.

To install routing Spectrum Product Data (SPD) data from Pitney Bowes, you must:

- Download the routing SPD format files that you purchased from Pitney Bowes using the link provided in the Pitney Bowes communication or from the Pitney Bowes Software and Data Marketplace.
- Use Command Line Interface (CLI) commands to install the routing Spectrum Product Data to a Spectrum database. This copies the data to the Spectrum database and makes the Spectrum Technology Platform aware of the data in the database. For details, see Adding Routing Data to Spectrum on page 119.
- 3. In Management Console, create a new database resource for the routing Spectrum Product Data, or change an existing database resource to include the routing Spectrum Product Data. A database resource is how you add the data to projects. For details, see Creating a Routing Database Resource on page 122.

If you are installing Spectrum Product Data for the first time, because you are a new customer to the Spectrum Technology Platform or setting up a new Spectrum server, then we recommend you set the data extract and archive locations before installing Spectrum Product Data. For details, see SPD Setup on a New Spectrum Server on page 91. We recommend using the productdata extract register and productdata archive register commands to ensure that the Spectrum Product Data, which may be large, resides in an appropriate and manageable location of your choosing on the server. The default location inside the Spectrum folders can make upgrades and re-installations more difficult and require even greater temporary space.

## Adding Routing Data to Spectrum

You must be a Spectrum Technology Platform administrator (admin) to perform this task.

To install routing Spectrum Product Data (SPD):

- 1. Verify that the Spectrum Technology Platform server is running before you begin.
- Download your Spectrum Product Database (SPD) format files from Pitney Bowes using the link provided in the Pitney Bowes communication or from the Pitney Bowes Software and Data Marketplace (SDM). If the download is a zip file, extract it to a temporary location.
- 3. Open a command-line window.

4. Connect to the Spectrum Technology Platform server by typing this command:

```
connect --h servername:port --u username --p password --s SSLtrueFalse
```

#### For example,

```
connect --h myserver:8080 --u admin --p myPassword1 --s false
```

5. Install the routing data to the Spectrum server by typing:

```
productdata install --f fileOrDirectory --w waitOrReturn
```

#### For example:

```
productdata install --f C:/Downloads/C1A122018/CA_Driving.spd --w
```

To import and extract multiple Spectrum Product Data (.spd) files, when installing both pedestrian and driving data for example, provide the path to the folder:

```
productdata install --f C:/Downloads/C1A122018 --w
```

6. Run the following command to view information about the Spectrum data:

```
productdata list
```

This command lists all the information related to Spectrum Product Data (SPD), which are:

- a. PRODUCT
- b. COMPONENT
- C. QUALIFIER
- d. VINTAGE
- e. EXPIRATION
- f. DESCRIPTION
- q. IDENTIFIER
- 7. Run one of the following commands to generate a template for adding Spectrum data to Spectrum.
  - Run the following command to create a template file (.json file) in the current directory:

```
ermdb template
```

• Alternatively, include the file name with the command to export the template to a specific location:

```
ermdb template path of the directory
```

#### For example:

ermdb template C:/Downloads/Templates/ermdbresource.json

The current file folder or the path you specified now has a template file (.json) that contains information like:

```
[{"product":"Spatial",
   "module":"routing",
   "name":"enter database name",
   "properties":{"isSPD":"true",
   "DatasetPaths":"${spectrum.spd.Spatial/routing/add IDENTIFIER from
   productdata list};"},
   "maxActive":4}
```

8. Configure the JSON template (.json) file by adding the database display name for the name tag and adding the IDENTIFIER information from running productdata list (in step 2) to the DatasetPaths tag.

For example:

```
[{"product":"Spatial",
   "module":"routing",
   "name":"Austria",
   "properties":{"isSPD":"true",

"DatasetPaths":"${spectrum.spd.Spatial/routing/AlT_Pedestrian_Mar_2019};"},
   "maxActive":4}]
```

- 9. Save your changes to the template file.
- 10. Run the import command to add the SPD to the Management Console.

```
ermdb import --f path_to_JSON_template
```

For example, if the template is stored in a JSON file named ermdbresource.json, then the command will look like:

```
ermdb import --f C:/Downloads/File/ermdbresource.json
```

You are now ready to create a database resource for the routing data as described in **Creating a**Routing Database Resource on page 122.

For more information about these Product Data CLI commands, see *Product Data* and *Spatial Module* and *Routing Databases* in the *Spectrum Technology Platform Administration Guide*.

## Creating a Routing Database Resource

You must be a Spectrum Technology Platform administrator (admin) or Spatial administrator (spatial-admin) to perform this task. If you are a Spatial sub-administrator (spatial-sub-admin), then you must have permission to the folder that you are adding to or editing.

To create a routing database resource for Spectrum:

- 1. In Management Console, go to **Resources > Spectrum Databases**.
- 2. Click the **Add** button to create a new database resource, or change an existing database resource by clicking the **Edit** button .

**Note:** You can create a new database resource by copying an existing one by clicking the **Copy** button **4**.

- 3. If you are creating a new database, enter a name for the database resource in the **Name** field. The name can be anything you choose. If you create a new database by copying an existing one, then rename it. You cannot modify the name of an existing database resource, because any services or jobs that reference the database resource by its original name would fail.
- 4. Change the **Pool Size** value if needed, by specifying the maximum number of concurrent requests you want this database to handle.

**Note:** This setting represents the number of threads on the components that are listening for service requests from the Spectrum Technology Platform for executing a Spatial routing stage (that is, the maximum number of managed connections). Every web service request enters Spectrum from the platform and passes to the components. To accommodate greater request loads, increase the default value (which is 4). We recommend a pool size that matches the number of CPUs. The maximum setting should not go above twice the number of the CPU core; for example, on a 4 CPU machine, the combined number of threads for all services should not exceed 8. Run performance tests with various settings to find the optimal performance.

- 5. Specify the **Min memory (MB)** and **Max memory (MB)** heap memory values.
- 6. In the **Module** field, select **Spatial**.
- 7. In the **Type** field, select **Enterprise Routing**.
- 8. From **Network Type**, select the type of network that is applicable for the database. You can choose between **Driving** and **Pedestrian**.
  - A list of available databases appears in the table below. Each database is listed with its description and vintage.
- 9. Select the databases from the list.
  - To find out more about installing Spectrum data, see **Installing a Spectrum Database** on page 91.

- 10. Select **Override advanced settings** if applicable. This feature lets you override settings such as additional command-line arguments when starting process, properties, and environment variables for remote process.
- 11. Click Save to add the database. A list of the Spectrum databases and their status displays. (It may take a moment to refresh the Status column.)

The database resource now displays in the list of available database resources for Route, Travel Boundary, Cost Matrix, Find Nearest, Get Travel Boundary, Get Travel Cost Matrix, Get Travel Directions, and Get Route Data.

# Installing Universal Addressing Module Databases

## Universal Addressing Module Databases

**Note:** This section is valid only for users of *UAM- US*, *UAM- Canada*, *UAM- International*, *Logate*, and *Validate Address Global*.

Universal Addressing Module databases are distributed in the Spectrum<sup>™</sup> Product Database (SPD) format from the Pitney Bowes **Software and Data Marketplace**. After upgrading to Spectrum Technology Platform version **2019.1** from any previous version, you must delete and reconfigure all the previously configured databases using SPDs. You cannot install older databases or vintages.

#### **Disk Space**

The disk space requirements for extracted and non-extracted SPD bundles are:

- Extracted bundles (all SPD) 50 GB
- Non-extracted bundles (all SPD) 20 GB

To download and install a Universal Addressing Module database resource in the Spectrum<sup>™</sup> Product Database (SPD) format, see Installing Universal Addressing Module SPD Files on page 124.

## Installing Universal Addressing Module SPD Files

You must be a Spectrum Technology Platform administrator (admin) to perform this task. Before deleting data, verify that the data is not being used by a database resource in the Management Console.

To download and install a Universal Addressing Module database resource in the Spectrum<sup>™</sup> Product Database (SPD) format:

- Select and download your licensed SPD format files (xxx.spd) from Pitney Bowes using the link provided in the Pitney Bowes communication or from the Pitney Bowes Software and Data Marketplace (SDM). If the download is a zip file, extract it to a temporary location.
- 2. Verify that the Spectrum Technology Platform server is running before you continue.
- 3. Open a Spectrum<sup>™</sup> command line window.
- 4. Connect to the Spectrum Technology Platform server by typing this command:

```
connect --h servername:port --u username --p password --s TrueOrFalse
```

If your Spectrum<sup>™</sup> server requires a secure connection, set **--s True**. The default is **False**. For example,

```
connect --h myserver:8080 --u admin --p myPassword1 --s False
```

5. Install the data to the Spectrum<sup>™</sup> server by typing:

```
productdata install --f fileOrDirectory --w TrueOrFalse
```

To wait for the installation to complete, set **--w True**. To allow the installation to proceed in the background, set **--w False**. The default is **False**.

For example,

```
productdata install --f E:/UAM/USS112019_201820.spd --w False
```

If installing a Spectrum<sup>™</sup> product with multiple . spd files, then use the folder path to the files. The command installs the data files that are in the folder and subfolders.

For example,

```
productdata install --f E:/UAM/ValidateAddress --w False
```

 After you install the SPD files, see either Using Management Console to Create a Database Resource on page 126 or Using CLI Commands to Create a Database Resource on page 127 to define the database as a resource. For more information about the Product Data specific CLI commands, see *Product Data* under *Administration Utility* in the *Spectrum Technology Platform Administration Guide*.

## Deleting Universal Addressing Module SPD Files

You must be a Spectrum Technology Platform administrator (admin) to perform this task. Before deleting data, verify that the data is not being used by a database resource in the Management Console.

Do not manually delete the SPD files from the location where the server extracted the SPD files. Instead, use these CLI commands to delete the SPD files. For more information about the Product Data specific CLI commands, see *Product Data* under *Administration Utility* in the *Spectrum Technology Platform Administration Guide*.

- 1. Verify that the Spectrum Technology Platform server is running before you begin.
- 2. Connect to the Spectrum Technology Platform server by typing this command:

```
connect --h servername:port --u username --p password --s TrueOrFalse
```

If your Spectrum<sup>™</sup> server requires a secure connection, set **--s True**. The default is **False**. For example,

```
connect --h myserver:8080 --u admin --p myPassword1 --s False
```

3. Run the productdata list command to view the details for the currently installed SPD files. The results provide current information without having to access the file system. We recommend using this command before using the productdata delete command to make an informed decision about the data to delete.

Open a Spectrum CLI window and type the following:

```
productdata list
```

4. Run the productdata delete command to delete the SPD files from the Spectrum<sup>™</sup> Technology Platform:

```
\begin{tabular}{ll} product Name --c & Component --q & Qualifier --v \\ Vintage \end{tabular}
```

#### For example,

```
productdata delete --p "Universal Addressing Module" --c C6P --q UAM-CAN
    --v SEP2019
```

## Creating a Universal Addressing Module Database Resource

After you install new Spectrum<sup>™</sup> Product Database (SPD) format files, use either **Using Management**Console to Create a Database Resource on page 126 or **Using CLI Commands to Create a**Database Resource on page 127 to define the newly installed database as a Universal Addressing Module database resource.

#### Using Management Console to Create a Database Resource

To create a Universal Addressing Module database resource in Management Console from a newly installed SPD file:

- 1. Open Management Console.
- 2. Go to Resources > Spectrum Databases.

If you do not see the **Spectrum Databases** menu, then you do not need to define database resources.

3. You can use the buttons at the top left to manage your databases.

To create a new database, click Add +.

To create a new database by copying an existing database, click Copy 4.

- 4. Enter a name for the database resource in the **Name** field. The name can be anything you choose. If you are creating a new database resource by copying an existing database resource, rename as needed. You cannot modify the name of an existing database resource.
- 5. In the **Pool size** field, specify the maximum number of concurrent requests you want this database to handle.

The optimal pool size varies by module. You will generally see the best results by setting the pool size between one-half to twice the number of CPUs on the server, with the optimal pool size for most modules being the same as the number of CPUs. For example, if your server has four CPUs you may want to experiment with a pool size between 2 (one-half the number of CPUs) and 8 (twice the number of CPUs) with the optimal size possibly being 4 (the number of CPUs).

When modifying the pool size you must also consider the number of runtime instances specified in the dataflow for the stages accessing the database. Consider for example a dataflow that has a Universal Addressing Module stage that is configured to use one runtime instance. If you set the pool size for the Universal Addressing Module database to four, you will not see a performance improvement because there would be only one runtime instance and therefore there would only be one request at a time to the database. However, if you were to increase the number of runtime instances of the Universal Addressing Module stage to four, you might then see an improvement in performance since there would be four instances of the Universal Addressing Module stage

accessing the database simultaneously, therefore using the full pool. For more information about setting runtime instances, see the  $Spectrum^{TM}$  Technology Administration Guide.

**Tip:** You should conduct performance tests with various settings to identify the optimal pool size and runtime instance settings for your environment.

- 6. In the **Min memory (MB)** field, specify the minimum amount of memory allocated for this database resource.
- 7. In the **Max memory (MB)** field, specify the maximum amount of memory allocated for this database resource.
- 8. In the **Module** field, select Universal Addressing Module.
- 9. In the **Type** field, select the type of data.
  - a) Select the Canada Address Coders database for Canada address processing.
  - b) Select the International Address Coders database for International address processing.
  - c) Select the **US Address Coders** database for United States (USA) address processing.
- 10. For Canada Address Coders, in the \*Canada: field, select the base database vintage.
- 11. For International Address Coders, in the \*International: field, select the base database vintage.
- 12. For US Address Coders, in the \*US: field, select the base database vintage.
- 13. For US Address Coders, specify the database vintage for the following optional databases you use for processing.
  - Delivery Point Validation (DPV)
  - LACSLink
  - SuiteLink
  - Residential Delivery Indicator (RDI)
  - Early Warning System (EWS)
- 14. To override advanced settings such as additional command line arguments when starting processing, properties, and environmental variables for remote processing, select **Override advanced settings**.
- 15. Click **Save** to add and save the database resource. The Spectrum<sup>™</sup> Databases page displays the added database resource.

## Using CLI Commands to Create a Database Resource

To create and configure a Universal Addressing Module database resource from a newly installed SPD file, use the <code>uamdb create</code> command.

For detailed descriptions of all Universal Addressing Module CLI command options, type:

help uamdb

For a detailed descriptions of the available options for a specific Universal Addressing Module CLI command, type "Help" and the command name.

#### For example,

help uamdb create

#### uamdb create

The uamdb create command creates a new Universal Addressing Module database.

#### Usage

uamdb create --t Type --n Name --c CacheSize --i Country --pl PreloadingType --dt DatabaseType --b BasePath --d DPVPath --l LACSPath --s SuiteLinkPath --r RDIPath --e EWSPath --p Poolsize --mm minimumMemorySize --mx maximumMemorySize

**Note:** To see a list of parameters, type help uamdb create.

Required	Argument	Descripti	ion	
Yes	t <i>Type</i>	Specifies the type of database, where <i>Type</i> is one of the following:		
		USA	United States database	
		CAN	Canadian Database	
		INTL	International Database	
		Loqate	Loqate Database	
		Global	Validate Address Global Database	
		Amas	Australian Database	
Yes	n <b>Name</b>	Specifies	Specifies the name of the database.	
No	c CacheSize	Specifies the cache size of a Validate Address Global database, where <i>CacheSize</i> is one of the following:		
		None	No cache	
		Small	Small cache	
		Large	Large cache (default)	
No	i Country	Specifies the three-digit ISO code(s) for each country in a Validate Address Global database that you want to use, where <i>Country</i> is either "All" (default) or a list of codes separated by comma.		
No	pl PreloadingType	•	the amount of a Validate Address Global database that is d, where <i>PreloadingType</i> is one of the following:	
		None No data is preloaded (default).		
		Partial	Loads the metadata and indexing structures into memory. The reference data itself will remain on the hard drive. Offers some performance enhancements and is an	

Required	Argument	Description	on	
			alternative when not enough memory is available to fully load the desired databases.	
		Full	Moves the entire reference database into memory. This may need a significant amount of memory for countries with large databases such as the USA or the United Kingdom, but it will significantly increase the processing speed.	
No	−−dt <b>DatabaseType</b>	•	the processing mode for a Validate Address Global where <i>DatabaseType</i> is one of the following:	
		Used in batch processing or interactive environments. It is optimized for speed and will terminate attempts to correct an address when ambiguous data is encountered that cannot be corrected automatically (default).		
			atch processing environments for Australian mail to ze and validate mail against the Postal Address File.	
		_	enter truncated data in address fields and have Validate Global generate suggestions.	
Yes	b <b>BasePath</b>	Specifies	the base subscription database path.	
		Glo	te: For USA, CAN, INTL, Loqate, and Validate Address bal specify the database vintage in place of database path. ample: NOV2017	
No	d <b>DPVPath</b>	Specifies	the DPV database vintage.	
No	1 LACSPath	Specifies	the LACS database vintage.	
No	s SuiteLinkPath	Specifies	the SuiteLink database vintage.	
No	r RDIPath	Specifies	the RDI database vintage.	
No	е <i>EWSPath</i>	Specifies	the EWS database vintage.	
No	р <b>Poolsize</b>		the maximum number of concurrent requests you want this to handle. The default is 4.	
No	mn <b>or</b> minMem <i>minimum_memory_siz</i> e	This value	e minimum amount of memory allocated for this database. must be less than or equal to themx setting.	
No	mx <b>or</b> maxMem <i>maximum_memory_siz</i> e	This value	e maximum amount of memory allocated for this database. must be greater than zero, but cannot exceed 65536 MB.	

**Note:** The *database vintage* can be obtained using the *uamdb listdatasets* command. For more information see <u>uamdb listdatasets</u>.

#### **Example**

To create a database for *UAM US*, *CAN*, *INTL*, *Loqate*, or *Validate Address Global* provide input in this format:

```
uamdb create --t USA --n UAM_US --b FEB2018 --d AUG2018 --r SEP2018 --mn 1200 --mx 65536
```

## Modifying a Universal Addressing Module Database Resource

You can use either the Database Resource tool in the Management Console or the Universal Addressing Module CLI commands to modify a Universal Addressing Module database resource. For more information about modifying a Universal Addressing Module database resource, see either Using Management Console to Modify a Database Resource on page 130 or Using CLI Commands to Modify a Database Resource on page 130.

#### Using Management Console to Modify a Database Resource

To modify a Universal Addressing Module database resource:

- 1. Open Management Console.
- 2. Go to Resources > Spectrum Databases.
- 3. To modify an existing database, select the database and then click Edit \_\_\_\_\_.
- Make your required changes. For more information on database resource fields, see Using Management Console to Create a Database Resource on page 126.
- 5. Click **Save** to save your changes to the selected database resource. The Spectrum<sup>™</sup> Databases page displays the modified database resource.

### Using CLI Commands to Modify a Database Resource

To modify a Universal Addressing Module database resource, use the uamdb modify command.

For detailed descriptions of all Universal Addressing Module CLI command options, type:

```
help uamdb
```

For a detailed descriptions of the available options for a specific Universal Addressing Module CLI command, type "Help" and the command name.

#### For example,

help uamdb modify

#### uamdb modify

The uamdb modify command updates an existing Universal Addressing Module database.

#### Usage

uamdb modify --t Type --n Name --b BasePath --d DPVPath --1 LACSPath --s SuiteLinkPath --r RDIPath --e EWSPath --p Poolsize

Required	Argument	Description		
Yes	t <i>Туре</i>	Specifies the type of database, where <i>Type</i> is one of the following:		
		USA	United States database	
		CAN	Canadian Database	
		INTL	International Database	
		Global	Validate Address Global Database	
Yes	n <b>Name</b>	Specifies the name of the database.		
Yes	b <b>BasePath</b>	Specifies the base subscription database path.		
			A, CAN, INTL, Loqate, and Validate Address the database vintage in place of database path.	
No	d <b>DPVPath</b>	Specifies the DPV da	atabase vintage.	
No	1 LACSPath	Specifies the LACS	database vintage.	
No	s <b>SuiteLinkPath</b>	Specifies the SuiteLi	nk database vintage.	
No	r <i>RDIPath</i>	Specifies the RDI da	tabase vintage.	
No	е EWSPath	Specifies the EWS d	atabase vintage.	
No	p <b>Poolsize</b>	Specifies the maximudatabase to handle.	um number of concurrent requests you want this The default is 4.	

**Note:** The *database vintage* can be obtained using the *uamdb listdatasets* command. For more information see **uamdb listdatasets**.

#### Example

To create a database for *UAM US*, *CAN*, *INTL*, *Loqate*, or *Validate Address Global* provide input in this format:

```
uamdb modify --n UAM_US --t USA --b SEP2018 --d AUG2018 --r
OCT2018
```

## Deleting a Universal Addressing Module Database Resource

You can use either the Database Resource tool in the Management Console or the Universal Addressing Module CLI commands to delete a Universal Addressing Module database resource. For more information about deleting a Universal Addressing Module database resource, see either Using Management Console to Delete a Database Resource on page 132 or Using CLI Commands to Delete a Database Resource on page 132.

#### Using Management Console to Delete a Database Resource

To delete a Universal Addressing Module database resource:

- 1. Open Management Console.
- 2. Go to Resources > Spectrum Databases.
- 3. To delete a database, select the database and then click Delete 📋.
- 4. You will be asked to confirm that you want to delete the selected database resource. To confirm and delete the database resource, click Yes.
- 5. The database resource is deleted and no longer displays on the Spectrum<sup>™</sup> Databases page.

### Using CLI Commands to Delete a Database Resource

To delete a Universal Addressing Module database resource, use the uamdb delete command.

For detailed descriptions of all Universal Addressing Module CLI command options, type:

```
help uamdb
```

For a detailed descriptions of the available options for a specific Universal Addressing Module CLI command, type "Help" and the command name.

For example,

```
help uamdb delete
```

#### uamdb delete

The uamdb delete command deletes a Universal Addressing Module database.

#### Usage

uamdb delete --t *Type* --n *Name* 

Require	d Argument	Description		
Yes	t <b>Туре</b>	Specifies the type of	Specifies the type of database, where <i>Type</i> is one of the following:	
		USA	United States database	
		CAN	Canadian Database	
		INTL	International Database	
		Loqate	Loqate Database	
		Global	Validate Address Global Database	
		Amas	Australian Database	
Yes	n <b>Name</b>	Specifies the name o	f the database.	

#### **Example**

This example deletes a Canadian database named "UAM CAN".

uamdb delete --t CAN --n UAM\_CAN

## Installing Validate Address Global Databases

This procedure describes how to install the databases used by the Validate Address Global stage. For instructions on installing databases used by other Universal Addressing Module stages, see the Spectrum Technology Platform Administration Guide.

- Download your licensed SPD files (xxx.spd) using the link provided in the Pitney Bowes communication or from the Pitney Bowes Software and Data Marketplace (SDM).
- 2. The SPD files are:
  - VAGlobal-EMEA.spd—Contains the data for Europe, Middle East, and Africa.
  - VAGlobal-APAC.spd—Contains the data for Asia-Pacific.
  - VAGlobal-Americas.spd—Contains the data for the Americas.

**Note:** You may install databases on a mapped drive, but performance will be affected since you will be accessing the databases on a network rather than accessing the databases locally.

- 3. Stop the Spectrum Technology Platform. To do this, open the Windows system tray and select **Stop Spectrum**<sup>™</sup>.
- 4. Install the unlock code:
  - a) Open the following file in a text editor:

<SpectrumDirectory>\server\modules\addressglobal\conf\unlockcodes.txt

- b) Enter your unlock codes, one per line.
- c) Save and close the file.
- 5. Start Spectrum Technology Platform. To do this, right-click the Spectrum Technology Platform icon in the system tray and select **Start Spectrum**<sup>™</sup>.

## Installing Validate Address Loqate Databases

This procedure describes how to install the databases used by the Validate Address Loqate stage. For instructions on installing databases used by other Universal Addressing Module stages, see the Spectrum Technology Platform Administration Guide.

- Download your licensed SPD files (xxx.spd) using the link provided in the Pitney Bowes communication or from the Pitney Bowes Software and Data Marketplace (SDM).
- 2. The database SPD files are:
  - LQ0 Contains a separate lib file for the Windows installation of data in the . spd file format. Irrespective of which Windows and non-Windows platform you are using, there will be a different lq0 file (lib file) for these platforms:
    - Win-LQ0 win
    - Linux-LQ0 Linux
    - AIX7.1-LQ0 AIX7.1
    - AIX7.2- LQ0 AIX7.2
    - Solaris-LQ0 Solaris
    - HPUX-LQ0 hpux
  - LQ0/DB Setup—Contains general database setup files.

**Note:** Regardless of which set of data you use, the files in LQ0 must be installed.

- LQ1-APAC AFR ME—Contains the data for Asia-Pacific, Africa, and Middle East.
- LQ2-Americas—Contains the data for Americas regions.
- LQ3-Europe—Contains the data for Europe region.

**Note:** You may install databases on a mapped drive, but performance will be affected since you will be accessing them on a network rather than accessing them locally.

You may install databases on a network share, but performance will be affected since you will be accessing them on a network rather than accessing them locally.

- 3. The database is downloaded as a .spd file. Install the SPD file:
  - a. Place the SPD files at <SpectrumLocation>/server/import. This is the default location for the SPD files. The Spectrum Technology Platform server monitors this folder and looks

- for new files in two-second intervals. You can change the location of the data import directory by altering the *spectrum.import.dir* property in this file:
- <SpectrumLocation>/server/conf/spectrum-container.properties.
- b. When the server detects new SPD files, the server automatically extracts the SPD files to <SpectrumLocation>/server/ref data. You can change the location of the data storage folder by altering the spectrum.data.manager.storage.dir property in the Data Manager settings section of the
  - $< Spectrum Location > / server/conf/spectrum-container.properties \ {\bf file}.$
- c. By default, the SPD files will be archived in SpectrumLocation>/server/archive/ref
  data.
- 4. At this point the data will become available and you can add it as a Spectrum<sup>™</sup> database resource in the **Spectrum<sup>™</sup> Databases** section of **Management Console**.

## Installing Universal Name Module Databases

The Universal Name Module provides a load utility to install databases. The database files that you load depend on the databases you have licensed.

**Note:** To install the Universal Name Module databases on Windows Server 2008 you need administrator privileges.

- 1. Make sure no applications are running.
- 2. Stop the Spectrum Technology Platform server.
- Download the database from the Pitney Bowes eStore or Software Data Marketplace using the link provided in the Pitney Bowes communication or from the Pitney Bowes Software and Data Marketplace.
- 4. The database is downloaded as a zip file. Unzip the database before proceeding with the installation.
- Select Start > Programs > Pitney Bowes > Spectrum Technology Platform > Modules >
   Universal Name and Advanced Matching Modules > Universal Name and Advanced
   Matching Modules Database Load Utility.
- 6. Follow the prompts to complete the installation process. The database files are you can install are:
  - Arabic Plus Pack: g1-cdq-cjki-arabic-<date>.jar
  - Asian Plus Pack Chinese: q1-cdq-cjki-chinese-<date>.jar
  - Asian Plus Pack Japanese: g1-cdg-cjki-japanese-<date>.jar
  - Asian Plus Pack Korean: q1-cdq-cjki-korean-<date>.jar
  - Core Names Database: g1-cdg-nomino-base-<date>.jar

**Note:** You may install databases on a mapped drive, but performance will be affected since you will be accessing them on a network rather than accessing them locally.

- 7. To load the complete Core Names Database, you must also install Open Parser and Table Lookup data from the Data Normalization Module Database Load Utility.
  - a) Select Start > Programs > Pitney Bowes > Spectrum Technology Platform > Modules
     > Data Normalization Module > Database Load Utility > Open Parser.
  - b) Follow the prompts to complete the installation process. The database file you need to install is:
    - · cdq-OpenParser-EnhancedNames.tba
  - c) Select Start > Programs > Pitney Bowes > Spectrum Technology Platform > Modules > Data Normalization Module > Database Load Utility > Table Lookup.
  - d) Follow the prompts to complete the installation process. The database file you need to install is:
    - cdq-TableLookup-EnhancedGenderCodes.tba
- 8. Open the file SpectrumDirectory\server\bin\wrapper\wrapper.conf in a text editor.
- 9. Increase the Java settings for initial heap size (wrapper.java.initmemory) and maximum heap size (wrapper.java.maxmemory) to reflect the total amount of memory required for the Arabic Plus Pack and Asian Plus Pack.

• Arabic Plus Pack: 5.5 GB

Asian Plus Pack - Chinese: 32 MB
Asian Plus Pack - Japanese: 1.6 GB
Asian Plus Pack - Korean: 8 MB

· Core Names: 1.1 GB

- 10. Save and close wrapper.conf.
- 11. Start Spectrum Technology Platform. To do this, right-click the Spectrum Technology Platform icon in the Windows task bar and select **Start Server**.

## Using the Database Silent Installer

The silent install process allows you to preconfigure the database installation process so that it runs without user intervention.

Instead of responding to prompts from the installation process for information such as the installation location, you specify these responses in a properties file that the installer uses instead of user prompts.

## Using the Loqate Database Silent Installer

- 1. In the Spectrum Technology Platform server installer (not the database installer), browse to the SilentInstaller folder.
- 2. Using a text editor, open the uam logate.installer.properties file.
- 3. Edit the properties file as necessary to specify the installation settings you want to use. See the comments in the properties file for additional information.
- 4. To run the installer in silent mode, place the properties file in any directory except the location where you are going to install the Loqate data and give the absolute path to the property in the command prompt, as follows:

install.bat %PathOfPropertyFile%\uam loqate.installer.properties

## 7 - Client Tools

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## Installing the Client Tools

The Spectrum Technology Platform client tools are applications that you use to administer your server and design and run dataflows and process flows. You must install your Spectrum Technology Platform server before installing the client tools.

Before installing, be sure to read the release notes. The release notes contains a list of known issues, important compatibility information, and release-specific installation notes.

This procedure describes how to install the client tools:

- Enterprise Designer allows you to create, modify, and run dataflows.
- Flow Designer is the next-generation Web UI dataflow design tool. This release provides a technical preview version of Flow Designer.

**Note:** Enterprise Designer will be retired once Flow Designer contains the full feature set in a future release.

- **Job Executor** is a command line tool that allows you to run a job from a command line or script. The job must have been previously created and saved on Spectrum Technology Platform using Enterprise Designer or Flow Designer.
- Process Flow Executor is a command line tool that allows the execution of a process flow from a command line or script. The process flow must have been previously created and saved on Spectrum Technology Platform using Enterprise Designer or Flow Designer.
- Administration Utility provides command line access to several administrative functions. You can use it in a script, allowing you to automate certain administrative tasks. You can also use it interactively.

To install the client tools:

1. Open a web browser and go to the Spectrum Technology Platform Welcome Page at:

```
http://<servername>:<port>
```

For example, if you installed Spectrum Technology Platform on a computer named **myspectrumplatform** and it is using the default HTTP port 8080, you would go to:

```
http://myspectrumplatform:8080
```

- Click Platform Client Tools.
- 3. Download the client tool you want to install.

# Installing Enterprise Designer with a Silent Installer

The silent install process installs Enterprise Designer without user intervention. Instead of prompting the user for information such as the installation location, the installer uses preconfigured selections that you specify.

To use the silent installer you must first create an installer properties file by running the client installer and responding to the prompts. The resulting properties file can then be used to silently install Enterprise Designer on other computers.

1. Open a web browser and go to the Spectrum Technology Platform Welcome Page at:

```
http://<servername>:<port>
```

For example, if you installed Spectrum Technology Platform on a computer named **myspectrumplatform** and it is using the default HTTP port 8080, you would go to:

http://myspectrumplatform:8080

- 2. Click Platform Client Tools.
- 3. Click Download Installer.
- 4. Choose to save the file to a location on your computer.

**Note:** Save the installer on a Windows computer that does not already have Enterprise Designer installed. You will need to run the installer in order to specify the options you want to use in the silent install process.

- 5. Open a Windows command prompt.
- In the command prompt, change directories to the directory where you saved the installer.
- 7. Execute the following command:

```
Setup.exe -r installer.properties
```

8. Respond to the installer prompts by selecting the options that you want to use when the installer runs silently.

For example, if you want the silent installer to install Enterprise Designer to C:\Spectrum\EnterpriseDesigner, specify C:\Spectrum\EnterpriseDesigner when prompted for an installation folder.

When the installer finishes running, a properties file named installer.properties is created in the same folder as the Setup.exe file.

9. Open the file installer.properties in a text editor.

10. Add the following on line 8 of the file:

```
INSTALLER UI=silent
```

**Note:** This is case sensitive to be sure to enter it exactly as shown above.

11. Save and close the properties file.

You have now configured a properties file that will enable you to install Enterprise Designer silently.

12. To install Enterprise Designer silently, place installer.properties and Setup.exe in the same folder on the computer where you want to install Enterprise Designer and run Setup.exe. When the installer executes it will detect installer.properties and automatically run in silent mode.

Alternatively, you can place installer.properties in different directory and give the absolute path to the property in the command prompt using the -f argument, as follows:

Setup.exe -f PathOfPropertyFile\installer.properties

## Upgrading Enterprise Designer

#### Upgrading from 12.0 or 11.0 SP1

If you are upgrading to Spectrum Technology Platform 12.0 SP1 from 12.0 or 11.0 SP1, you do not need to upgrade Enterprise Designer. However, you should delete this file before logging in to 12.0 SP1:

C:\Users\UserName\AppData\Roaming\Pitney Bowes\Enterprise
Designer\Settings.xml

#### Upgrading from a version prior to 11.0

If you are upgrading to Spectrum Technology Platform 12.0 SP1 from a version prior to 11.0 SP1, you must upgrade Enterprise Designer due to security changes.

**Important:** Once you upgrade your server to 12.0 SP1, you will not be able to log in to Enterprise Designer until you upgrade it.

To upgrade Enterprise Designer:

 Uninstall the existing client tools by going to Start > All Programs > Pitney Bowes > Client Tools > Setup.

- 2. Make sure that you have .NET 4.6 installed on the client machine. This is a newer version of .NET than was required in previous releases. Note that Windows 10 comes with this version of .NET installed by default.
- 3. Download the client tools installer from the Spectrum Technology Platform welcome page, http://SpectrumServer:Port. The default port is 8080.
- 4. Run the installer.

## Removing Enterprise Designer

- 1. Back up any files you may need in the future.
- 2. Use the Windows Add/Remove Programs control panel to uninstall Enterprise Designer.

## 8 - Client API

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## Installing the Client API

The Client API is used to integrate Spectrum Technology Platform functionality into your applications. If you will be creating your own program to call Spectrum Technology Platform, you need to install the Spectrum Technology Platform Client API on the system where you will be developing your application. The Client API allows access to Spectrum Technology Platform through several programming languages, including Java, C++, and web services.

- 1. Open the folder where you have downloaded the Spectrum Technology Platform Client API installer.
- 2. Double-click the file sdkinst.exe.
- 3. The installer guides you through the installation process.

## Removing the Client API

Use the Windows Add/Remove Programs control panel to uninstall the Spectrum Technology Platform Client API.

## 9 - SAP, SugarCRM, and Microsoft Dynamics

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## Configuring SAP

#### Integrating with SAP

To integrate Spectrum Technology Platform with SAP, you need to install supporting databases and dataflows on the Spectrum Technology Platform server, and then configure your SAP system to communicate with Spectrum Technology Platform. Once you do this, users of SAP will have access to address validation and geocoding functionality from within SAP.

 On the Spectrum Technology Platform server, install the databases required to perform address validation, geocoding, and tax jurisdiction assignment and define database resources for each database.

You must give the database resources the following names.

Database	Required Name for Database Resource
Enterprise Geocoding Module - Canada Database	IGEO_CAN
Enterprise Geocoding Module - U.S. Database	EGM_US
Enterprise Tax Module Database	ETM
Universal Addressing Module - Canada Database	Canada
Universal Addressing Module - Loqate Database	Loqate
Universal Addressing Module - U.S. Database	UAM_US

- When you install the SAP Module, several dataflow files are automatically installed. Other dataflow files must be manually copied into Spectrum Technology Platform.
  - a) If you are adding the Enterprise Tax Module or Universal Addressing Module to an existing installation, open Spectrum Technology Platform Enterprise Designer, select View > Server Explorer, and delete this dataflow: SAPValidateAddressWithCandidates.
  - b) Go to: SpectrumDirectory\server\modules\dataflows\sap.
  - c) Review the following table then copy the applicable dataflow files to:

#### SpectrumDirectory\server\import

#### If you are installing this set of Copy these dataflow files to the import folder modules Universal Addressing Module ValidateAddresswithCandidates UAM.df Enterprise Geocoding Module ValidateAddressWithCandidates\_EGM.df Enterprise Geocoding Module ValidateAddressWithCandidates\_UAM\_EGM.df Universal Addressing Module Enterprise Tax Module ValidateAssignGeoTAXInfo.df Universal Addressing Module SAPBatchAssignGeoTAXInfo.df SAPValidateAddressAndAssignGeoTAXInfo.df ValidateAddressWithCandidates UAM ETM .df Enterprise Geocoding Module Enterprise Tax Module Universal Addressing Module Universal Addressing Module without Loqate SAPValidateAddressWithCandidate UAM.df Universal Addressing Module without ValidateAssignGeoTAXInfo.df Logate SAPBatchAssignGeoTAXInfo.df Enterprise Tax Module SAPValidateAddressAndAssignGeoTAXInfo.df ValidateAddressWithCandidates.UAM ETM.df Universal Addressing Module with ValidateAddressWithCandidates\_UAM\_Loqate.df Loqate Universal Addressing Module with ValidateAddressWithCandidates\_UAM\_Loqate\_EGM.df

Logate

Enterprise Geocoding Module

If you are installing this set of	Copy these dataflow files to the import folder
modules	

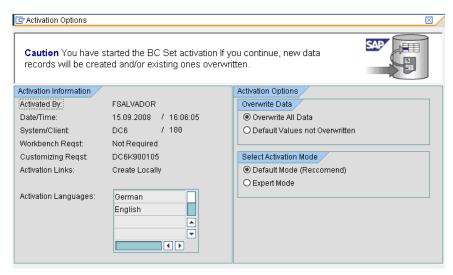
Universal Addressing Module with Loqate Enterprise Tax Module	ValidateAddressWithCandidates_UAM_Loqate_ETM.df
Universal Addressing Module with Logate Enterprise Geocoding Module Enterprise Tax Module	ValidateAddressWithCandidates_UAM_Loqate_EGM_ETM.df
Universal Addressing Module, Loqate only	ValidateAddressWithCandidates_Loqate.df
Universal Addressing Module, Loqate only Enterprise Geocoding Module	ValidateAddressWithCandidates_Loqate_EGM.df
Enterprise Geocoding Module	GeocodeUSAddressWithCandidates.df ValidateAddressWithCandidates_EGM.df
Enterprise Tax Module	ValidateAssignGeoTAXInfo.df ValidateAddressWithCandidates_ETM.df SAPBatchAssignGeoTAXInfo.df

Note: If errors occur in Management Console or Enterprise Designer, delete the contents of <windowsTemporaryDirectory>\glassemblies, where <windowsTemporaryDirectory> is one of these: %TMP%, %TEMP%, %USERPROFILE%, or the Windows directory. Typically, C:\Documents and Settings\<USERNAME>\Local Settings\Temp\glassemblies. After deleting the contents of this folder, log in again.

#### 3. Import .SAR files.

A .SAR file is a file that contains a third-party add-on package for SAP, such as the Spectrum Technology Platform SAP Module. The .SAR file is located on the Spectrum Technology Platform installer in the SAP Objects folder. For information about importing .SAR files into SAP applications, see your SAP Basis administrator.

- 4. Activate the business configuration (BC) sets. The activation options and sequence differs for ECC and CRM installations.
  - a) Activate BC sets for ECC and S/4 HANA installations
    - 1. Log on to the client where the settings for the Spectrum Technology Platform SAP Module is to be configured.
    - 2. Enter the transaction code SCPR20. This activates BC sets and places the default entries on the Spectrum Technology Platform customizing tables.
    - 3. In the BC Set field, enter keyword \*hsgrp1\* and find all the BC Sets in this namespace.
    - 4. Activate it with the options **Overwrite All Data** and **Default Mode**.



Select and activate the BC sets with the activation options set to Overwrite All Data and Expert Mode

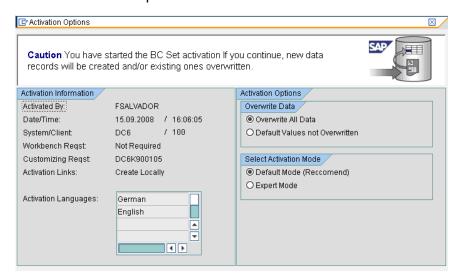
Note: Activate these BC sets in the order listed.

```
/HSGRP1/BCSET_BC_BAS_DES
/HSGRP1/BCSET_BC_BAS_GTX
/HSGRP1/BCSET_BC_BAS_PV
/HSGRP1/BCSET_BUPA_CUSTOM
/HSGRP1/BCSET_DQC_CUSTOM
/HSGRP1/BCSET_VENDOR
/HSGRP1/DD_TCODE
/HSGRP1/FUZZY_SEARCH_INPUT_PARAM
/HSGRP1/MERGE_SETTINGS
/HSGRP1/ONP_PO
/HSGRP1/SPOD_CON_TABLE
/HSGRP1/SPOD_OPT_TABLE
/HSGRP1/SPOD_OUT_TABLE
```

#### /HSGRP1/SPOD PO

#### b) Activate BC sets for CRM installations where ICWC isn't required (IC Web Client)

- 1. Log on to the client where the settings for the Spectrum Technology Platform SAP Module is to be configured.
- 2. Enter the transaction code SCPR20. This activates BC sets and places the default entries on the Spectrum Technology Platform customizing tables.
- 3. In the BC Set field, enter keyword \*hsgrp1\* and find all the BC Sets in this namespace.
- 4. Activate it with the options **Overwrite All Data** and **Default Mode**.



5. Select and activate the BC sets with the activation options set to **Overwrite All Data** and **Expert Mode** 

**Note:** Activate these BC sets in the order listed.

```
/HSGRP1/BCSET_BC_BAS_DES
/HSGRP1/BCSET_BC_BAS_GTX
/HSGRP1/BCSET_BC_BAS_PV
/HSGRP1/BCSET_BUPA_CUSTOM
/HSGRP1/BCSET_DQC_CUSTOM
/HSGRP1/BCSET_VENDOR
/HSGRP1/DD_TCODE
/HSGRP1/FUZZY_SEARCH_INPUT_PARAM
/HSGRP1/HYBRID_CONFIG
/HSGRP1/MERGE_SETTINGS
/HSGRP1/SPOD_CON_TABLE
/HSGRP1/SPOD_IN_TABLE
```

/HSGRP1/SPOD\_OPT\_TABLE /HSGRP1/SPOD\_OUT\_TABLE /HSGRP1/SPOD\_PO /HSGRP1/SPOD\_SSE\_ENTRY

- 5. Set up the RFC destination for Spectrum OnPremise.
  - a) Enter transaction code SM59.
  - b) Click Create.
  - c) In the **RFC Destination** field, enter a name of your choice.
  - d) In the **Connection Type** field, enter G (HTTP connection to external server).
  - e) In the **Description 1** field, enter a meaningful description.
  - f) Press the Enter key.
  - g) Click the **Technical Settings** tab.
  - h) In the **Target Host** field, enter the computer name or IP Address of the Spectrum Technology Platform server.
  - i) In the **Service No** field enter 8080.
  - j) Click the **Special Options** tab.
  - k) Select **No Timeout**.
  - I) Select HTTP 1.1.
  - m) After you save, click Connection Test.

**Note:** If there is a pop-up window, check the **Accept All Further Cookies** box and select YES.

n) When the test is successful, go to the **Response Body** tab to view the Spectrum Technology Platform page.

**Note:** To setup RFC Destination for Spectrum OnDemand, see**Integration of SAP** with Spectrum on Demand.

- 6. Set up the Spectrum Technology Platform Logging Object
  - a) Enter transaction code SLGO.
  - b) Click **New Entries**.
  - c) In the **Object** column, enter /HSGRP1/DQC.
  - d) In the Object text column, enter DQC Logging.
  - e) Save the change.
- 7. Configure the BuildGlobalAddress web service in the SAP Visual Admin:
  - a) Go to <drive>:/usr./sap/<system id>/DVEBMGS01/j2ee/admin and click go.bat and enter J2EE\_ADMIN as password.
  - b) Go to Cluster > Server > Services > JCo RFC Provider and select the Bundles tab.
  - c) Enter all the information needed by the application and click **Set** to save the changes.
  - d) Go to Cluster > Server > Services > Web Services Security.

- e) Create a proxy in **Web Services Client > sap.com > Dynamic WSProxies** with the name PBBIWebServiceConnectorBGA.
- f) For the URL, enter:

http://spectrumservername:port/soap/BuildGlobalAddress?wsdl
For example,

http://MySpectrumServer:8080/soap/BuildGlobalAddress?wsdl

- g) Restart the application server.
- 8. If you will be using French address validation, you must install the Data Normalization Module table cdq-TableLookup-SAP.tba on the Spectrum Technology Platform server. For more information, see the Spectrum Technology Platform Installation Guide.
- 9. To configure DPV and RDI options, open T-code/hsgrp1/options, and specify Y (to enable) or N (to disable), as needed.

• PVPO: For PO Box address validation

PVST: For street address validation

PVQU: For batch address validation

#### Installing Support Files for Read from SAP

The Read from SAP stage reads data from an SAP database as input to a Spectrum Technology Platform dataflow. In order for the Read from SAP stage to access data in your SAP system you must make the following changes on your SAP system:

- Install the SAP Java Connector
- Install the SAP Transport Requests that support Read from SAP

**Note:** You will not be able to use the Read form SAP stage until you perform these steps.

- 1. Install the SAP Java Connector (SAP JCo).
  - a) Go to the SAP Marketplace and log in with your SAP Marketplace credentials.
  - b) Go to SAP JCo Connector > Tools & Services.
  - c) Download SAP JCo to your system.
  - d) Unzip the SAP JCo zip file to a temporary location.
  - e) Stop the Spectrum Technology Platform server.
  - f) Copy the *.jar* file to this folder on the Spectrum Technology Platform server: SpectrumDirectory\server\lib
  - g) Copy the .dll file to this folder on the Spectrum Technology Platform server:

SpectrumDirectory\server\bin\wrapper

- h) Start the Spectrum Technology Platform server.
- Install the SAP Transport Requests that support Read from SAP.

**Note:** These steps should be performed by your SAP Basis administrator.

- a) In the Spectrum Technology Platform installer, go to the folder AP Data Integration Objects\Enterprise System Connectors.
- b) Deploy the SAP Transport Requests contained in this folder. See your SAP documentation for instructions on deploying SAP Transport Requests.

#### Integrating with SAP Interaction Center WebClient

Before continuing verify these:

- The Interaction Center WebClient user has the CRM\_UI\_PROFILE parameter ID with IC\_AGENT as the Parameter Value
- The duplicate option is activated in SPRO under ICWC (SPRO > CRM > ICWC > Define Account Identification Profiles)

To integrate Spectrum Technology Platform with SAP Interaction Center WebClient, you need to install supporting databases and dataflows on the Spectrum Technology Platform server, then configure your SAP system to communicate with Spectrum Technology Platform. Once you do this, users of SAP Interaction Center WebClient will have access to address validation and geocoding functionality from within SAP Interaction Center WebClient.

**Note:** The SAP Interaction Center WebClient is supported only for new installations of Data Quality Connector.

1. On the Spectrum Technology Platform server, install the databases required to perform address validation, geocoding, and tax jurisdiction assignment and define database resources for each database.

You must give the database resources the following names.

Database	Required Name for Database Resource
Enterprise Geocoding Module - Canada Database	IGEO_CAN
Enterprise Geocoding Module - U.S. Database	EGM_US
Enterprise Tax Module Database	ETM

# Database Required Name for Database Resource Universal Addressing Module - Canada Database Canada Universal Addressing Module - Loqate Database Loqate Universal Addressing Module - U.S. Database UAM\_US

- 2. When you install the SAP Module, several dataflow files are automatically installed. Other dataflow files must be manually copied into Spectrum Technology Platform.
  - a) If you are adding the Enterprise Tax Module or Universal Addressing Module to an existing installation, open Spectrum Technology Platform Enterprise Designer, select View > Server Explorer, and delete this dataflow: SAPValidateAddressWithCandidates.
  - b) Go to: SpectrumDirectory\server\modules\dataflows\sap.
  - c) Review the following table then copy the applicable dataflow files to:

SpectrumDirectory\server\import

If you are installing this set of modules	Copy these dataflow files to the import folder	
Universal Addressing Module	ValidateAddresswithCandidates_UAM.df	
Enterprise Geocoding Module	ValidateAddressWithCandidates_EGM.df	
Enterprise Geocoding Module Universal Addressing Module	ValidateAddressWithCandidates_UAM_EGM.df	
Enterprise Tax Module Universal Addressing Module	ValidateAssignGeoTAXInfo.df SAPBatchAssignGeoTAXInfo.df SAPValidateAddressAndAssignGeoTAXInfo.df ValidateAddressWithCandidates_UAM_ETM .df	
Enterprise Geocoding Module Enterprise Tax Module Universal Addressing Module		

## If you are installing this set of Copy these dataflow files to the import folder modules

Universal Addressing Module without Loqate	SAPValidateAddressWithCandidate_UAM.df
Universal Addressing Module without Logate Enterprise Tax Module	ValidateAssignGeoTAXInfo.df SAPBatchAssignGeoTAXInfo.df SAPValidateAddressAndAssignGeoTAXInfo.df ValidateAddressWithCandidates.UAM_ETM.df
Universal Addressing Module with Loqate	ValidateAddressWithCandidates_UAM_Loqate.df
Universal Addressing Module with Logate Enterprise Geocoding Module	ValidateAddressWithCandidates_UAM_Loqate_EGM.df
Universal Addressing Module with Logate Enterprise Tax Module	ValidateAddressWithCandidates_UAM_Loqate_ETM.df
Universal Addressing Module with Logate Enterprise Geocoding Module Enterprise Tax Module	ValidateAddressWithCandidates_UAM_Loqate_EGM_ETM.df
Universal Addressing Module, Loqate only	ValidateAddressWithCandidates_Loqate.df
Universal Addressing Module, Loqate only Enterprise Geocoding Module	ValidateAddressWithCandidates_Loqate_EGM.df
Enterprise Geocoding Module	GeocodeUSAddressWithCandidates.df ValidateAddressWithCandidates_EGM.df

If you are installing this set of Copy these dataflow files to the import folder modules

Enterprise Tax Module ValidateAssignGeoTAXInfo.df

 $Validate Address With Candidates\_ETM.df$ 

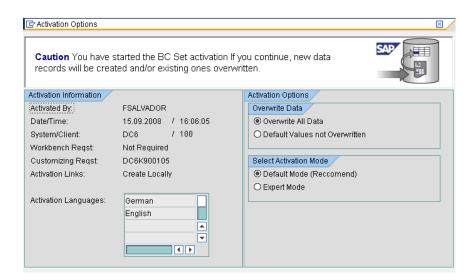
SAPBatchAssignGeoTAXInfo.df

Note: If errors occur in Management Console or Enterprise Designer, delete the contents of <WindowsTemporaryDirectory>\g1Assemblies, where <WindowsTemporaryDirectory> is one of these: %TMP%, %TEMP%, %TEMP%, %USERPROFILE%, or the Windows directory. Typically, C:\Documents and Settings\<USERNAME>\Local Settings\Temp\g1Assemblies. After deleting the contents of this folder, log in again.

#### 3. Import .SAR files.

A .SAR file is a file that contains a third-party add-on package for SAP, such as the Spectrum Technology Platform SAP Module. The .SAR file is located on the Spectrum Technology Platform installer in the SAP Objects folder. For information about importing .SAR files into SAP applications, see your SAP Basis administrator.

- 4. Activate BC sets for CRM installation where ICWC is required (IC Web Client) You have already assigned CRM\_UI\_Profile parameter to the user with appropriate roles and authorization.
  - a. Log on to the client where the settings for the Spectrum Technology Platform SAP Module is to be configured.
  - b. Enter the transaction code SCPR20. This activates BC sets and places the default entries on the Spectrum Technology Platform customizing tables.
  - c. In the BC Set field, enter keyword \*hsgrp1\* and find all the BC Sets in this namespace.
  - d. Activate it with the options Overwrite All Data and Default Mode.



e. Select and activate the BC sets with the activation options set to **Overwrite All Data** and **Expert Mode** 

Note: Activate these BC sets in the order listed.

```
/HSGRP1/BCSET_BC_BAS_DES
/HSGRP1/BCSET_BC_BAS_GTX
/HSGRP1/BCSET_BC_BAS_PV
/HSGRP1/FUZZY_SEARCH_INPUT_PARAM
/HSGRP1/ICWC_SCRN_CFG
/HSGRP1/ICWC_SETTINGS
/HSGRP1/MERGE_SETTINGS
/HSGRP1/ONP_PO_CRM
/HSGRP1/SPOD_CONFIG
/HSGRP1/SPOD_IN_TABLE
/HSGRP1/SPOD_OPT_TABLE
/HSGRP1/SPOD_OUT_TABLE
/HSGRP1/SPOD_PO_CRM
/HSGRP1/SPOD_SSE_ENTRY
```

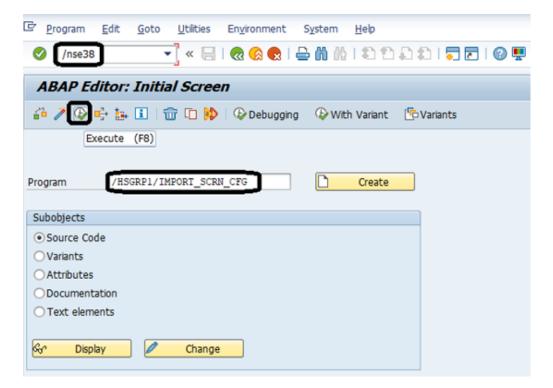
Note: Ignore any activation error or warnings with BC Set: /HSGRP1/ICWC\_SCRN\_CFG

- 5. Set up the RFC destination for Spectrum OnPremise
  - a) Enter transaction code SM59.
  - b) Click Create.
  - c) In the **RFC Destination** field, enter a name of your choice.
  - d) In the **Connection Type** field, enter G (HTTP connection to external server).
  - e) In the **Description 1** field, enter a meaningful description.

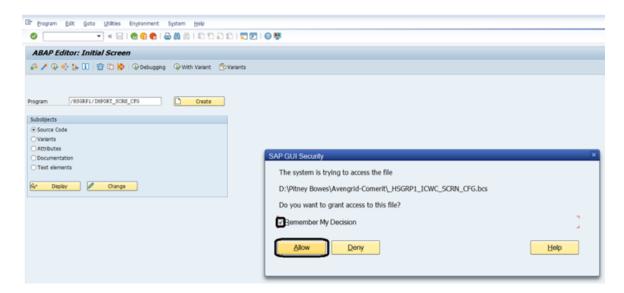
- f) Press the Enter key.
- g) Click the **Technical Settings** tab.
- h) In the **Target Host** field, enter the computer name or IP Address of the Spectrum Technology Platform server.
- i) In the **Service No** field enter 8080.
- j) Click the Special Options tab.
- k) Select No Timeout.

**Note:** These steps are not valid for *Spectrum OnDemand* as it is not supported for ICWC.

- 6. Use these steps to import the upload the ICWC configuration file (CQ7\_All\_Screen\_Configurations.cfg). The file resides on the Spectrum Technology Platform installer at this location: SAP Objects\SAP CRM 7.0\data\inst cs7.
  - a. On the initial screen, go to Tcode 'SE38' and enter ' /  ${\tt HSGRP1/IMPORT\_SCRN\_CFG'}$
  - b. Click Execute.



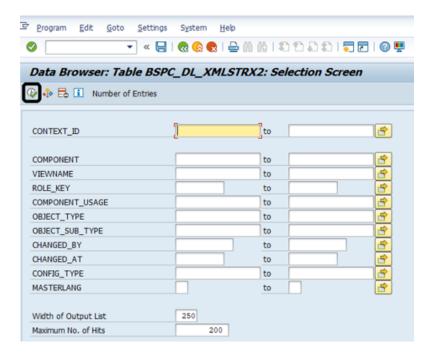
- c. Locate the CQ7 All Screen Configurations.cfg file and select it.
- d. Grant access as shown in the image below.



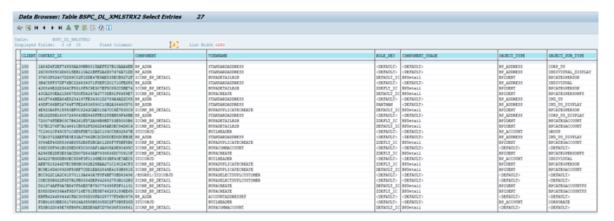
- e. Go to tcode SE16.
- f. Enter Table Name as BSPC DL XMLSTRX2.
- g. Click Table Content icon.



h. Click the Execute icon.



Check these entries:



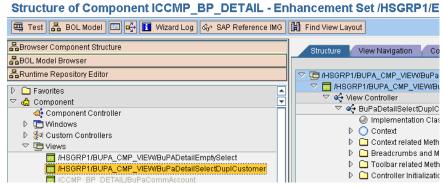
**Note:** Ignore errors or warning messages related to missing users, as shown in the image below.

```
Report /HSGRP1/IMPORT_SCRN_CFG
Config for 1A84D4F2EF74558AA39BB8015AEFF27B10AAA4EB
                                                     BP_ADDR STANDARDADDRESS Same as in the file
Config for 26C90585C4D6015EB110A21BFF2A6D07476A71DD
                                                     BP_ADDR STANDARDADDRESS Same as in the file
Config for 37603F62407D299C02F1DDE47E9AE535ECB9272F
                                                      ICCMP_BP_DETAIL BUPADETAILB2B Same as in the file
Config for 3B4C5FF37DF76BC326639371F8EFC201710FB2F6 BP_ADDR STANDARDADDRESS Same as in the file
Config for 428849E22D366CF5518F5C9E307EF5C85CC5BE74
                                                      ICCMP_BP_DETAIL BUPADETAILB2B Same as in the file
Config for 43CA280EA21D6675D0FD4247A3773DB91F6459E7
                                                     ICCMP_BP_DETAIL BUPACREATE Same as in the file
                                                     BP_ADDR STANDARDADDRESS Same as in the file
BP_ADDR STANDARDADDRESS Same as in the file
Config for 461F764BEA84E5234197FE34301D2789A9AD2C85
Config for 49DFC66BF26764F7FE24536590C10B2A36490D70
Config for 4E920A6F815550BF0C3242CAE818A7CC6E7530C9
                                                      ICCMP_BP_DETAIL BUPADUPLICATECREATE Same as in the file
E: Cfg for 5B42Al7ADBF58C0820A8A2F9866ADA8483445442 ICCMP_BP_DETAIL BUPADUPLICATECREATE GW_ADMIN was not found
```

7. Set up the Spectrum Technology Platform Logging Object

- a) Enter transaction code SLGO.
- b) Click New Entries.
- c) In the **Object column**, enter /HSGRP1/DQC.
- d) In the Object text column, enter DQC Logging.
- e) Save the change.
- 8. Enable the Precisely IC WebClient Enhancement Set.
  - a) Enter the transaction code SM30.
  - b) In the Table/View field, enter BSPWDV EHSET ASG.
  - c) Click Maintain.
  - d) Click **New Entries**.
  - e) In the **Client** field, enter the client number where the enhancement set will take effect.
  - f) In the Enhancement Set field, enter /HSGRP1/ENHANCEMENT SET.
- 9. Add the IC WebClient Configurations.
  - a) Enter the transaction code BSP WD CMPWB.
  - b) In the Component field, enter ICCMP BP DETAIL.
  - c) Click the check icon.
  - d) In the Enhancement Set field, enter /HSGRP1/ENHANCEMENT SET.
  - e) Click Display.
  - f) Expand the **Views** folder and select

/HSGRP1/BUPA\_CMP\_VIEW/BuPaDetailSelectDuplCustomer.



- g) Click the **Configuration** tab.
- h) On the edit screen select Full Name, Telephone, Street, City and Country context then click the right arrow button and arrange them in this order:

**Full Name** 

Telephone

Street

City

Country

Save the configuration.

10. If you will be using French address validation, you must install the Data Normalization Module table cdq-TableLookup-SAP.tba on the Spectrum Technology Platform server. For more information, see the Spectrum Technology Platform Installation Guide.

#### Compatibility Matrix

These tables give a list of SAP add-on versions and system kernel levels that are compatible with the various releases of Spectrum Technology Platform for installation and upgrade of ECC 6.0 and CRM 7.0.

**Table 2: Compatibility Matrix for New Deployment** 

Spectrum Release	SAP Add-on Version	SAP System Kernel Level
10.x	10.x	741 and above
11.x	11.x	741 and above
12.x	12.x	741 and above
2018.2.0	2018.2.0	741 and above
2019.1.0	2019.1.0	741 and above

**Table 3: Compatibility Matrix for Upgrade** 

Spectrum Release	SAP Add-on Version	SAP System Kernel Level
10.x	Any to 10.x	741 and above
11.x	Any to 11.x	741 and above
12.x	12.x	741 and above
2018.2.0	2018.2.0	741 and above
2019.1.0	2019.1.0	741 and above

This table gives the compatibility matrix for new deployment of **SAP S/4 HANA 1610** for Spectrum Technology Platform:

Spectrum Release	SAP S/4 HANA 1610 Add-on Version	SAP S/4 HANA 1610 System Component Level
New deployment		
12.x	12.x	751 (SAP_BASIS) 75B (SAP_ABA)
2018.2.0	2018.2.0	751 (SAP_BASIS) 75B (SAP_ABA)
2019.1.0	2019.1.0	751 (SAP_BASIS) 75B (SAP_ABA)

**Note:** It is recommended that you contact the Precisely representative or coordinator assigned to you before starting the process.

This table gives the compatibility matrix for new deployment of **SAP S/4 HANA 1709** for Spectrum Technology Platform:

Spectrum Release	SAP S/4 HANA 1709 Add-on Version	SAP S/4 HANA 1709 System Component Level
New deployment		
12.x	12.x	752 (SAP_BASIS)
		75C (SAP_ABA)
2018.2.0	2018.2.0	752 (SAP_BASIS)
		75C (SAP_ABA)
2019.1.0	2019.1.0	752 (SAP_BASIS)
		75C (SAP_ABA)

**Note:** It is recommended that you contact the Precisely representative or coordinator assigned to you before starting the process.

This table gives the compatibility matrix for new deployment of **SAP S/4 HANA 1809** for Spectrum Technology Platform *2019.1.0*:

Spectrum Release	SAP S/4 HANA 1809 Add-on Version	SAP S/4 HANA 1809 System Component Level
New deployment		
2019.1.0	2019.1.0	754 (SAP_BASIS) 75D (SAP_ABA)

The **SAP Data Quality Connector** is certified for *ECC 6.0 EHP 7.0* and *CRM 7.0 EHP 3.0* with *HANA* database.

## Configuring SugarCRM

#### Integrating with SugarCRM

To integrate Spectrum Technology Platform with SugarCRM, you must install the supporting databases and dataflows on the Spectrum<sup>™</sup> Technology Platform server, and deploy Spectrum on your SugarCRM. Once you do this, users of SugarCRM will have access to address validation, geocoding, and duplicate detection functionality from within SugarCRM.

#### Before you begin:

#### **Entities Supported:**

You can validate and geocode the addresses of the entities:

- Accounts
- Contacts
- Leads

#### Supported SugarCRM Versions

SugarCRM 7.7.1.1

Browse to the the folder Sugar CRM DQ Objects\sugarcrm in the Spectrum Technology Platform installation package and copy the file PBSugarCRMConnector.zip to any location on your SugarCRM server.

 If you are using Spectrum Technology Platform for address validation or geocoding, install the databases required to perform address validation and geocoding and define database resources for each database.

**Note:** If you are using Spectrum Technology Platform for duplicate detection only, you can skip this step.

You must give the database resources these names:

**Note:** You must install the Delivery Point Validation (DPV) data and the Residential Delivery Indicator (RDI) data in order to perform DPV and RDI processing on U.S. addresses.

- 2. Import the SugarCRM Module dataflows into your Spectrum Technology Platform server.
  - a) On the Spectrum Technology Platform server, open this folder:

SpectrumDirectory\server\modules\sugarcrm

Note: This folder is only available if you have installed the SugarCRM Module.

b) As mentioned in the table below, copy the applicable dataflow files to the *import* folder:

SpectrumDirectory\server\import

## If you have installed this set of Copy these dataflow files to the import folder modules

Advanced Matching Module	GenerateMatchKey.df GenerateMatchScore.df GenerateSearchKey.Consonant.df GenerateSearchKey.df GenerateSearchKey.Metaphone.df GenerateSearchKey.Substring.df
Universal Addressing Module without Loqate	ValidateAddresswithCandidates_UAM.df
Universal Addressing Module without Loqate Enterprise Geocoding Module	ValidateAddressWithCandidates_UAM_EGM.df
Universal Addressing Module with Loqate	ValidateAddressWithCandidates_UAM_Loqate.df
Universal Addressing Module with Loqate Enterprise Geocoding Module	SugarCRMValidateAddressAndGenerateMatchKey.df ValidateAddressWithCandidates_UAM_Loqate_EGM.df
Universal Addressing Module, Loqate only	ValidateAddressWithCandidates_Loqate.df
Universal Addressing Module, Loqate only Enterprise Geocoding Module	ValidateAddressWithCandidates_Loqate_EGM.df
Enterprise Geocoding Module	GeocodeUSAddressWithCandidates.df

- 3. Import the Pitney Bowes SugarCRM module into your SugarCRM system.
  - a) Log in to SugarCRM as an administrator.
  - b) In the profile drop-down menu at the top right corner, click **Admin**.
  - c) In this Administration screen, in the Developer Tools section, click Module Loader.

The Module Loader screen opens.

- d) If you are integrating your SugarCRM system with Spectrum Technology Platform for the first time, you must upload the SugarCRM Connector module of your SugarCRM system:
  - 1. Upload the ZIP file PBSugarCRMConnector.zip of Spectrum copied earlier to the system, using the file uploader field in the centre of the page.
  - 2. Click Upload.
  - 3. Click **Confirm**. An entry for the *Pitney Bowes* package now shows in the bottom grid.
- e) Once the *Pitney Bowes* package is uploaded into the system, or if it has been uploaded previously into your SugarCRM system but is uninstalled:
  - 1. Click **Install** against the Pitney Bowes package entry in the bottom grid on the **Module Loader** screen.
  - 2. On the **License** screen, select **Accept**, then click **Commit**.
- f) In the profile drop-down menu at the top right corner, click **Admin**.
- g) In this **Administration** screen, in the **System** section, click **Repair**. The **Repair** screen opens.
- h) Click **Quick Repair and Build**.

  The existing SugarCRM configurations are rebuilt to incorporate the custom Objects and Object Layouts imported with the SugarCRM Connector module. The logs are displayed.

Spectrum's SugarCRM Connector module is now successfully integrated with your SugarCRM system.

The menu item **Administration > PB Service Configuration** is now available.

#### Creating a Connection to Spectrum

Once the SugarCRMConnector module of Spectrum Technology Platform is uploaded successfully in your SugarCRM, you can create a connection to the Spectrum server.

- 1. Log in to your SugarCRM system as an Administrator.
- 2. Go to Administration > PB Service Configuration.
- Click Create.
- 4. In the Name field, enter the desired name for the connection. For example, PB\_SpectrumConnection.
- 5. In the **Server Name** field, enter the server name or IP address of the Spectrum Technology Platform server.
- 6. In the **Port** field, enter the port used by the Spectrum Technology Platform server for HTTP communication. By default the port is 8080.
- 7. In the **User Name** field, enter the Spectrum Technology Platform user name.
- 8. In the **Password** field, enter the password for the Spectrum Technology Platform user.

- 9. If you wish to run the duplicate detection feature provided by the Pitney Bowes Address Validation bundle:
  - Check Duplicate Detection.
  - In the **Threshold** field, enter a value between 0 and 100, both inclusive. If you leave this field blank, the default threshold value of 30 is used. The Pitney Bowes Address Validation service fetches those records as duplicate whose match score is equal to or higher than the *threshold* match score.

For more information, see Threshold.

- 10. Before saving the connection, click **Test Connection** to verify the entered credentials for the Spectrum server.
- 11. Once the Spectrum connection details are tested successfully, click Save.

**Note:** You can either test a connection before clicking **Save**, or test an existing connection by first opting to **Edit** it.

You can now use this connection to validate and geocode the addresses of records in your SugarCRM system using the Spectrum Technology Platform.

**Note:** Only one connection to the Spectrum Technology Platform can exist at a time. To create another connection to Spectrum Technology Platform, you can either delete the existing connection and create a new one, or edit the existing connection.

## Configuring Microsoft Dynamics CRM

#### Integrating with Microsoft Dynamics CRM

To integrate Spectrum Technology Platform with Microsoft Dynamics CRM, you must install the supporting databases and dataflows on the Spectrum Technology Platform server, and deploy the Spectrum Technology Platform solution on your Microsoft Dynamics CRM. Once you do this, users of Microsoft Dynamics CRM will have access to address validation, geocoding, and duplicate detection functionality from within Microsoft Dynamics CRM.

**Note:** End users who use Internet Explorer must use Internet Explorer 10 or 11. Older versions of Internet Explorer are not supported. All versions of Chrome and Firefox are supported.

Before you begin, confirm that you are using a compatible version of Microsoft Dynamics. These versions are supported:

Microsoft Dynamics CRM 2013 Microsoft Dynamics CRM 2013 SP1 Microsoft Dynamics 2015

1. If you are using Spectrum Technology Platform for address validation or geocoding, install the databases required to perform address validation and geocoding and define database resources for each database.

**Note:** If you are using Spectrum Technology Platform for duplicate detection only, you can skip this step.

You must give the database resources these names:

Database	Required Name for Database Resource
Enterprise Geocoding Module - Canada Database	IGEO_CAN
Enterprise Geocoding Module - U.S. Database	EGM_US
Universal Addressing Module - Canada Database	Canada
Universal Addressing Module - Loqate Database	Loqate
Universal Addressing Module - U.S. Database	UAM_US

**Note:** You must install the Delivery Point Validation (DPV) data and the Residential Delivery Indicator (RDI) data in order to perform DPV and RDI processing on U.S. addresses.

- Import the Microsoft Dynamics CRM Module dataflows into your Spectrum Technology Platform server.
  - a) On the Spectrum Technology Platform server, open this folder:

SpectrumDirectory\server\modules\dataflows\mscrm

**Note:** This folder is only available if you have installed the Microsoft Dynamics CRM Module.

b) As mentioned in the table below, copy the applicable dataflow files to the *import* folder:

SpectrumDirectory\server\import

## If you have installed this set of Copy these dataflow files to the import folder modules

Advanced Matching Module	GenerateMatchKey.df GenerateMatchScore.df GenerateSearchKey.Consonant.df GenerateSearchKey.df GenerateSearchKey.Metaphone.df GenerateSearchKey.Substring.df
Universal Addressing Module without Loqate	ValidateAddresswithCandidates_UAM.df
Universal Addressing Module without Loqate Enterprise Geocoding Module	ValidateAddressWithCandidates_UAM_EGM.df
Universal Addressing Module with Loqate	ValidateAddressWithCandidates_UAM_Loqate.df
Universal Addressing Module with Loqate Enterprise Geocoding Module	SugarCRMValidateAddressAndGenerateMatchKey.df ValidateAddressWithCandidates_UAM_Loqate_EGM.df
Universal Addressing Module, Loqate only	ValidateAddressWithCandidates_Loqate.df
Universal Addressing Module, Loqate only Enterprise Geocoding Module	ValidateAddressWithCandidates_Loqate_EGM.df
Enterprise Geocoding Module	GeocodeUSAddressWithCandidates.df

- 3. Import the Microsoft Dynamics CRM Module into your Microsoft Dynamics CRM system.
  - a) In the Spectrum Technology Platform installation package, browse to this folder:

MS CRM Objects\Proxy

- b) Copy the file netProxy.aspx to this folder on your Microsoft Dynamics CRM server:

  MicrosoftDynamicsCRMInstallation\CRMWeb
- c) Copy the file netProxy.dll to this folder on your Microsoft Dynamics CRM server:

  MicrosoftDynamicsCRMInstallation\CRMWeb\Bin
- d) Log in to Microsoft Dynamics CRM as an administrator.
- e) Click Microsoft Dynamics CRM then click Settings.
- f) Click Solutions.
- g) Click Import.
- h) Browse to the Spectrum Technology Platform installation package and select the file:

```
MS CRM Objects\mscrm\PBMSDynamicsCRMConnector_4_0_0_managed.zip
```

- i) Click Next then Publish All Customizations.
- j) Restart the Microsoft Dynamics CRM server.
- 4. Define the connection between Microsoft Dynamics CRM and the Spectrum Technology Platform server.
  - a) Log in to Microsoft Dynamics CRM as an administrator.
  - b) Click Microsoft Dynamics CRM > Settings.
  - c) Click **Settings** > **Pitney Bowes**. You will have to scroll to the right to find the Pitney Bowes link.
  - d) Click **Administration**.
  - e) Click New.
  - f) In the Name field, enter PB.
  - g) In the **Server Name** field, enter the server name or IP address of the Spectrum Technology Platform server.
  - h) In the **Port** field, enter the port used by the Spectrum Technology Platform server for HTTP communication. By default the port is 8080.
  - i) In the **Account ID** field, enter the Spectrum Technology Platform user name.
  - i) In the **Password** field, enter the password for the Spectrum Technology Platform user.
  - k) Click Save

The Microsoft Dynamics CRM system now has access to address validation and, optionally, geocoding services on the Spectrum Technology Platform server.

## 10 - Support

#### In this section

Support
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### Support

#### **Technical Support**

If you run into an issue, Precisely Technical Support can help guide you to a solution. When you contact Precisely Technical Support, please provide the following information:

- A description of the task you were performing
- · The level or version of your operating system
- The patch level or service pack
- The log file located in your install directory at:

  SpectrumDirectory\server\logs\spectrum-server.log

Contact information for Technical Support can be found at:

support.pb.com/spectrum

**Note:** If you purchased Spectrum Technology Platform through a third-party partner, please contact the partner for technical support.

#### **Documentation**

Product documentation can be found at:

support.pb.com/spectrum

#### Digital Insights

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blogs.pb.com/digital-insights/

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